

# J&P – AVAX S.A.

# **Interim Condensed Financial Reporting**

From January 1<sup>st</sup>, 2015 to June 30<sup>th</sup>, 2015

J&P – AVAX S.A.

Company's Number in the General Electronic Commercial Registry :913601000 (former Company's Number in the Register of Societes Anonymes: 14303/06/B/86/26)

16 Amaroussiou-Halandriou str.,

151-25, Marousi, Greece



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The Interim Condensed Financial Statements presented through pages 1 to 52 for the Group and the Parent Company, have been approved by the Board of Directors on 28<sup>th</sup> of August, 2015.

Chairman & Executive Director Deputy Chairman & Executive Director Vice Chairman & Managing Director Executive Director & Group CFO Chief Accountant

CHRISTOS	KONSTANTINOS	KONSTANTINOS	ATHENA	GEORGE
JOANNOU	KOUVARAS	MITZALIS	ELIADES	GIANNOPOULOS
I.D.No. 889746	I.D.No. AI 597426	I.D.No. <u></u> 547337	I.D.No. 550801	I.D.No. AI 109515

# WEBSITE WHERE THE COMPANIES AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AVAILABLE

We hereby certify that this Interim Condensed financial report was approved by the Board of Directors of «J&P-AVAX S.A.» on August 28<sup>th</sup> 2015 and published by means of submission to the Athens Stock Exchange and the Hellenic Capital Markets Commission, as well as their upload to the corporate website (www.jp-

avax.gr). It should be noted that the published condensed financial data and information included in the interim condensed financial accounts are aimed at providing readers with a general overview of the financial stance and the results of the Company and the Group, but do not provide the complete view of the financial condition of the Company and the Group, in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards.

# STATEMENT OF MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

# (in accordance with article 5, paragraph 2 of Law 3556/2007)

In our capacity as executive members of the Board of Directors of J&P-AVAX SA (the «Company»), and according to the best of our knowledge, we,

- 1. Joannou Christos, Chairman & Executive Director
- 2. Kouvaras Constantinos, Deputy Chairman and Executive Director
- 3. Mitzalis Constantinos, Vice Chairman & Managing Director,

declare the following:

- the financial statements for the period from 01.01.2015 to 30.06.2015, prepared under the International Financial Reporting Standards currently in effect, give a true view of the assets, liabilities, equity and financial results of the Company, as well as the businesses included in the consolidation of the Group,
- the semi-annual Report of the Board of Directors of the Company gives a true view of the evolution, the performance and the stance of the Company, as well as the businesses included in the consolidation of the Group, including an overview of the main risks and uncertainties they face.

Marousi, August 28, 2015

CHAIRMAN & EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR DEPUTY CHAIRMAN & EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

VICE CHAIRMAN & MANAGING DIRECTOR

JOANNOU CHRISTOS ID: 889746 KOUVARAS CONSTANTINOS ID: AI 597426

MITZALIS CONSTANTINOS ID: XI 547337

# **REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

# FOR THE PERIOD FROM 01.01.2015 TO 30.06.2015

(in accordance with article 5 of Law 3556/2007, as well as articles 3 & 4 of Decision #7/448/11.10.2007 of Greece's Capital Markets Commission)

#### Dear Shareholders,

despite earlier projections for an extension of the recovery which started in 2014, the Group recorded marginal results in the first half of 2015, mainly due to the sudden setback in the economic recovery of the country, the halt in tenders for new projects, delays in pushing forward with PPP projects, and the discontinuation of payments by the Greek government.

The Group work-in-hand based on signed projects amounted to around  $\in$ 1.6 billion as of 30.06.2015, with an additional amount of  $\in$ 0.2 billion worth of projects pending to be signed in the near-term. The Group project portfolio is seen adequate in terms of size and quality.

## **Segment Activity**

#### Construction

The construction segment deteriorated in 2015, especially after the first half due to the tight fiscal conditions and the bank shut down.

Construction activity is slowing down as the Greek state has seized payments towards public projects and does not contribute its share in the financing agreed for large road concession contracts which were revised at end-2014.

The banking system has practically stopped providing liquidity and credit guarantees to businesses, thereby rendering construction works impossible due to the lack of working capital. At the same time, the tender schedule for new public projects and new concessions, eg the new airport at Kastelli, has been disrupted, with most tenders ending up being postponed.

Outside Greece, construction towards infrastructure projects in Cyprus, Qatar and Jordan proceeds with no problems and this is not expected to change significantly in the coming period.

In the first half of 2015, the domestic construction segment, with the exception of the energy project on Revythoussa Isle which is mentioned in the next paragraph, contributed around 50% to total Group revenues. Given that the adverse environment for the local construction segment is not expected to improve in the near-term, no positive changes are seen for the rest of 2015 and possible up to mid-2016 for this part of group revenues.

## Energy (Power Stations & LNG)

The Group's main energy projects currently in the works is the extension of LNG installations on the Isle of Revythoussa for the operator of Greece's natural gas pipeline network, and the construction of floating LNG installations in Malta. Operations at the power station in Lebanon have been halted due to the ongoing search for project financing by the Lebanese state.

Works in Revythoussa and Malta proceed normally and the Group hopes it will enhance its bids for similar projects, mainly in international markets where demand for design & construction by specialized contractors is strong.

#### RES and Energy Trading

The Group pursues its energy trading and renewables operations through Volterra SA, in which it commands a 50% stake.

Energy trading concerns the wholesale market, with cross-border energy transactions mainly between Greece and Italy. In the retail market, Volterra is a provider of electric power to a select business clientele, and has recently started offering the sale of electricity to residential clients.

As regards renewable energy sources, Volterra has a portfolio of 9 wind parks with a total power of 315MW at various stages of licensing, of which the first with a power of 16MW is expected to enter construction in 2015 and the second with a power of 43MW is expected to start being built in 2016. It is also licensed for environmental planning for a solar park with a power of 2.7MW.

Energy trading operations proceed normally and Volterra is widening its market share. The renewables sub-market presents difficulties as regards securing the required funding from the banking system due to the country's economic conditions, thereby alternative sources of funding are being investigated to carry out Volterra's long-term investment plan.

#### Real Estate

Group real estate development operations are pursued via its subsidiary J&P Development SA. Due to the crisis in the real estate market in recent years, the company has not proceeded to develop any new property, instead it focuses on pushing forward with licensing issues for some of its property in Greece and abroad, while also occasionally selling some of the property developed in earlier years.

No significant changes are expected in Greece's economic conditions in the near-term, therefore the local real estate market and consequently J&P Development are not seen recovering to produce significant improvement in the financial results before 2017.

### Concessions

Group accounts only incorporate low income from its participations in concessions because it does not fully consolidate them, with the exception of Athens Marina and the Athens Schools PPP project. First half 2015 results include income from associates corresponding to Group share in the profit of concession participations, such as the Athens Ring Road and the Rio-Antirrio Bridge.

Despite normal fluctuations in the income and dividends of those concessions as per the country's economic conditions, the course of those concessions is in line with long-term projections due to their key position in local transportation and vehicle traffic. Therefore no problems are expected in receiving dividends from those concessions.

There can be no safeguard against a downturn in other road concession projects included in the Group portfolio when they move into the dividend payment stage. In contrast, the forecast for other projects such as Limasol Marina in Cyprus and Queen Alia airport in Jordan is excellent.

#### Facility Management

The Group is active in facility management with success through its subsidiary Task J&P-AVAX SA, which boasts an excellent clientele in the private and the public sector. The company is constantly profitable and offers a wide range of services for managing and maintaining business installations, corporate offices and buildings.

The outlook is positive because the targeting of the client base reduces doubtful receivables and is based on long-term contracts and relations with clients.

#### Group Financial Results for the First Half of 2015

Consolidated turnover reached  $\in$ 253.9 million in the first half of 2015 versus  $\in$ 241.7 million in the same period a year ago, posting a 5.1% rise.

Group operating results for the first half of 2015 were marginally better than the year-earlier period, however it should be noted that the 2014 result was burdened with asset write-offs amounting to €17.6 million.

On a pre-tax level, the Group performed slightly better in the first half of 2015 relative to 2014, turning in a  $\in$ 3.2 million profit versus  $\in$ 2.4 million. Group profit after taxes and non-controlling interests amounted to  $\in$ 1.0 million in the first half of 2015 versus a  $\in$ 3.0 million profit in 2014, due to a substantially larger tax charge.

General administrative and selling expenses for the group recorded marginal changes between the first half of 2015 and 2014. More specifically, administrative expenses rose to  $\in$ 14.8 million from  $\in$ 14.5 million, while selling expenses eased to  $\in$ 1.9 million from  $\in$ 2.0 million.

Income from associates eased to  $\in$ 5.7 million in the first half of 2015 versus  $\in$ 6.9 million in the respective period of 2014.

Net financial expenses for the Group grew slightly to  $\in$ 17.0 million in the first half of 2015 versus  $\in$ 16.3 million a year earlier.

Net debt for the Group recorded a large drop at the end of the first half of 2015, falling under  $\in$ 500 million for the first time in 2.5 years. More specifically, net debt decreased to  $\in$ 489.9 million on 30.06.2015, versus  $\in$ 534.3 million in the same period of the previous year and  $\in$ 525.2 million at end-2014.

Total Group equity amounted to  $\in$ 212.2 million at the end of the first half of 2015 versus  $\in$ 216.8 million at the end of 2014, due to the small after-tax loss in the period and the reduction in capital reserves.

Group long-term liabilities eased by  $\in$ 19 million during the first six months of 2015, due to a similarsize drop in long-term debt.

The increase in receivables from construction contracts amounted to  $\in$ 19 million in the first half of 2015, stemming from the halt in construction works and non-billing in various projects which are at an early stage of construction.

amounts in euro	Construction Concessions		Real Estate &	Total
			Other Activities	
Total Turnover by Segment	258.902.342	7.153.306	9.604.531	275.660.179
Intra-Group	(21.058.150)	0	(693.132)	(21.751.282)
Net Sales	237.844.192	7.153.306	8.911.399	253.908.897
Earnings before Tax, Interest, Investment Results, Depreciation and Impairments	21.157.425	2.642.371	2.629.382	26.429.178
Depreciation & Impairments	(6.004.044)	(102.834)	(154.881)	(6.261.759)
Net Interest Expenses				(16.992.417)
Pre-Tax Profit				3.175.002

The Group's financial results for the first half of 2015 are broken down by business segment as follows:

The Group's financial results for the first half of 2015 are broken down by geographic region as follows:

amounts in euro	Greece	International	Total
		Markets	
Total Turnover by Segment	161.682.971	113.977.208	275.660.179
Intra-Group	(6.751.282)	(15.000.000)	(21.751.282)
Net Sales	154.931.688	98.977.208	253.908.897
Earnings before Tax, Interest,			
Investment Results, Depreciation	32.121.530	(5.692.353)	26.429.178
and Impairments			
Depreciation & Impairments	(3.313.049)	(2.948.710)	(6.261.759)
Net Interest Expenses			(16.992.417)
Pre-Tax Profit			3.175.002

# Important Events during the First Half of 2015 & their Impact on Financial Results

The following are the most important events concerning the Group during the first half of 2015:

## Management changes

- January 2015: Mr Nicholas Gerarhakis resigns his position of Executive Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors and Representative of the Company
- June 2015: Mr Alexios Sotirakopoulos is appointed new Independent, Non-Executive Director to the Board of the Company, replacing Mr John Hastas who resigned his post
- June 2015: Mr Konstantine Mitzalis is appointed Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors, in addition to his position as Managing Director
- June 2015: Election of new Board of Directors for a three-year term ending 30.06.2018 according to a shareholder decision by the Annual General Meeting held on 24.06.2015, and allocation of positions as follows:
  - 1. Christos Joannou, Chairman (Executive)
  - 2. Konstantine Kouvaras, Alternate Chairman (Executive)
  - 3. Konstantine Mitzalis, Vice Chairman & Managing Director (Executive)
  - 4. Konstantine Lysarides, Director (Executive)
  - 5. Stylianos Georgallides, Director (Executive)
  - 6. Athena Demetriou-Eliades, Director (Executive)
  - 7. Efthyvoulos Paraskevaides, Director (Non-Executive)
  - 8. Leoni Paraskevaides Mavronikola, Director (Non-Executive)
  - 9. John Pistiolis, Director (Non-Executive)
  - 10. Alexios Sotirakopoulos, Director (Non-Executive, Independent)
  - 11. David Watson, Director (Non-Executive, Independent)

## Intra-Group transaction on concession participations

Contracts for the transfer of the shares and bonds in the following BOT projects under construction from subsidiary ATHENA SA to its parent J&P-AVAX SA were signed on 01.04.2015:

- ✤ AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA (participation 5%)
- ✤ OLYMPIA MOTORWAY SA (Participation 2.1%)
- OLYMPIA MOTORWAY OPERATION SA (Participation 2.1%)

The transfer of those participations does not affect financial results at consolidated level because they constitute an intra-group transaction which does not affect total Group participation.

# New projects

Following a satisfactory year in 2014 in terms of new project take-up, the pace of adding new project was exceptionally slow in the first half of 2015 as the only contracts added to the Group project portfolio were low-value works, additional contracts and service provision.

# Share capital increase of subsidiary ATHENA SA

The Annual General Meeting of shareholders of subsidiary ATHENA SA on 24.06.2015 approved the increase of its share capital by €35 million, capitalising an equal amount of payable liabilities to its parent company J&P-AVAX SA. The capital increase is reserved exclusively for J&P-AVAX SA, waiving the rights of other shareholders, and will raise J&P-AVAX's stake in ATHENA SA from 89.48% to 92.896%. It should be noted that the approval of the capital increase by the Development Ministry and the relevant Information Memorantum for the investment public by the Capital Markets Commission is pending.

# Impairment of Value of Subsidiaries

The 30.06.2015 accounts of J&P-AVAX SA include an impairment of the value of participations in subsidiary companies amounting to  $\in$ 43 million. An impairment worth  $\in$ 33 million by subsidiary ATHENA SA relates to losses stemming from its operations in the UAE, with the balance of  $\in$ 10 million of impairments concerning the value of participations in other subsidiaries.

# Main Risks & Uncertainties for the Second Half of 2015

# 1. Recent Economic & Political Developments

Events in 2015 at both national and international level regarding the revision of the terms of Greece's funding programme gave rise to a very volatile macroeconomic and financial environment in Greece. On Aug 19, 2015 the European Commission, the Greek government and the Bank of Greece signed a Memorandum of Understanding for the new financial aid programme, which includes a loan amounting up to €86 billion.

Despite the fact that the Greek government arrived at a deal, recent developments and the capital controls imposed by means of a Legislative Act on June 28, 2015 are expected to have a negative

effect on the economy in the second half of 2015. The return to economic stability is largely dependent on the actions and decisions of institutions.

It should be noted however that keeping the capital controls in place after the resumption of operations in banks in July 2015 does not allow an improvement in transaction conditions between the business world and the local banking system, which were hard anyway in recent years due to broader tight liquidity conditions.

Greek banks have for a long time refrained from providing adequate financing for working capital in construction projects and participation in concessions, as well as new credit guarantees for participating in project tenders and delivering the projects.

Furthermore, payments by the Greek state towards public works and large concession projects are once again in long arrears, because funds from EU investment subsidies were diverted by the Greek government to cover its day-to-day expenses.

The cut back in the absorption of European funds for completing large public works, the reduction in total funding for new infrastructure, the reduction of spending on ongoing projects and delays in government payments on certified works, may impact the Group through a further reduction of turnover and potential liquidity problems.

The adverse conditions which have spanned the entire supply chain, especially international freight, will burden all businesses with increased costs.

Procurement of raw materials now requires particularly costly and time-consuming procedures.

The requirement to carry out transactions in cash has lengthened the time required for any transaction and affects all projects.

This renders a malfunction in procurement very likely, due to the difficulty involved in the paymentupon-delivery practice.

Delays in importing raw materials into Greece (from European and non-European countries, alike) may in some cases cause cancellation of orders from the side of suppliers.

Management continually evaluates conditions and their likely impact to ensure that all necessary and possible measures and actions are taken to minimize any impact on Group activities.

## 2. Risks and Uncertainties

The most important risks and uncertainties for the sector which the Group operates in, are the following:

- <u>Input Prices</u>: Most materials used by the Group are internationally-priced commodities, including cement, metal rebars and fuel, which exhibit wide price fluctuations in recent years.
  - The Group is centrally purchasing supplies for all its subsidiaries to secure economies of scale. In several cases it pre-orders large quantities of supplies to lock in their purchase price and escape future price shifts.
- <u>Labour Cost</u>: The cost of Group administrative personnel is set through freely negotiable individual work contracts which are not very flexible. In contrast, the cost of construction workers is very flexible because it concerns specific time periods.
  - Labour cost has been reduced in recent years due to the economic crisis, but its evolution cannot be forecast.
- Financial Risk: The Group finances its operations with working capital and requires performance bonds be issued by banking institutions to participate in public project tenders and guarantee their proper execution to clients. The terms and pricing of those financial products, ie interest rates and bond fees, are determined by international and local liquidity conditions. The economic crisis in recent years, and in particular the conditions which recently led to the imposition of capital controls in the local banking system and deemed its recapitalisation necessary, have squeezed liquidity conditions in the banking sector, and in turn tight liquidity conditions in the construction sector. (see previous section 1)
- <u>Foreign Exchange Risks</u>: The Group receives a large part of its revenues from works in international markets, but only a small part of that income is derived outside the eurozone
  - In most cases of operations outside the eurozone, the Group makes sure its receivables in foreign currency are matched with payables in the same currency, effectively hedging part of its foreign exchange risk.
- <u>Liquidity Risk:</u> The risk of clients failing to meet the terms agreed upon in project contracts is always appreciable, especially in periods of economic crisis such as the one we are going through.
  - The Group maintains ample credit lines and cash to support its cash flow management from liquidity risks, also provisioning a sizeable proportion of its doubtful receivables in its accounts.
- <u>Country / Geo-Political Risk:</u> Geopolitical risk is present throughout the Eastern Mediterranean region, the Middle East and Northern Africa Group due to conflicts and unrest linked to the overturning of old political regimes, the rise of new fanatic religious groups, and the conflict for control of natural resources.

 The Group's international activities and expansion, especially in the Middle East, is focused on countries with limited geo-political risk, in collaboration with our strategic investor, the Joannou & Paraskevaides Group, who has a long presence in those local markets.

# Projections & Prospects for the Second Half of 2015

Group management expects that the adverse economic and business environment which arose in the local market in the first half of 2015 will be in place in the latter half of the year too, leading to a setback in turnover relative to 2014 which will also affect Group short- to medium-term results.

## Important post balance sheet date Developments & Events

## Change in Tax Rate

The tax rate for corporate profits from 2015 onwards was raised from 26% to 29%, in line with article 1 paragraph 4 of Law 4334/2015. According to IAS 12 (para 47) and IAS 10 (para 22), the change in the tax rate voted on 16.07.2015 is a "non corrective event" and therefore the current and deferred tax charge booked in the 30.06.2015 financial accounts was calculated using the 26% tax rate which was in effect on balance sheet date. The impact of this event on shareholder funds is calculated as a  $\in$ 5.4 million and  $\in$ 2.1 million reduction respectively for the Company and the Group, while the impact on the income statement is calculated as a  $\in$ 0.4 million for the Company and the Group.

# **Important Transactions Between the Company and Related Parties**

The most important transactions of the Company over the 01.01.2014-30.06.2014 period with related parties, as per IAS 24, pertain to transactions with subsidiaries (as defined in article 42 of Law 2190/1920), are as follows:

## (amounts in € '000)

GROUP	Income	Expenses	Receivables	Payables
PYRAMIS SA		9	129	10
ELIX SA			8	
AGIOS NIKOLAOS CAR PARK			14	
OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATION SA	126			
OLYMPIA ODOS CONCESSION SA	652		5	370
GEFYRA OPERATION SA	180		31	
ATTIKI ODOS SA				153
AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA	119		280	67
SALONICA PARK SA	3		10	
Polispark sa			19	
VOLTERRA SA	24			488
GEFYRA CONCESSION SA	10		6	
ATHENS CAR PARKS SA			1	
WATER & ENTERTAINMENT PARKS SA	200		433	
METROPOLITAN ATHENS PARK SA			1	
NEA SMYRNI CAR PARK SA			1	
CYCLADES ENERGY CENTRE SA			2	
5N SA			117	
3G SA			15	

SC ORIOL REAL ESTATE SRL DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX SA JOINT VENTURE NATIONAL WHEEL-J&P-AVAX J/V - DUBAI J&P-AVAX QATAR WLL JOANNOU - PARASKEVAIDES ENERGY SA			853 204 2,662 10 45	
J&P (UK) LTD LONDON				29
J&P (O) LTD -GUERNSEY				56
STARWARE ENTERPRISES LTD			4,919	
JOANNOU & PARASKEVAIDES (O) LTD				1
J&P (OVERSEAS) LTD – DUBAI				28,653
VAKON			368	
BIOENERGY SA	0		72	
LEMESOS MARINA LTD			767	
ATHENA EMIRATES LLC			1,882	
Management members and Board Directors		848	21	882
_	1,315	856	12,875	30,708

COMPANY	Income	Expenses	Receivables	Payables
ETETH SA	56	289	3,614	2,285
TASK J&P-AVAX SA	1	205	1,402	1,144
J&P-AVAX IKTEO SA			176	11
PROET SA	1	266	1	10
J&P DEVELOPMENT SA	18		709	3
ATHENA SA	461		30,153	574
E-CONSTRUCTION SA			200	111
MONDO TRAVEL SA	1	32	40	134
JPA ATTICA SCHOOLS PPP	4,822		6,452	4,945
ATHENS MARINA	106		25	
J&P AVAX CONCESSIONS SA			5	20
ELIX SA			8	
AGIOS NIKOLAOS CAR PARK SA			14	
OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATION SA	45			
OLYMPIA ODOS CONCESSION SA	600			370
GEFYRA OPERATION SA	159		18	
GEFYRA CONCESSION SA	10		6	
ATTIKI ODOS SA				153
AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA	105		240	67
SALONICA PARK SA	3		7	
POLISPARK SA			19	
VOLTERRA SA	24			488
ATHENS CAR PARKS SA			1	
WATER & ENTERTAINMENT PARKS SA	200		433	
METROPOLITAN ATHENS PARK SA			1	
NEA SMYRNI CAR PARK SA			1	
DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX SA JOINT VENTURE			204	
NATIONAL WHEEL-J&P-AVAX J/V - DUBAI			2,662	
J&P(O) -J&P-AVAX J/V - QATAR			63	11,779
J&P-AVAX QATAR WLL			10	
J/V J&P-AVAX - J&PARASKEVAIDES OV LTD				
(JORDAN)				8
JOANNOU – PARASKEVAIDES ENERGY SA			45	
J&P (UK) LTD LONDON				29
J&P (O) LTD -GUERNSEY				56
JOANNOU & PARASKEVAIDES (O) LTD				1
LEMESOS MARINA LTD			32	

J&P (OVERSEAS) LTD - DUBAI				28,653
CONSORTIA Management members and Board Directors	756	263	40,792	1,693 351
=	7,369	1,056	87,331	52,884

On behalf of

the Board of Directors of J&P-AVAX SA

Constantinos Mitzalis Vice Chairman & Managing Director

## Report on Review of Interim Financial Information To the Shareholders of the Company "J&P-AVAX S.A."

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed separate and consolidated statement of financial position of the Company "J&P-AVAX S.A." as of June 30, 2015 and the related condensed separate and consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month period then ended, as well as the selected explanatory notes that comprise the interim condensed financial information, which form an integral part of the six-month financial report as provided by Law. 3556/2007. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim condensed financial information in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as they have been adopted by the European Union and applied to interim financial reporting (International Accounting Standard "IAS" 34). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim condensed financial information, based on our review.

## Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, mainly of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently it does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Consequently, with the present document we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Conclusion

Based on the review conducted, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw your attention to Note 14a to the interim condensed financial information, making reference to the effective economic conditions uncertainty prevailing in Greece as well as their potential effect on future activities, financial performance and financial position of the companies, operating in Greece. Our conclusion is not qualified in respect of this matter.

#### **Reference on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

Our review has not detected any inconsistency or discrepancy of the other information of the sixmonth financial report, as required by article 5 of L.3556/2007, with the accompanying condensed financial information.



BDO Certified Public Accountants SA 449, Mesogion Ave. 153 43 Agia Paraskevi Athens Greece Reg.SOEL: 173 Agia Paraskevi, 31/08/2015 The Certified Public Accountant

> Dimitrios V. Spyrakis Reg.SOEL 34191

#### J&P - AVAX S.A. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2015 (All amounts in Euros)

		Group		Company		
	-	30.06.2015	31.12.2014	30.06.2015	31.12.2014	
ASSETS						
Non-current Assets Property, Plant and Equipment	2	104.618.674	115.674.869	50.774.115	54,746,356	
Investment Property	2	20.244.985	20.458.485	1.271.736	1.271.736	
Intangible assets	4	5.885.884	6.002.308	71.094	63.451	
Investments in other companies	•	229.859.657	238.775.717	142.329.471	147.976.714	
Available for sale investments		150.379.684	149.319.382	468.368.313	446.418.027	
Other financial assets		8.602.127	2.911.345	-	-	
Other non-current assets		1.214.999	1.272.648	683.738	688.195	
Deferred tax assets		21.547.702	21.525.530	21.558.913	21.558.913	
Total Non-current Assets		542.353.712	555.940.286	685.057.380	672.723.392	
Current Assets						
Inventories		37.650.243	40.222.238	19.838.929	20.963.408	
Construction contracts	-	279.848.171	261.054.305	205.604.560	179.114.413	
Trade receivables Other receivables	5 5	318.407.804	309.577.364	270.912.753	258.962.370	
Available for sale investments	5	160.057.469 2.266.884	142.834.760 1.885.249	175.345.030 1.635.525	212.761.696 1.182.660	
Cash and cash equivalents	6	81.257.663	80.113.779	61.115.126	62.238.065	
Total Current Assets	υ.	879.488.234	835.687.696	734.451.923	735.222.611	
	-					
Total Assets	:	1.421.841.947	1.391.627.982	1.419.509.302	1.407.946.003	
EQUITY AND LIABLITLIES	11	45.039.813	45.039.813	45.039.813	45.039.813	
Share capital Share premium account	11	146.676.671	146.676.671	146.676.671	146.676.671	
Revaluation reserves		7.517.843	8.001.915	2.712.652	3.129.250	
Other reserves		18.077.461	18.821.301	15.502.821	15.502.821	
Reserves for financial instruments available for sales		48.814.629	48.814.629	176.368.574	176.368.574	
Cash flow hedging reserve		(5.146.347)	(4.960.369)	-	-	
Translation exchange differences		7.846.794	8.493.444	3.645.686	5.521.463	
Retained earnings	-	(56.722.802)	(54.708.098)	(17.903.229)	(27.258.520)	
Equity attributable to equity holders of the		212.104.062	216.179.306	372.042.988	364.980.072	
parent (a)		212.104.062	216.179.306	372.042.988	364.980.072	
Non-controlling interest (b)	•	92.567	616.339			
Total Equity (c)=(a)+(b)		212.196.628	216.795.644	372.042.988	364.980.072	
Non-Current Liabilities	_		424 505 040			
Bank Loans	9	411.914.430	431.585.948	391.361.366	412.724.463	
Derivative financial instruments		1.863.401	2.160.064	-	-	
Deferred tax liabilities Provisions for retirement benefits		40.436.038 7.259.008	37.842.210 8.583.334	67.353.083 3.895.971	63.062.626 3.651.870	
Other long-term provisions	10	39.731.086	39.863.920	32.684.477	34.003.042	
Total Non-Current Liabilities	10	501.203.962	520.035.476	495.294.897	513.442.001	
	-				0.0.1.12.0001	
Current Liabilities						
Trade and other creditors	7	538.277.264	466.437.731	432.814.676	384.967.905	
Income and other tax liabilities	~	10.963.166	14.602.323	7.750.912	11.340.639	
Bank overdrafts and loans	8	159.200.926	173.756.807	111.605.830	133.215.385	
Total Current Liabilities		708.441.356	654.796.862	552.171.418	529.523.929	
Total Liabilities (d)	-	1.209.645.318	1.174.832.338	1.047.466.315	1.042.965.930	
Total Equity and Liabilities (c)+ (d)	-	1.421.841.947	1.391.627.982	1.419.509.302	1.407.946.003	
	-					

The following notes are integral part of the Financial Statements.

#### J&P - AVAX S.A. STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE JANUARY 1st, 2015 TO JUNE 30th, 2015 PERIOD (All amounts in Euros except per shares' number)

		Gro	oup		Company			
	1.1-30.06.2015	1.1-30.06.2014	1.4-30.06.2015	1.4-30.06.2014	1.1-30.06.2015	1.1-30.06.2014	1.4-30.06.2015	1.4-30.06.2014
Turnover	253.908.897	241.672.251	123.344.533	121.665.494	199.649.901	173.757.347	100.970.712	88.502.550
Cost of sales	(224.515.152)	(195.275.294)	(103.526.341)	(100.634.526)	(144.408.174)	(125.500.585)	(62.638.828)	(65.478.075)
Gross profit	29.393.745	46.396.958	19.818.192	21.030.969	55.241.727	48.256.762	38.331.884	23.024.475
Other net operating income/(expenses)	1.442.521	(436.515)	961.503	(2.068.846)	343.868	(222.654)	255.205	(1.701.116)
Gain/ (loss) from impairement of assets	381.635	(17.615.600)	201.794	(8.518.043)	(42.547.134)	(12.076.693)	(42.726.975)	(979.136)
Administrative expenses	(14.836.942)	(14.459.625)	(8.030.828)	(8.510.955)	(9.682.504)	(9.794.276)	(5.533.887)	(5.832.267)
Selling & Marketing expenses Income/(Losses) from Investments in	(1.907.223)	(2.045.957)	(1.182.583)	(128.163)	(1.166.905)	(1.443.595)	(762.457)	(47.532)
Associates	5.693.683	6.853.256	3.288.235	3.319.524	28.006.529	22.336.000	28.006.529	16.632.285
Profit before tax, financial and investment results	20.167.419	18.692.516	15.056.312	5.124.486	30.195.581	47.055.544	17.570.298	31.096.710
Net financial cost	(16.992.417)	(16.283.976)	(7.789.744)	(6.395.631)	(15.448.932)	(12.074.790)	(7.200.536)	(4.266.902)
Profit/ (Loss) before tax	3.175.002	2.408.540	7.266.569	(1.271.146)	14.746.649	34.980.754	10.369.762	26.829.808
Тах	(5.974.098)	(1.259.361)	(3.867.335)	(1.543.476)	(5.391.358)	(1.433.196)	(2.642.751)	(657.615)
Profit/ (Loss) after tax	(2.799.096)	1.149.179	3.399.234	(2.814.622)	9.355.291	33.547.558	7.727.011	26.172.193
Attributable to:								
Equity shareholders	976.685	3.011.230	6.154.523	(1.390.922)	9.355.291	33.547.558	7.727.011	26.172.193
Non-controlling interests	(3.775.781)	(1.862.051)	(2.755.289)	(1.423.700)				
	(2.799.096)	1.149.179	3.399.234	(2.814.622)	9.355.291	33.547.558	7.727.011	26.172.193
- Basic Earnings per share (in Euros)	0,0126	0,0388	0,0793	(0,0179)	0,1205	0,4320	0,0995	0,3370
Weighted average of shares	77.654.850	77.654.850	77.654.850	77.654.850	77.654.850	77.654.850	77.654.850	77.654.850
Profit before tax, financial and investments results and depreciation	26.429.178	44.484.799	18.101.130	17.705.880	75.405.103	62.987.527	61.821.481	34.027.449

#### J&P - AVAX S.A. STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FISCAL YEAR FROM JANUARY 1st, 2015 TO 30th JUNE 2015

(All Amounts in Euros)

		GROUP			COMPANY			
	1.1-30.06.2015	1.1-30.06.2014	1.4-30.06.2015	1.4-30.06.2014	1.1-30.06.2015	1.1-30.06.2014	1.4-30.06.2015	1.4-30.06.2014
Profit/ (Loss) for the Period	(2.799.096)	1.149.179	3.399.234	(2.814.622)	9.355.291	33.547.558	7.727.011	26.172.193
Other Comprehensive Income Net other comprehensive income /(loss) to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods Exchange Differences on translating								
foreign operations	(646.487)	(5.459.818)	(3.092.300)	(4.371.766)	(1.875.777)	(2.640.522)	(1.829.331)	(2.618.428)
Cash flow hedges	(251.322)		87.837	- -	- -		- -	
Revalutaion reserves for other assets	(654.152)	230.699	(608.561)	(35.949)	(562.970)	(3.275)	(562.970)	0
Reserves for financial instruments available for sale	- -	(11.186.297)	3.326.030	(11.186.297)	-	(11.186.297)	-	(11.186.297)
Tax for other comprehensive income	235.423	2.848.455	(729.379)	2.917.784	146.372	2.909.289	146.372	2.908.437
Net other comprehensive income /(loss) not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods					<u> </u>			<u>-</u>
Reserves	(964.679)	-	(964.679)	-	-	-	-	-
Revaluation of liabilities for personnel retirement	(40.511)	-	(40.511)	-	-	-	-	-
Tax for other comprehensive income	261.349	<u> </u>	261.349				<u> </u>	
Total other comprehensive income	(2.060.377)	(13.566.961)	(1.760.213)	(12.676.229)	(2.292.375)	(10.920.805)	(2.245.929)	(10.896.287)
Total comprehensive Income	<u>(4.859.473</u> )	(12.417.782)	1.639.020	(15.490.850)	7.062.916	22.626.753	5.481.082	15.275.906
Total comprehensive Income attributable to:		<b>.</b>				<b>0</b> 0 / 0 / <b>7</b> 7-		
Equity shareholders Non-controlling interests	(1.083.855) (3.775.618)	(10.557.612) (1.860.170)	4.395.562 (2.756.542)	(14.068.479) (1.422.372)	7.062.916	22.626.753	5.481.082	15.275.906 -
	(4.859.473)	(12.417.782)	1.639.020	(15.490.850)	7.062.916	22.626.753	5.481.082	15.275.906

#### J&P - AVAX S.A.

## CASH FLOW STATEMENT AS AT JUNE 30, 2015

(All amounts in Euros)

	Gro	oup	Company		
	1.1-30.06.2015	1.1-30.06.2014	1.1-30.06.2015	1.1-30.06.2014	
Operating Activities					
Profit/ (Loss) before tax	3.175.002	2.408.540	14.746.649	34.980.754	
Adjustments for:					
Depreciation	6.643.394	8.176.683	2.662.388	3.855.290	
Provisions	(1.324.326)	12.825.498	(128.195)	4.857.927	
Interest income	(1.677.053)	(4.302.879)	(1.478.645)	(4.079.489)	
Interest expense (Gain)/ Loss from impairement of assets	18.966.134 (381.635)	20.274.187 5.098.147	16.927.577 42.547.134	16.154.280 7.098.148	
Losses from financial instruments	(296.664)	312.668	-	7.090.140	
Investment (income) / loss	(5.686.230)	(6.475.420)	(28.006.529)	(22.336.000)	
Exchange rate differences	(75.982)	(280.585)	(75.982)	(280.585)	
Change in working capital	2 574 000		4 404 475		
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	2.571.990	(7.626.944)	1.124.475	(6.553.102)	
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables Increase/(decrease) in payables	(50.883.943) 64.585.751	(105.925.906) 57.535.142	(14.562.014) (6.015.302)	(87.554.964) 39.023.875	
Interest paid	(13.495.574)	(18.946.666)	(11.457.017)	(14.448.874)	
Income taxes paid	(1.538.757)	(273.403)	(1.100.901)	(399.637)	
Cash Flow from Operating Activities (a)	20.582.109	(37.200.937)	15.183.638	(29.682.378)	
Investing Activities					
-	<i>/-</i>	<i>/</i>	<i>/</i>	<i>/-</i> · · · ·	
Purchase of tangible and intangible assets Proceeds from disposal of tangible and intangible	(3.531.052)	(7.393.090)	(3.404.392)	(2.973.010)	
assets (Acquisition)/ disposal of, associates, JVs and other	9.900.017	575.806	4.718.919	361.369	
investments	(8.011.825)	(17.839.541)	(3.502.300)	(18.566.314)	
Interest received	1.046.697	4.302.879	848.289	3.051.968	
Dividends received	15.386.315	28.652.019	28.006.529	20.074.898	
Cash Flow from Investing Activities (b)	14.790.152	8.298.072	26.667.045	1.948.911	
Cash Flow from Financing Activities					
Proceeds from loans	(34.227.400)	16.834.177	(42.972.652)	13.352.188	
Dividends paid	(976)	(2.628)	(969)	(2.628)	
Cash Flow from Financing Activities (c)	(34.228.376)	16.831.550	(42.973.622)	13.349.560	
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (a)+(b)+(c)	1.143.884	(12.071.315)	(1.122.939)	(14.383.908)	
Cash and cash equivalents at the period Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the	80.113.779	98.174.551	62.238.065	78.363.589	
period	81.257.663	86.103.236	61.115.126	63.979.681	

The following notes are integral part of the Financial Statements.

#### J&P - AVAX S.A. ANNUAL STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY FOR THE JANUARY 1st, 2015 TO JUNE 30tH 2015 PERIOD (All Amounts in Euros)

<u>GROUP</u>

	Share Capital	Share Premium	Revaluation Reserves	Reserves for financial instruments available for sales	Cash flow hedging reserve	Reserves	Translation exchange differences	Retained earnings	Share Capital & Reserves	Non-Controlling Interests	Total Equity
Changes in Total Equity											
Balance 31.12.2013	45.039.813	146.676.671	7.237.312	29.995.761	(73.350)	22.079.029	5.026.219	(22.044.770)	233.936.685	4.636.783	238.573.468
Net profit for the period								3.011.230	3.011.230	(1.862.051)	1.149.179
Other comprehensive income			170.717	(8.277.860)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(5.461.699)		(13.568.842)	1.881	(13.566.961)
Total comprehensive income for the period	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	170.717	(8.277.860)			(5.461.699)	3.011.230	(10.557.612)	(1.860.170)	(12.417.782)
Other movements			-		-	178.118		(191.465)	(13.348)	97.654	84.306
Addition of non-controlling interests											
Balance 30.06.2014	45.039.813	146.676.671	7.408.030	21.717.900	(73.350)	22.257.145	(435.480)	(19.225.005)	223.365.725	2.874.267	226.239.992
Balance 31.12.2014	45.039.813	146.676.671	8.001.915	48.814.629	(4.960.369)	18.821.301	8.493.444	(54.708.098)	216.179.306	616.339	216.795.644
Net profit for the period								976.685	976.685	(3.775.781)	(2.799.096)
Other income for the period		<u> </u>	(484.072)		(185.978)	(743.840)	(646.650)		(2.060.540)	163	(2.060.377)
Total comprehensive income for the period	_		(484.072)	_	(185.978)	(743.840)	(646.650)	976.685	(1.083.855)	(3.775.618)	(4.859.473)
Other movements			(404.072)		(100.770)	(148.040)	(040.000)	(4.036.785)	(4.036.785)	4.297.242	260.457
Addition of non-controlling interests											
Balance 30.06.2015	45.039.813		7.517.843	48.814.629	(5.146.347)	 18.077.461	7.846.794	<u>1.045.396</u> (56.722.802)	<u>1.045.396</u> 212.104.062	(1.045.396) <b>92.567</b>	
	45.039.813	140.070.071	7.517.643	40.014.029	(5.146.347)	18.077.401	7.640.794	(56.722.802)	212.104.082	92.307	212.190.020
COMPANY			Revaluation	Reserves for financial instruments available	Cash flow hedging		Translation exchange		Share Capital &	Non-Controlling	
	Share Capital	Share Premium	Reserves	for sales	reserve	Reserves	differences	Retained earnings	Reserves	Interests	Total Equity
Changes in Total Equity											
Balance 31.12.2013	45.039.813	146.676.671	2.474.215	178.323.736	-	18.739.357	3.725.961	(46.620.466)	348.359.286	-	348.359.286
Net profit for the period Other comprehensive income			(2,424)	(0, 277, 0(0)			(2 (40 522)	33.547.557	33.547.557		33.547.557
other comprehensive income			(2.424)	(8.277.860)			(2.640.522)		(10.920.806)		(10.920.806)
Total comprehensive income for the period			(2.424)	(8.277.860)			(2.640.522)	33.547.557	22.626.753		22.626.753
Other movements	-	-	_	-	-		-	-	-	_	-
Balance 30.06.2014	45.039.813	146.676.671	2.471.791	170.045.876		18.739.357	1.085.439	(13.072.909)	370.986.038		370.986.038
Balance 31.12.2014	45.039.813	146.676.671	3.129.250	176.368.574	-	15.502.821	5.521.463	(27.258.520)	364.980.072		364.980.072
Net profit for the period								9.355.291	9.355.291		9.355.291
Other income for the period			(416.598)				(1.875.777)		(2.292.375)		(2.292.375)
Total comprehensive income for the period			(416.598)				(1.875.777)	9.355.291	7.062.916		7.062.916
Other movements				<u> </u>							<u> </u>
Balance 30.06.2015	45.039.813	146.676.671	2.712.652	176.368.574		15.502.821	3.645.686	(17.903.229)	372.042.988	<u> </u>	372.042.988



# Notes and accounting policies

## A. ABOUT THE COMPANY

#### A.1 General Information about the Company and the Group

J&P-AVAX S.A. was listed on the Athens Stock Exchange's Main Market in 1994 (then incorporated as AVAX S.A.) and is based in Marousi, in the Attica prefecture. It boasts substantial expertise spanning the entire spectrum of construction activities (infrastructure projects, civil engineering, BOTs, precast works, real estate etc) both in Greece and abroad.

In 2002, former AVAX S.A. merged with its subsidiaries J&P (Hellas) S.A. and ETEK S.A. and was renamed into J&P-AVAX S.A, whereas another 100% subsidiary unit, namely ETETH S.A., merged with its own subsidiary AIXMI S.A. The new business entities which evolved out of these mergers made use of Law 2940/2001 on contractors' certification for public works. The Group's leading company J&P-AVAX S.A. was awarded a 7<sup>th</sup>-class public works certificate, which is the highest class available, whereas ETETH S.A. acquired a 6<sup>th</sup>-class certificate and PROET S.A. entered the new public works certification registry with a 3<sup>rd</sup>-class certificate, which was upgraded to 4<sup>th</sup>-class towards the end of 2005. In the year 2007 J&P Avax SA acquired the subsidiary Athena SA.

#### A.2 Activities

Group strategy is structured around four main pillars:

#### Concessions

- Intense presence in concession project tenders, to maintain a substantial backlog of projects and secure long-term revenue streams
- Strengthening the project finance business unit and expanding our network of specialized external business partners (design consultants, financial and insurance advisors, legal firms) to enhance the Group's effectiveness in bidding for concession projects and maximize the return from their operation by means of financial risk management

#### • Business Activities

- Development along the lines of major international construction groups, diversifying revenue through expansion into related business areas, eg environmental projects, facility maintenance & management, waste management, maintenance of large infrastructure projects, and management of large facilities constructed towards the Athens 2004 Olympic Games
- Pursuit of synergies of various business activities on Group level

#### Real Estate

- Selective investment in quality projects offering high aesthetics and status, focused mainly on the residential and vacation housing sectors, as well as in select commercial and real estate projects
- o Advisory services and development of new markets and products, such as retirement villages

#### • Other Activities

- Participation in BOT infrastructure projects for the reconstruction of neighboring counties and regions (Eastern & SE Europe, Middle East, North Africa) in collaboration with J&P Overseas and other international partners with long local presence and expertise
- Promotion of the use of precast technology



## B. FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

J&P-AVAX S.A.'s consolidated accounts for the period running from January 1<sup>st</sup>, 2015 to June 30<sup>th</sup>, 2015 are prepared in accordance with the 'historic cost' principle, inclusive of adjustments in various items on both sides of the balance sheet, as well as on the 'going-concern' principle and conform to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and the interpretations issued by IASB's International Financial Reporting Interpretation Committee (IFRIC) which have been adopted by the European Union.

IASB has issued a series of standards referred to as «IFRS Stable Platform 2005». The Group applies the IFRS Stable Platform 2005 since January 1, 2005 which includes the following standards:

- I.A.S. 1 Presentation of Financial Statements
- I.A.S. 2 Inventories
- I.A.S. 7 Cash Flow Statements
- I.A.S. 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
- I.A.S. 10 Events after the Balance Sheet Day
- I.A.S. 11 Construction Contracts
- I.A.S. 12 Income Taxes
- I.A.S. 16 Property, Plant and Equipment
- I.A.S. 17 Leases
- I.A.S. 18 Revenue
- I.A.S. 19 Employee Benefits
- I.A.S. 20 Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance
- I.A.S. 21 The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates
- I.A.S. 23 Borrowing Costs
- I.A.S. 24 Related Party Disclosures
- I.A.S. 26 Accounting and Reporting by Retirement Benefit Plans
- I.A.S. 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements
- I.A.S. 28 Investments in Associates
- I.A.S. 31 Interests in Joint Ventures
- I.A.S. 32 Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation
- I.A.S. 33 Earnings per Share
- I.A.S. 34 Interim Financial Reporting
- I.A.S. 36 Impairment of Assets
- I.A.S. 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets
- I.A.S. 38 Intangible Assets
- I.A.S. 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement
- I.A.S. 40 Investment Property
- I.F.R.S. 1 First-Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards
- I.F.R.S. 3 Business Combinations
- I.F.R.S. 5 Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations
- I.F.R.S. 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- I.F.R.S. 8 Operating segments
- I.F.R.S. 11 Joint Arrangements
- I.F.R.S. 12 Service Concession Arrangements

The policies referred to hereafter are applied consistently to all time periods covered in the accounts.

Preparing Financial Statements under IFRS requires the use of estimates and opinions while applying Company accounting methods. Any important assumptions made by Company management in applying those accounting methods have been noted when deemed necessary.



#### C. BASIC ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

The Group consistently applies the following accounting principles in preparing the attached Financial Statements:

#### C.1. Business Combinations (I.F.R.S. 3)

**Investments in Subsidiaries:** All companies managed and controlled, either directly or indirectly, by another company (parent) through ownership of a majority share in the voting rights of the company in which the investment has been made. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated (full consolidation) with the purchase method starting on the date on which their control is assumed, and are excluded from consolidation as soon as their control is relinquished.

Acquisitions of subsidiaries by the Group are entered according to the purchase method. Subsidiary acquisition cost is the fair value of all assets transferred, of all shares issued and all liabilities at the acquisition date, plus any costs directly related to the transaction. The specific assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired through a business combination are accounted for at their fair values irrespective of the percentage of participation. The acquisition cost in excess of the fair value of the acquired net assets is entered as goodwill. Should the total acquisition cost fall short of the fair value of the acquired net assets, the difference is directly entered in the Income Statement.

Intragroup sales, balances and un-realised profits from transactions among Group companies are omitted. Losses among Group companies (un-realised on a Group level) are also eliminated, except when the transaction provides evidence of impairment of the transferred asset. The accounting principles of subsidiaries have been amended for uniformity purposes relative to those adopted by the Group.

At the Company's balance sheet, investment in subsidiaries is stated at cost less loss from impairment, if any. IAS 36 Impairment of Assets requires an impairment test if there is any indication that an asset is impaired.

**Investments in Associates:** All companies which the Group may influence significantly but do not qualify for subsidiary or Joint Venture status. The Group's assumptions call for ownership between 20% and 50% of a company's voting rights to have significant influence on it. Investments in associates are initially entered in the Company's books at cost and subsequently consolidated using the equity method.

The Group's share into the profit or loss of associates following the acquisition is recognised into the Income Statement, whereas the share into changes in capital reserves following the acquisition is recognised into the reserves. Accumulated changes affect the book value of investments in associates. When the Group's participation into the financial loss of an associate is equal to or exceeds its participation in the associate, inclusive of provisions for bad debts, the Group does not recognise any further losses, except when covering liabilities or making payments on behalf of the associate, or taking other actions as part of its shareholder relationship.

Unrealised profits from transactions between the Group and its associates are omitted according to the participation of the group into those associates. Unrealised gains are omitted, unless the transactions suggest impairment of the transferred assets. Accounting principles of associates have been amended for uniformity purposes relative to those adopted by the Group.

Intragroup balances and transactions, along with Group profits arising from intragroup transactions which have yet to be concluded on a Group level, are eliminated in the consolidated Financial Statements.

#### Joint Arrangements IFRS 11.

IFRS 11 replaces IAS 31. The objective of the IFRS is to establish principles for financial reporting by entities that have an interest in arrangements that are controlled jointly (ie joint arrangements). The IFRS requires a party to a joint arrangement to determine the type of joint arrangement in which it is involved by assessing its rights and obligations arising from the arrangement.



The IFRS defines joint control as the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities (ie activities that significantly affect the returns of the arrangement) require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The IFRS classifies joint arrangements into two types—joint operations and joint ventures. A joint operation is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement (ie joint operators) have rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the arrangement. A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement (ie joint venture) have rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

An entity determines the type of joint arrangement in which it is involved by considering its rights and obligations. An entity assesses its rights and obligations by considering the structure and legal form of the arrangement, the contractual terms agreed to by the parties to the arrangement and, when relevant, other facts and circumstances. The factors that the Group tests to determine that joint arrangements are under common control include the structure, legal form, contractual arrangement and other facts and circumstances.

The IFRS requires to recognize and to account for a joint arrangement using similar to IAS 31 proportionate consolidation – the party's share of assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a jointly controlled entity was combined line-by-line with similar items in the companies' financial statements.

Group Structure: J&P-AVAX Group fully consolidates the following subsidiaries:

Company	% of J&P-AVAX's SA participation	Fiscal Years not tax audited
J&P-AVAX S.A., Athens	Parent	2010 & 2014-2015
ETETH S.A., Salonica	100%	2010 & 2014-2015
ELVIEX Ltd, Ioannina	60%	2010-2015
PROET S.A., Athens	100%	2010 & 2014-2015
J&P DEVELOPMENT S.A., Athens	100%	2010 &2014-2015
TASK J&P-AVAX S.A., Athens	100%	2010 & 2014-2015
S.C."ISTRIA DEVELOPMENTS" S.R., Romania	98%	2005-2015
CONCURRENT REAL INVESTMENTS SRL, Romania	95%	2005-2015
SC BUPRA DEVELOPMENT SRL, Romania	99,93%	2005-2015
SOPRA AD, Bulgaria	99,99%	2005-2015
J&P-AVAX IKTEO S.A., Athens	94%	2010 & 2014-2015
SC FAETHON DEVELOPMENTS SRL, Romania	100%	2006-2015
ATHENA SA, Athens	92,896%	2014-2015
E-CONSTRUCTION S.A., Athens	100%	2010 & 2014-2015
MONDO TRAVEL (ex.TERRA FIRMA S.A.), Athens	99,999%	2010 & 2014-2015
J&P AVAX CONCESSIONS S.A. (ex. EVIA REAL ESTATE), Athens	99,967%	2008-2010 & 2014- 2015
ATHENS MARINA S.A., Athens	83,9476%	2009-2010 & 2014- 2015
J&P AVAX POLSKA, Poland	100%	2009-2015
JPA TRIKALA S.A., Athens	100%	2010 & 2015
JPA ATTICA SCHOOLS PPP, Athens	100%	2015

Subsidiary company JPA KORINTH SA was liquidated during 2014 and that is why it's not included in Group's financial statements of this period.

During the first semester of 2015, J&P-AVAX's stake in the subsidiaries ATHENA SA and ATHENS MARINA SA was raised from 89,477% to 92,896% and from 82,0702% to 83,9476% respectively.

For the fiscal year 2014, the Company and its subsidiaries that are tax audited in Greece, have been subjected to tax auditing from an auditor in accordance with paragraph 1 of article 65A of Law



4174/2013. The tax audit on fiscal year 2014 is in progress and the relevant tax certificate will be issued following the publication of the financial accounts for 30/06/2015. We estimate that any additional tax liabilities which may arise until the completion of the tax audit, will not materially effect the financial accounts.

For fiscal years 2011, 2012 and 2013, the Company and its subsidiaries subject to tax auditing from an auditor in accordance with paragraph 5 of article 82 of Law 2238/1994, have received a "Tax Compliance Report" with an unqualified opinion. Tax auditing of fiscal years 2011, 2012 and 2013 will be deemed finalized 18 months following the submission of the Tax Compliance Certificate to the Finance Ministry.

Most of Group's J/V's have taken advantage of the final closure of tax liabilities procedure (according to L.3888/2010) and settled their unaudited fiscal year up to 2009.

Furthermore, in the consolidated financial statements of J&P Avax SA the following subsidiaries of Athena SA are included using the fully consolidation method:

Company	% of Athena's SA participation	Fiscal Years not tax audited
ATHENA LIBYA COMPANY, Libya	65%	-
ATHENA CONCESSIONS S.A., Athens	99%	2008-2010 & 2015
ERGONET SA, Athens	51%	2010 & 2015
ATHENA ROMANIA SRL, Romania	100%	-

The Group consolidates the following associates using the equity method:

	45 000/
5N S.A., Athens	45,00%
ATHENS CAR PARKS S.A., Athens	20,17%
ATTICA DIODIA S.A., Athens	30,84%
ATTIKI ODOS S.A., Athens	30,83%
POLISPARK S.A., Athens	28,76%
3G S.A., Athens	50,00%
CAR PARK N.SMIRNI S.A., Athens	20,00%
LEISURE PARKS S.A.(KANOE-KAYAK), Athens	29,70%
CYCLADES ENERGY CENTER S.A., Athens	45,00%
SC ORIOL REAL ESTATE SRL, Romania	50,00%
SALONICA PARK S.A., Athens	24,70%
AEGEAN MOTORWAY S.A., Larissa	21,25%
GEFYRA OPERATION S.A., Athens	21,55%
GEFYRA S.A., Athens	20,53%
PIRAEUS ST.NICOLAS CAR PARK S.A., Athens	46,70%
MARINA LIMASSOL S.A., Limassol	33,50%
METROPOLITAN ATHENS PARK S.A., Athens	22,91%
VOLTERRA S.A. (ex.ARGESTIS S.A.), Athens	50,00%
STARWARE ENTERPRISES LTD, Cyprus	50,00%
ELIX S.A., Athens	31,97%

Furthermore, in the consolidated financial statements of J&P Avax SA the following associates of Athena SA are included using the equity method:



Company VAKON SA, Greece VIOENERGEIA S.A., Greece ATHENA EMIRATES LLC, United Arab Emirates % of Athena's SA participation 25,00% 45,00% 49,00%

Associated company LEFKADA MARINA SA was also removed from Group consolidated accounts because of sale of the entire equity stake in the company.

Joint arrangements (construction consortia) which the parent Company or its subsidiaries participate in, are consolidated with the method of proportional consolidations in the financial statements of the parent Company, or its subsidiaries respectively. The total participations in joint arrangements (construction consortia) are as follows:

Prop	ortionate consolidation by 100% (complete consolidation)	
1.	J/V J&P – AVAX S.A. – ETETH S.A., Athens (SMAEK)	100.00%
2.	J/V J&P – AVAX S.A. – ETETH S.A., Athens (Suburban Railway)	100.00%
3.	J/V J&P-AVAX S.A. – "J/V IMPREGILO SpA –J&P-AVAX S.A EMPEDOS S.A.",	66.50%
4.	Athens J/V AKTOR S.A. – J&P – AVAX S.A. – ALTE S.A. – ATTIKAT S.A ETETH S.A. – PANTECHNIKI S.A. – EMPEDOS S.A., Athens	30.84%
5.	J/V J&P-AVAXS.A. – EKTER A.E – KORONIS S.A., Athens	36.00%
6.	J/V J&P-AVAX S.A VIOTER S.A., Athens	50.00%
7.	J/V J&P AVAX S.A. – INTL TAPESTRY CENTRE, Athens	99.90%
8.	J/V ETETH S.A. – J&P-AVAX S.A. – TERNA S.A. – PANTECHNIKI S.A., Athens	47.00%
9.	J/V TOMES S.A. – ETETH S.A., Chania	50.00%
10.	J/V J&P - AND J&P - AVAX GERMASOGEIA, Cyprus	75.00%
11.	J/V AKTOR A.T.E – AEGEK S.A. – J&P-AVAX S.A. – SELI S.p.A, Athens	20.00%
12.	J/V J&P AVAX S.A – J&P Ltd, Cyprus	75.00%
13.	J/V "J/V AKTOR SA – DOMOTEXNIKH S.A. THEMELIODOMI S.A." – TERNA S.A – ETETH S.A., Salonica	25.00%
14.	J/V J&P AVAX S.A. – FCC CONSTRUCCION S.A, Athens	49.99%
15.	J/V ETETH SA – GANTZOULAS SA – VIOTER SA, Athens	40.00%
16.	J/V APION KLEOS (ELEFSINA-PATRA), Elefsina	17.00%
17.	J/V J&P AVAX SA – EKTER SA, Athens	50.00%
18.	J/V CONSTRUCTION MALIAKOS – KLEIDI, Larissa	15.70%
19.	J/V MAINTENANCE ATT.ODOS, Athens	30.84%
20.	J/V SUBURBAN RAILWAY, SKA PIRAEUS, PHASE B', Athens	33.33%
21.	J/V QUEEN ALIA AIRPORT, Jordan	50.00%
22.	J/V J&P AVAX –ATHENA(Limassol), Cyprus	60.00%
23.	J/V J&P – EDRACO – SINTEHNIKI (OTE BUILDINGS), Patra	50.00%
24.	J/V ERGOTEM ATEVE – KASTOR S.A. – ETETH S.A., Athens	15.00%
25.	J/V J&P-AVAX – HOCHTIEF FAC.MAN.HELLAS, Athens	50,00%
26.	J/V AKTOR – J&P-AVAX OTE NETWORKS, Athens	50,00%
27.	J/V J&P-AVAX – ATHINA SA (FA-275), Athens	65,00%
28.	J/V AKTOR – J&P-AVAX – INTRAKAT (Road Line Tripoli-Kalamata-Moreas), Athens	15,00%



29.	J/V AKTOR – J&P-AVAX, Athens (Maintenance of National Natural Gas Network)	50,00%
30.	J/V AKTOR – J&P-AVAX, Athens (Attica Natural Gas Network)	50,00%
31.	J/V AKTOR – J&P-AVAX, Athens (Technical Support of Public Natural Gas Co)	50,00%
32.	J/V J&P-AVAX – GHELLA SpA, Piraeus	60,00%
33.	J/V AKTOR SA – J&P-AVAX SA., Athens (New Maintenance of Attiki Odos)	34,22%
34.	J/V AKTOR SA – J&P-AVAX SA., Achaia (Panagopoula)	33,91%
35.	J/V AKTOR SA – J&P-AVAX SA – TERNA SA, Athens (Tithorea-Domokos)	33,33%
36.	J/V AKTOR SA – J&P-AVAX SA – TERNA SA, Athens (Tithorea-Domokos-Sub	
	Project D, Bridge)	31,00%
37.	J/V AKTOR SA – J&P-AVAX SA (Technical Support DEPA – 2) , Athens	50,00%
38.	J/V AKTOR SA – J&P-AVAX SA (Construction of Gas Networks Mandra), Athens	50,00%
39.	J/V AKTOR SA – J&P-AVAX SA (Attica Support System Gas), Attica	50,00%
40.	J/V J&P (Overseas) Ltd – J&P-AVAX SA, Qatar	25,00%
41.	J/V AKTOR SA – J&P-AVAX SA (White Regions), Athens	50,00%
42.	J/V J&P-AVAX SA – ATHENA SA (NG-705), Athens	50,00%

In the above table the following start-up Joint Ventures during 2015, are included:

1.	J/V AKTOR SA – J&P-AVAX SA (White Regions), Athens	50,00%
2.	J/V J&P-AVAX SA – ATHENA SA (NG-705), Athens	50,00%

As long as it concerns Joint arrangements (construction consortia) which the subsidiary company ATHENA SA and its subsidiaries participate in, are consolidated with the method of proportional consolidations in the financial statements of the parent Company, or its subsidiaries respectively. The total participations in joint arrangements (construction consortia) are as follows:

COIR	solution at cas to hows.		
	Company	HEAD OFFICE	% of Athena's SA participation
43.	J/V ATHENA - SNAMPROGETTI	Athens	100.00%
44.	J/V ATHENA - KONSTADINIDIS	Athens	50.00%
45.	J/V ATHENA - FCC	Athens	50.00%
46.	J/V ATHENA - BARESEL – ATTIKAT	Athens	34.00%
47.	J/V ATHENA - LAND & MARINE	Athens	46.88%
48.	J/V ATH-THEMEL.TECHKONTSABRAS	Athens	25.00%
49.	J/V ATH-EL.TECHTHEM-PASSPERIBALLON	Thessaloniki	28.00%
50.	J/V ATHTHEMEL.TECH KTIPIO BITIOFOR	Athens	33.33%
51.	J/V PLATAMONA	Athens	19.60%
52.	J/V ATHENA – PROODEFTIKI (CORABIA)	Athens	60.00%
53.	J/V AKTOR - ATHENA - EBEDOS (IBC)	Athens	26.00%
54.	J/V BIOTER – ATHENA	Athens	50.00%
55.	J/V GEFIRA	Athens	7.74%
56.	J/V ATHENA - THEM ATTIKAT (ERMIS)	Athens	33.33%
57.	J/V THEMEL.TECHNATHENA -PASS-GIOVANI	Athens	26.67%
58.	J/V THEM/MI-ATHENA -KOROTZIS (IKAROS)	Athens	33.33%



50			
59.	J/V ATHENA - AKTOR (MAKEDONIA)	Athens	70.00%
60.	J/V TOURIST PORT OF LEUKADA	Athens	22.50%
61.	J/V ARCHIRODON – ERGONET (indirect participation)	Athens	22.95%
62.	J/V TSO-ARCHIRODON - ERGONET (indirect participation)	Athens	25.50%
63.	J/V MHCHANIKI - ATHENA (MPC)	Athens	50.00%
64.	J/V DODONI MOCHLOS - ATHENA	Athens	50.00%
65.	J/V POSIDON	Athens	16.50%
66.	J/V PROODEFTIKI - ATHENA (CRAIOVA)	Athens	35.00%
67.	J/V TERNA - ATHENA (ARACH PERISTERI)	Athens	37.50%
68.	J/V AKTOR - ATHENA - THEMEL. (KALATRAVA)	Athens	29.00%
69.	J/V ARCHIRODON - ATHENA (THISIO)	Athens	50.00%
70.	J/V ATTIKAT - ATHENA (AG. KOSMAS)	Athens	40.00%
71.	J/V ERETVO - ATHENA – ROUTSIS	Athens	25.00%
72.	J/V AKTOR - THEMELIODOMI - ATHENA (A380)	Athens	33.33%
73.	J/V ATHENA - MECHANIKI (SKARFEIA)	Athens	50.00%
74.	J/V ATHENA - IMEK HELLAS AE	Athens	99.00%
75.	J/V ATHENA - AKTOR (A425)	Athens	50.00%
76.	J/V MOCHLOS - ATHENA (TUNNEL S2)	Athens	50.00%
77.	J/V AKTOR - ATHENA (A-417)	Athens	70.00%
78.	J/V AKTOR - ATHENA (BUCHAREST)	Athens	50.00%
79.	J/V CONSTRUCTION MALIAKOS - KLEIDI	Larissa	5.00%
80.	CONSTRUCTION J/V APION KLEOS	Elefsina	4.00%
81.	J/V ATHENA – AKTOR (A435)	Athens	50.00%
82.	J/V ATHENA – AKTOR (A438)	Athens	50.00%
83.	J/V AKTOR – ATHENA (D8642)	Athens	50.00%
84.	J/V AKTOR - ATHENA - GOLIOPOULOS (A-440)	Athens	48.00%
85.	J/V J&P-AVAX - ATHENA SA (FA-275)	Athens	35.00%
86.	J/V AKTOR – ATHENA (D1618)	Athens	30,00%
87.	J/V AKTOR – ATHENA (A-446)	Athens	30,00%
88.	J/V J&P-AVAX - ATHENA SA (NG-705)	Athens	50,00%
89.	J/V TECHNIKI 2000 – ERGONET (indirect participation)	Athens	15.30%
90.	J/V D.SIRDARIS & CO – ERGONET (indirect participation)	Athens	15.30%
91.	J/V PROET SA – ERGONET SA (indirect participation)	Athens	25.50%
92.	J/V ERGONET SA – PROET SA (KOS) (indirect participation)	Athens	25,50%
93.	J/V EURARCO SA – ERGONET SA (SPERCHEIOS) (indirect		
	participation)	Athens	7,65%

The following Joint Ventures are not included in current period's financial statements in comparison with those of previous one because the projects are now completed:

1.	J/V ATHENA – ERGOASFALTIKI	Larissa	50.00%
2.	J/V AKTOR - THEM/DOMI - ATHENA (A403)	Athens	33.33%



 3.
 K/Ξ ΑΚΤΩΡ - ΑΘΗΝΑ (ΞΗΡΑΝΣΗ ΙΛΥΟΣ)
 Athens
 50.00%

 4.
 J/V ATHENA - AKTOR (Β' PHASE)
 Athens
 50.00%

5. J/V ATHENA – AKTOR (A437)

 Athens
 50.00%

 Athens
 50.00%

## C.2a. Property, Plant & Equipment, Investment Property (I.A.S. 16)

Group Management has utilised the basic valuation method (at acquisition cost, less accumulated amortisation and impairments), as per IAS 16, for classifying operating fixed assets (Technical Equipment, Vehicles, Furniture and other Equipment).

The revaluation method was chosen by management for classifying land and fixtures.

#### **Revaluation Model**

Upon recognition as an asset, a fixed asset whose fair value may be estimated reliably may be revalued, to reflect the fair value at recognition date less any subsequent accumulated impairment of value.

The fair value of land and buildings is usually appraised by auditor-valuators. The fair value of equipment and fixtures is usually their acquisition price.

When tangible fixed assets are revalued, the entire class of similar assets should be revalued.

When the book value of a fixed asset increases as a result of revaluation, the increase is credited directly into the Equity as a Revaluation Surplus.

Increases in value due to revaluation will be recognised through the Income Statement to the extend it reverses an earlier impairment of the same asset, charged in the Income Statement.

Should the book value of an asset be reduced as a result of a revaluation, the decrease in value should be charged in the Income Statement. If a revaluation surplus for that asset exists in Equity, the decrease will be charged directly into Equity up to the value of that surplus. Revaluation surpluses in Equity are transferred to Retained Earnings as soon as the fixed assets are sold or derecognized. Tax effects on the revaluation of tangible fixed assets are recognised and disclosed according to IAS 12 Income Tax.

The initial implementation of a tangible fixed asset revaluation policy is treated as a revaluation according to IAS 16, not IAS 8.

While applying I.A.S. 36 (on Impairment of Assets), on each reference date Group management effectively estimates whether its asset base shows signs of impairment, comparing the residual value for each asset against its book value.

Subsequent expenditure on fixed assets already appearing on the Company's books are added to that asset's book value only if they increase its future economic benefits. All expenditure (maintenance, survey etc.) for assets not increasing their future economic benefits are realised as expenses in the financial period incurred.

Expenditures incurred for a major repair or survey of a fixed asset are realised as expenses in the financial period in which they are incurred, except when increasing the future economic benefits of the fixed asset, in which case they are added to the book value of the asset.

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets (excluding land which is not depreciated) is calculated on a straight-line basis according to their useful lives. The main depreciation rates are as follows:

Operating Property (buildings)	3%
Machinery	5.3% - 20%
Vehicles	7.5% - 20%
Other equipment	15% - 20%

Residual values and useful lives of tangible fixed assets are subject to revision on balance sheet date. When the book value of fixed tangibles exceeds their recoverable value, the difference (impairment loss) is directly charged as an expense item in the Income Statement.

When disposing of tangible fixed assets, the difference between the revenue from the sale and the book value of the assets is realised as profit or loss in the Income Statement.



Own-produced fixed tangibles constitute an addition to the acquisition cost of the assets in the form of direct cost of personnel participating in their production (including related employer's social security contributions), cost of materials and other general expenses.

## C.2b. Investment Property (IAS 40)

For investment property, management has opted to apply the method of revaluation (fair values), based on IAS 40.

Management believes that the use of fair values in appraising investment property provides reliable and more pertinent information, because it is based on updated prices.

#### C.3. Intangible Assets (I.A.S. 38)

These expenses should be amortised during the financial period in which they are incurred. Only expenses meeting the criteria of I.A.S. 38.18 are capitalized, such as expenses for computer software and licences. Long-term expenses not meeting the criteria of I.A.S. 38.18 are written off in applying IFRS. Intangible assets include software licences.

#### C.4. Impairment of Assets (I.A.S. 36)

#### i) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the additional price paid by the Group for the acquisition of new subsidiaries, joint ventures, and associates. It arises from the comparison of the price paid for the acquisition of a new company with the proportion of the group share to the fair value of the net assets, during the acquisition date. The arisen goodwill from the acquisition of the new subsidiaries and joint ventures is recognized to intangible assets. Every year impairment test for the goodwill is conducted, which decreases the original amount as it is recognized in the balance sheet. During the calculation of profit or loss arisen from participation disposal, the relevant (if any) goodwill is taken under consideration of the disposed company.

For an easier processing of impairment tests, goodwill is allocated to Cash Generating Units (CGU's). The CGU is the smallest identifiable unit of assets which creates independent cash flows and represents the level at which the Group collects and presents the financial data for reasons of internal information. The impairment for the goodwill, is determined from the calculation of the recoverable amount of the CGU's with which the goodwill is connected. Impairment loss which is related with goodwill cannot be reversed in future periods. The Group conducts the annual test for goodwill impairment at 31 December of each accounting period.

In case that the fair value of net assets of a company during the acquisition date is higher than the price paid for the acquisition, negative goodwill is recognized (income), which goes directly in the Income Statement.

I.A.S. 36 applies for the impairment of subsidiaries acquisition or I.A.S. 39 for participation to associates, and other participating interest companies.

#### ii) Other Assets

Assets with an infinite useful life are not depreciated and are subject to annual review for impairment, whenever events take place showing their book value is not recoverable. Assets being depreciated are subject to review of their value impairment when there are indications that their book value shall not be recovered.

Net Selling Price (NSP) is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable willing parties, less the costs of disposal. Value in use is the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life. At each balance sheet date, management assess whether there is an indication of impairment as required by I.A.S. 36, requiring that the book value of assets does not exceed their recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the highest between Net Selling Price and Value in Use.



This evaluation also takes into account all available information, either from internal or external sources. Impairment review is applied on all assets except for inventories, construction contracts, deferred tax receivables, financial assets falling under I.A.S. 39, investment property and non-current assets classified as being held for disposal.

Impairment losses are charged in the Income Statement.

#### C.5. Inventories (I.A.S. 2)

On Balance Sheet date, inventories are valued at the lowest between cost and Net Realisable Value (NRV). NRV is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Inventory cost does not include financial expenses.

#### C.6. Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement (I.A.S. 39)

The standard outlines the principles for recognition and measurement of financial instruments, financial liabilities and certain contracts for purchase or sale of non financial instruments. The financial instruments of the Group are classified in the following categories according to the substance of the contract and the purpose for which they were purchased. Purchases and sales of investments are recognised on trade date, which is the date on which the Group commits itself in purchasing or selling the asset. Investments are initially recognized at fair value plus related transaction expenses, with the exception of transaction expenses for assets which are recognized at fair value and through the income statement. Investments are written off when the right to the related cash flows expires or is transferred and the Group has in substance transferred all risks and rewards relating to ownership.

#### i) Financial assets/liabilities valued at fair value through the income statement

These comprise financial assets/liabilities that satisfy any of the following conditions:

- Financial assets/liabilities held for trading purposes (including derivatives, except those designated and effective hedging instruments, those acquired or created for the purpose of sale or repurchase, and those that are part of a portfolio of designated financial instruments).
- Upon initial recognition, it is designated by the company as an instrument valued at fair value, with any changes recognised through the Income Statement.

Realised and unrealised profits or losses arising from changes in the fair value of financial assets valued at their fair value with changes in the income statement, are recognized in the income statement at the period in which they result.

#### ii) Loans and receivables

They include non-derivative financial assets with fixed or predefined payments which are not traded in active markets. This category (loans and receivables) does not include:

- receivables from advances for the purchase of goods or services,
- receivables relating to tax transactions, which have been legislatively imposed by the state,
- any receivable not covered by a contract giving the company the right to receive cash or other financial fixed assets.

Loans and receivables are initially recognised at their fair value and then measured at net book cost based upon the real interest rate method.

#### iii) Investments held to maturity

These include non derivative financial assets with fixed or defined payments and specific maturity and which the Group intends and has the ability to hold till maturity. Assets of this category are initially recognised at fair value and then measured at net book cost based upon the real interest rate method.

#### iv) Financial assets available for sale

These include non derivative financial assets either designated in this category or not included in any of the previous ones.

Financial assets available for sale are valued at fair value and the relevant profit or loss is recorded in an equity reserve until such assets are sold or characterized as impaired.

During the sale, or when they are characterized as impaired, the profit or loss is transferred to the income statement. Impairment losses that have been recorded to the income statement cannot be reversed through the income statement.



The fair values of financial assets traded in an active market, are defined by the current ask prices. For non-traded instruments, fair values are defined with the use of valuation techniques such as analysis of recent transactions, comparative items that are traded and discounted cash flows. Securities not traded in an active market that have been classified in the category "financial assets available for sale", whose fair value cannot be determined with credibility, are valued at their acquisition cost. At each balance sheet date the Group assesses whether there are objective indications that lead to the conclusion that financial assets have been impaired. For company shares classified as financial assets available for sale, such an indication is a significant or extended decline in the fair value compared to the acquisition cost. If impairment is established, the accumulated loss in equity, which is the difference between acquisition cost and fair value, is transferred to the results.

#### C.7. Financial Instruments: Presentation (IAS 32)

The principles in this Standard complement the principles for recognising and measuring financial assets and financial liabilities in IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

This Standard is concerned with the classification of financial instruments into financial assets, financial liabilities and equity instruments, as well as the classification of related interest, dividends, losses and gains, and the circumstances in which financial assets and financial liabilities should be offset.

A *financial instrument* is any contract that simultaneously gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

- A *financial asset* is any asset that is:
  - (a) cash
  - (b) an equity instrument of another entity
  - (c) a contractual right:
    - (i) to receive cash or another financial asset from another entity; or
    - (ii) to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially favourable to the entity; or
  - (d) a contract that will or may be settled in the entity's own equity instruments and is:

(i) a non-derivative for which the entity is or may be obliged to receive a variable number of the entity's own equity instruments; or

(ii) a derivative that will or may be settled other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the entity's own equity instruments. For this purpose the entity's own equity instruments do not include instruments that are themselves contracts for the future receipt or delivery of the entity's own equity instruments.

A *financial liability* is any liability that is:

- (a) a contractual obligation:
  - (i) to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity; or

(ii) to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the entity; or

(b) a contract that will or may be settled in the entity's own equity instruments and is:

(i) a non-derivative for which the entity is or may be obliged to deliver a variable number of the entity's own equity instruments; or

(ii) a derivative that will or may be settled other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the entity's own equity instruments. For this purpose the entity's own equity instruments do not



include instruments that are themselves contracts for the future receipt or delivery of the entity's own equity instruments.

An *equity instrument* is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities.

*Fair Value* is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged for or a liability be settled with between two parties acting on their own will and in full knowledge of market conditions, as part of a transaction carried out on a pure commercial basis.

#### C.8. Financial Instruments: Disclosures (IFRS 7)

IFRS 7 refers to all risks arising from all financial instruments, except those instruments specifically excluded (e.g. interests in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, etc.). The objective of the disclosures is to provide an overview of the Group's use of financial instruments and its exposure to risks they create. The extent of the disclosure required depends on the extent of the Company's use of financial instruments and its exposure to risk. The Group and Company apply IFRS 7 from January 1st, 2007.

#### C.9. Provisions (I.A.S. 37)

Provisions are recognized when the Group faces legal or substantiated liabilities resulting from past events, their settlement may result in an outflow of resources and the amount of the liability can be reliably estimated. Provisions are reviewed on Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the present value of the expense estimated for settling the liability. Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements but nevertheless are disclosed in the accompanying notes, except when the probability of an outflow of resources is minimal. Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements, but are disclosed in the notes, provided an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

#### C.10. Government Grants (I.A.S. 20)

The Group recognizes government grants (subsidies) only when there is reasonable assurance that:

- a) the enterprise will comply with any conditions attached to the grants,
- b) the grant is likely to be received.

Subsidies are entered in the company's books at their fair value and recognized on a consistent basis as revenue, in accordance with the principle of matching the receipts of subsidies with the related expenses.

Subsidies on assets are included in long-term liabilities as deferred income and recognized on a consistent basis as revenues over the expected useful life of the assets.

#### C.11. The effects of changes in Foreign Exchange Rates (I.A.S. 21)

The financial statements of all Group companies are prepared using the currency of the economic area which the Group mainly operates in (operating currency). Consolidated financial reports are denominated in euros, the operating and presentation currency of the parent Company and its subsidiaries.

Transactions in foreign currency are converted in the operating currency according to the going foreign exchange rates on the date on which transactions take place.

Profit and losses from foreign exchange differences arising from settlement of transactions in foreign currency during the financial reporting period and the conversion of monetary items denominated in foreign currency according to the going exchange rates on balance sheet date are recognised in the Income Statement. Foreign exchange adjustments for non-monetary items valued at fair value are considered part of the fair value and are therefore treated as differences in fair value.



#### C.12. Equity Capital (I.A.S. 33)

Expenses incurred due to the issue of new shares appear below the deduction of related income tax, reducing the net proceeds from the issue. Expenses incurred due to the issue of new shares to finance the acquisition of another company are included in the target company's total acquisition cost.

#### C.13. Dividends (I.A.S. 18)

Payments of dividends to parent company shareholders are recognized as a liability in the consolidated financial statements on the date on which the General Assembly of the Shareholders grants its approval on the distribution of the dividend.

#### C.14. Income Taxes & Deferred Tax (I.A.S. 12)

Income tax expenses appearing in the Income Statement include both tax for the period and deferred tax, which correspond to tax charges or tax returns arising from benefits realized within the reporting period in question but booked by the tax authorities in earlier or later reporting periods. Income tax is recognized in the Income Statement for the reporting period, except for tax relating to transactions directly charged against shareholders' funds; in that case, income tax is similarly charged directly against shareholders' funds.

Current income tax includes short-term liabilities and/or receivables from the tax authorities related to payable tax on the taxable income of the reporting period, as well as any additional income tax from earlier reporting periods.

Current tax is calculated according to the tax rates and fiscal legislation applied on each reporting period involved, based on the taxable income for the year. All changes in short-term tax items listed on either side of the balance sheet are recognized as part of the tax expense in the Income Statement.

Deferred income tax is calculated by means of the liability arising from the temporary difference between book value and the tax base of asset and liabilities. No deferred income tax is entered when arising from the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction, excluding corporate mergers, which did not affect the reported or taxable profit / loss at that time.

Deferred tax income and liabilities are valued according to the tax rates expected to apply in the reporting period in which the receipt or payment will be settled, taking into account the tax rates (and fiscal laws) introduced or in effect until the reporting date. The tax rate in effect on the day following the reporting date is used whenever the timing of reversal of temporary differences cannot be accurately determined.

Deferred tax receivables are recognized to the extent in which taxable profits will arise in the future while making use of the temporary difference which gives rise to the deferred tax receivable.

Deferred income tax is recognized for the temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries and affiliates, excluding those cases where de-recognition of temporary differences is controlled by the Group and temporary differences are not expected to be derecognized in the foreseeable future.

Most changes in deferred tax receivables or liabilities are recognised as tax expenses in the Income Statement. Only changes in assets or liabilities affecting temporary differences (e.g. asset revaluations) which are recognized directly against the Group's shareholders' funds do result in changes in deferred tax receivables or liabilities being charged against the relevant revaluation reserve.

#### C.15. Personnel Benefits (I.A.S. 19)

#### Short-term benefits:

Short-term benefits to personnel (excluding termination benefits) in money and in kind are recognized as an expense when deemed payable. Portions of the benefit yet unpaid are classified as a liability, whereas if the amount already paid exceeds the benefit then the company recognizes the excess amount as an asset (prepaid expenses) only to the extent to which the prepayment will result in a reduction in future payments or to a fund return.



Retirement benefits:

Benefits at retirement from service include a defined contribution plan as well as a defined benefit plan.

Defined Contribution Plan:

According to the plan, the company's legal liability is limited to the amount agreed for contribution to the institution (social security fund) managing employer contributions and handing out benefits (pensions, medical plans etc).

The accrued cost of defined contribution plans is classified as an expense in the corresponding financial reporting period.

Defined Benefit Plan:

The Company has legal liability for personnel benefits due to lay-offs ahead of retirement date or benefits upon retirement from service, in accordance with pertinent legislation.

The Projected Unit Credit Method is used to calculate the present value of defined benefit obligations, the related current cost of services and the cost of services rendered which is the accrued services method, according to which benefits are paid at the financial periods in which the retirement benefit liability is founded. Liabilities arise while employees provide services qualifying for retirement benefits.

The Projected Unit Credit Method therefore requires that benefits are paid in both the current reporting period (to calculate the current cost of services) and in the current and past reporting periods (to calculate the present value of defined benefit obligations).

Despite the fact that remaining in service with the Company is a prerequisite for receiving benefits (ie benefits cannot be taken for granted by employees), liabilities are calculated using actuarial methods as follows:

Demographic Assumptions: Personnel Turnover (Staff Resignations / Staff Lay-offs), and

Financial Assumptions: discount rate, future salary levels (calculated using government bond yield of equal maturities) and estimated future changes in state benefits affecting payable benefits.

#### C.16. Revenue Recognition (I.A.S. 18)

Revenues include the fair value of works, sales of goods and services, net of VAT, discounts and returns. IntraGroup revenues are completely eliminated. Recognition of revenues is done as follows:

Construction Contracts:

Revenues from projects towards signed contracts are entered in the reporting period in which the works were carried out, based on their stage of completion

Sale of Goods:

Sale of goods are recognized when the Group makes actual delivery of the goods to their buyers who in turn formally accept them, rendering their price secure for receipt.

Provision of services:

Revenues from provision of services are entered in the reporting period in which the services were rendered, according to the stage of completion of the services.

#### C.17. Leases (I.A.S. 17)

Financial leases are all leases on fixed assets which transfer onto the Group all risks and benefits in relation to those assets' ownership, irrespective of the eventual transfer of ownership of the assets. These leases are capitalized at the start of the lease using the lowest price between the fair value of the fixed asset and the present value of the minimum lease. All leases comprise a liability and a financial expense, securing a fixed interest rate for the balance of the financial liability. Liabilities arising from leases, net of financial expenses, are entered as liabilities in the balance sheet. The portion of financial expenses arising from financial leases is recognized in the Income Statement throughout the term of the lease. Fixed assets acquired via financial leases are depreciated over the lowest term between their useful life and their lease term.

Lease agreements in which the lessee transfers the right of usage of an asset for a fixed time period but not the risks and rewards of the asset's ownership, are classified as operating leases. Payments for



operating leases (net of any discounts offered by the lessor) are recognized in the Income Statement proportionately over the term of the lease.

Fixed assets leased as lessor through operating leases are included as tangible assets in the balance sheet and depreciated over their expected useful lives using the same procedure as other fully-owned tangibles. Proceeds from leases (net of any discounts offered to the lessee) are recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The Group does not lease fixed assets using the financial lease method.

#### C.18. Construction Contracts (I.A.S. 11)

Construction contracts refer to the construction of assets or a group of related assets on behalf of clients according to terms laid out in relevant contract agreements, their construction usually spanning more than one reporting period.

Expenses arising from the contract are recognized at the time they are incurred.

If the profitability of a construction contract cannot be reliably estimated, and especially when the project is at an early stage of completion, revenues are recognized to the extent that construction costs may be recovered, and construction costs must be recognized in the income statement of the reporting period in which they came about. Therefore, the level of revenues recognized from those construction contracts must be set accordingly to yield zero profitability for the project.

If the profitability of a construction contract may be reliably estimated, revenues and expenses arising from that contract are recognized during the term of the contract as revenue and expense, respectively. The Group uses the percentage of completion method to set the revenue and expense to be recognized over each reporting period. The stage of completion is calculated on the basis of the construction cost realized until reporting date in relation to the total estimated cost of each project.

If total costs from a construction contract are likely to exceed the relevant total revenues, the expected loss is recognised immediately in the income statement as an expense item.

In calculating the cost realised during a reporting period, expenses linked to future works arising from a construction contract are excluded and entered in the accounts as work-in-progress. Total realised costs and profit / loss recognised on each contract are compared to the invoiced works till the end of the reporting period.

If realised expenses, plus net realised profit and less any realised losses, exceed the invoiced works then the difference is entered as a receivable from clients (Construction Contracts). If invoiced works exceed realised expenses, plus net realised profits and less realised losses, the balance is entered as a liability to contract clients.

#### Contract Grouping:

The initial contract for a project, along with any additional works and extensions to the contract, are treated as a single project because new contracts for additions and extensions pertain to works on the same project and their value is related to the value of the initial contract.

A group of projects is treated as a single project if their negotiation is done jointly or the relevant contracts are linked with each other and constitute parts of a broader project with a total profit margin, or each contract is carried out simultaneously or in a certain order.

Project Revenues: Revenues from projects include the following:

- Initial contract value, plus any revisions of the initial contract, extensions and additions
- Claims
- Incentive payments, e.g. for early delivery

Claims and incentive payments are taken into account to the extent that they may be realised with a strong likelihood and be accurately defined and calculated.

Project Cost: The cost of projects includes the following:

- Costs directly related to a project
- Costs attributed to a particular project and can be allocated to the same project
- Other costs billed to a specific client, according to the terms of the contract



The second case includes all general construction expenses. Those expenses are regularly allocated using reasonable and consistent methodologies and allocation practices, across all similar expense items.

Indirect cost of projects include costs such as clerical work on staff payroll, and bank expenses related to the projects.

Expenses not allocated or classified to a specific project include sale expenses, R&D expenses, general administrative expenses and depreciation of idle equipment, which are not employed in that project.

## C.19. Debt and receivables (I.A.S. 23)

Debt and receivables include non-derivative financial assets with fixed or otherwise predefined payments, which are not traded on active markets. They exclude

- a) receivables from prepayments on goods or services,
- b) receivables related to legislation-induced transactions in taxes,
- c) any other items not provided for by contracts offering the Company the right to receive payment of cash or other financial assets.

Debt and receivables are included in current assets, with the exception of those expiring over 12 months after reporting date which are entered as non-current assets.

On every Balance Sheet date, the Group evaluates the existence of objective indications of impairment of its financial assets.

Dent and receivables are recognized at their non-depreciated cost using the real interest rate method. Losses are directly and fully charged against the reporting period's income statement.

Each receivable item of substantial value is evaluated individually for impairment, whereas lower-valued items may be jointly evaluated. When jointly evaluated, lower-valued receivables should be grouped according to their credit risk rating (i.e. the items should be classified according to their risk profile).

Should the value impairment loss be eliminated according to some objective indications in subsequent reporting periods, it should be derecognized and immediately charged in the income statement. The value of derecognition should not result in a non-depreciated cost which is in excess of the value of the receivable at the date of derecognition, provided there was no impairment loss.

#### C.20. Borrowing Cost (I.A.S. 23)

Borrowing cost refers to interest charged on debt, as well as other expenses incurred by the company in securing that debt.

Included in borrowing costs are:

- Interest expenses on short-term and long-term bank loans, as well as overdraft interest charges
- Amortisation of par discount arising from bond loan issues
- Amortisation of additional expenses incurred in securing a loan
- Financial expenses from financial leases, as defined in I.A.S. 17
- Foreign exchange adjustments, to the extent that they constitute a financial expense

Borrowing costs that can be allocated directly in acquisition, construction or production of an asset which fulfils the requirements should be capitalized.

#### C.21. Operating Segments (I.F.R.S. 8)

The Group recognises the sectors of constructions, concessions and other activities as its primary business operating segments. It also recognizes Greece and international markets as its secondary operating geographic segments. Those operating segments are used by Management for internal purposes and strategic decisions are taken on the basis of the adjusted operating results of each segment, which are used to measure their performance.



#### C.22. Related Party Disclosures (I.A.S. 24)

Related party disclosures are governed by I.A.S. 24 and refer to transactions between a company reporting its financial statements and other related parties. The main issue is the economic substance of transactions, as opposed to their legal form.

A company is considered a related party to a reporting company if:

- a) It is directly or indirectly via intermediaries in control, or controlled by or under joint control of the reporting company
- b) It controls an equity stake in the reporting company which grants substantial control, or joint control of the reporting company
- c) It is an associate, as defined in IAS 28
- d) It is a joint venture, as defined in IAS 31
- e) It is a key member of the top management team (Board of Directors) of the reporting company or its parent firm
- f) It is closely related family-wise to any person matching the first and fourth case noted above
- g) It is a company controlled (or under joint control or under substantial influence) by a person matching the fourth and fifth case noted above
- h) It is has an employee defined benefit plan in place, where those eligible for receiving the benefits are either the reporting company or the employees of the reporting company

Related party transaction is any transfer of resources, services or liabilities between related parties, irrespective of the payment of a price in return.

## C.23. Significant accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimations and judgments that affect the reported disclosures. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates its estimates, the most important of which are presented below. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These management's estimation and assumptions form the bases for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily available from other sources. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

#### C.23.1 Impairment of goodwill and other non-financial assets

Management tests annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in paragraph C.4.i. The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units have been determined based on value-in-use calculations. The basic assumptions that are used in the calculations are explained further in note 12. These calculations require the use of estimates which mainly relate to future earnings and discount rates. Non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in paragraph C.6.

#### C.23.2 Income taxes

Group entities are subject to income taxes in numerous jurisdictions. Significant judgment is required in determining the worldwide provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

#### C.23.3 Deferred tax assets

Significant management judgment is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. Further details on taxes are disclosed in note 19.

## C.23.4 Asset lives and residual values

Property, plant and equipment (PPE) are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. The actual lives of the assets are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors.



#### C.23.5 Allowance for net realizable value of inventory

The allowance for net realizable value of inventory, in accordance with the accounting policy as stated in paragraph C.5, represents management's best estimate, based on historic sales trends and its assessment on quality and volume, of the extent to which the stock on hand at the reporting date will be sold below cost.

#### C.23.6 Allowance for doubtful accounts receivable

The Group's management periodically reassess the adequately of the allowance for doubtful accounts receivable using parameters such as its credit policy, reports from its legal counsel on recent developments of the cases they are handling, and its judgment/estimate about the impact of other factors affecting the recoverability of the receivables.

#### C.23.7 Provision for staff leaving indemnities

The cost for the staff leaving indemnities is determined based on actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation requires management making assumptions about future salary increases, discount rates, mortality rates, etc. Management, at each reporting date when the provision is re-examined, tries to give its best estimate regarding the above mentioned parameters.

#### C.23.8 Contingent liabilities

The existence of contingent liabilities requires from management making assumptions and estimates continuously related to the possibility that future events may or may not occur as well as the effects that those events may have on the activities of the Group.

## C.23.9 Construction Contracts (IAS 11)

Whenever the financial result of a contract may be estimated with reliability, the income and expenses of the contract are recognized during the life of the contract respectively as income and expenses. Income is only recognized to the extent that the cost arising from the contract may be recovered, while that cost is recognized as an expense in the period in which it arose.

## C.23.10 Joint Arrangements (IFRS 11)

The factors examined by the Group to assess whether a company is a joint arrangement, include the structure, the legal form, the contractual agreement and other facts and conditions.

## C.23.11 Fair Value measurement

A number of assets and liabilities included in the Group's financial statements require measurement at, and / or disclosure of, fair value. The Group measures a number of items at fair value (see Note 40):

- \* Tangible Fixed Assets & Property for Investment
- \* Financial Assets available for Sale
- \* Long-Term and Short-Term Loans
- \* Derivative Financial Instruments

# D. New Standards and Interpretations issued but not yet effective and not early adopted by the Group and the Company

These financial statements include the financial accounts of the Company and the consolidated accounts of the Group, and are prepared according to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as adopted by the European Union.

The financial statements were prepared using the same accounting policies as those used in preparing the accounts of the previous year, except for the adoption of new standards and interpretations which were made compulsory for accounting periods after January 01, 2013.

# IAS 16 Property, Plant & Equipment and IAS 38 Intangible assets (Amendment): Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization

The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. The amendment provides additional guidance on how the depreciation or amortization of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets should be calculated. This amendment clarifies the principle in IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 38 Intangible Assets that revenue reflects a pattern of economic benefits that are generated from operating a business (of which the asset is part) rather than the economic benefits that are consumed through use of the asset. As a result, the ratio of revenue generated to total revenue expected to be generated cannot be used to depreciate property, plant and equipment and



may only be used in very limited circumstances to amortize intangible assets. The amendment has not yet been endorsed by the EU. This amendment will not have an impact in the financial position or performance of the Group.

#### IAS 19 Defined Benefit Plans (Amended): Employee Contributions

The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 February 2015. The amendment applies to contributions from employees or third parties to defined benefit plans. The objective of the amendment is to simplify the accounting for contributions that are independent of the number of years of employee service, for example, employee contributions that are calculated according to a fixed percentage of salary. The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of the interpretation on the financial position or performance of the Group.

#### **IFRS 9 Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement**

The standard is applied for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 with early adoption permitted. The final phase of IFRS 9 reflects all phases of the financial instruments project and replaces IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement and all previous versions of IFRS 9. The standard introduces new requirements for classification and measurement, impairment, and hedge accounting. The standard has not yet been endorsed by the EU. The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of the interpretation on the financial position or performance of the Group.

# IFRS 11 Joint arrangements (Amendment): Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations

The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. IFRS 11 addresses the accounting for interests in joint ventures and joint operations. The amendment adds new guidance on how to account for the acquisition of an interest in a joint operation that constitutes a business in accordance with IFRS and specifies the appropriate accounting treatment for such acquisitions. The amendment has not yet been endorsed by the EU. The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of the interpretation on the financial position or performance of the Group.

## **IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts**

The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. The IASB has a project to consider the broad issues of rate regulation and plans to publish a Discussion Paper on this subject in 2014. Pending the outcome of this comprehensive Rate-regulated Activities project, the IASB decided to develop IFRS 14 as an interim measure. IFRS 14 permits first-time adopters to continue to recognise amounts related to rate regulation in accordance with their previous GAAP requirements when they adopt IFRS. However, to enhance comparability with entities that already apply IFRS and do not recognise such amounts, the standard requires that the effect of rate regulation must be presented separately from other items. An entity that already presents IFRS financial statements is not eligible to apply the standard. This standard has not yet been endorsed by the EU. The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of the interpretation on the financial position or performance of the Group.

## **IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers**

The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017. IFRS 15 establishes a five-step model that will apply to revenue earned from a contract with a customer (with limited exceptions), regardless of the type of revenue transaction or the industry. The standard's requirements will also apply to the recognition and measurement of gains and losses on the sale of some non-financial assets that are not an output of the entity's ordinary activities (e.g., sales of property, plant and equipment or intangibles). Extensive disclosures will be required, including disaggregation of total revenue; information about performance obligations; changes in contract asset and liability account balances between periods and key judgments and estimates. The standard has not been yet endorsed by the European Union. The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of the interpretation on the financial position or performance of the Group.

#### IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements (amended)

The amendment is effective from 1 January 2016. This amendment will allow entities to use the equity method to account for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in their separate financial statements and will help some jurisdictions move to IFRS for separate financial statements, reducing compliance costs without reducing the information available to investors. This amendment has not yet been endorsed by the EU. The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of the interpretation on the financial position or performance of the Group.



# Amendment in IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures: Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The amendments address an acknowledged inconsistency between the requirements in IFRS 10 and those in IAS 28, in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The main consequence of the amendments is that a full gain or loss is recognized when a transaction involves a business (whether it is housed in a subsidiary or not). A partial gain or loss is recognized when a transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business, even if these assets are housed in a subsidiary. The amendments will be effective from annual periods commencing on or after 1 January 2016. The amendments have not yet been endorsed by the EU. The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of the interpretation on the financial position or performance of the Group.

**The IASB has issued the Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2010 – 2012 Cycle**, which is a collection of amendments to IFRSs. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 February 2015. The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of the improvements on the financial position or performance of the Group.

- *IFRS 2 Share-based Payment:* This improvement amends the definitions of 'vesting condition' and 'market condition' and adds definitions for 'performance condition' and 'service condition' (which were previously part of the definition of 'vesting condition').

- *IFRS 3 Business combinations:* This improvement clarifies that contingent consideration in a business acquisition that is not classified as equity is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss whether or not it falls within the scope of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments.

- *IFRS 8 Operating Segments:* This improvement requires an entity to disclose the judgments made by management in applying the aggregation criteria to operating segments and clarifies that an entity shall only provide reconciliations of the total of the reportable segments' assets to the entity's assets if the segment assets are reported regularly.

- *IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement:* This improvement in the Basis of Conclusion of IFRS 13 clarifies that issuing IFRS 13 and amending IFRS 9 and IAS 39 did not remove the ability to measure short-term receivables and payables with no stated interest rate at their invoice amounts without discounting if the effect of not discounting is immaterial.

- *IAS 16 Property Plant & Equipment:* The amendment clarifies that when an item of property, plant and equipment is revalued, the gross carrying amount is adjusted in a manner that is consistent with the revaluation of the carrying amount.

- *IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures:* The amendment clarifies that an entity providing key management personnel services to the reporting entity or to the parent of the reporting entity is a related party of the reporting entity.

- *IAS 38 Intangible Assets:* The amendment clarifies that when an intangible asset is revalued the gross carrying amount is adjusted in a manner that is consistent with the revaluation of the carrying amount.

**The IASB has issued the Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2011 – 2013 Cycle**, which is a collection of amendments to IFRSs. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014. The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of the improvements on the financial position or performance of the Group.

- *IFRS 3 Business Combinations:* This improvement clarifies that IFRS 3 excludes from its scope the accounting for the formation of a joint arrangement in the financial statements of the joint arrangement itself.

- *IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement:* This improvement clarifies that the scope of the portfolio exception defined in paragraph 52 of IFRS 13 includes all contracts accounted for within the scope of IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement or IFRS 9 Financial Instruments, regardless of whether they meet the definition of financial assets or financial liabilities as defined in IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation.



- *IAS 40 Investment Properties:* This improvement clarifies that determining whether a specific transaction meets the definition of both a business combination as defined in IFRS 3 Business Combinations and investment property as defined in IAS 40 Investment Property requires the separate application of both standards independently of each other.

The IASB has issued the Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2012 – 2014 Cycle, which is a collection of amendments to IFRSs. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. These annual improvements have not yet been endorsed by the EU. The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of the improvements on the financial position or performance of the Group.

- *IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations:* The amendment clarifies that changing from one of the disposal methods to the other (through sale or through distribution to the owners) should not be considered to be a new plan of disposal; rather it is a continuation of the original plan. There is therefore no interruption of the application of the requirements in IFRS 5. The amendment also clarifies that changing the disposal method does not change the date of classification.

- *IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures*: The amendment clarifies that a servicing contract that includes a fee can constitute continuing involvement in a financial asset. Also, the amendment clarifies that the IFRS 7 disclosures relating to the offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities are not required in the condensed interim financial report.

- *IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting:* The amendment clarifies that the required interim disclosures must either be in the interim financial statements or incorporated by cross-reference between the interim financial statements and wherever they are included within the greater interim financial report (e.g., in the management commentary or risk report). The Board specified that the other information within the interim financial report must be available to users on the same terms as the interim financial statements and at the same time. If users do not have access to the other information in this manner, then the interim financial report is incomplete.

# IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28: Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception (Amendments)

The amendments address three issues arising in practice in the application of the investment entities consolidation exception. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. The amendments clarify that the exemption from presenting consolidated financial statements applies to a parent entity that is a subsidiary of an investment entity, when the investment entity measures all of its subsidiaries at fair value. Also, the amendments clarify that only a subsidiary that is not an investment entity itself and provides support services to the investment entity is consolidated. All other subsidiaries of an investment entity are measured at fair value. Finally, the amendments to IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures allow the investor, when applying the equity method, to retain the fair value measurement applied by the investment entity associate or joint venture to its interests in subsidiaries. These amendments have not yet been endorsed by the EU. The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of the amendments on the financial position or performance of the Group.

# IAS 1: Disclosure Initiative (Amendment)

The amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements further encourage companies to apply professional judgment in determining what information to disclose and how to structure it in their financial statements. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. The narrow-focus amendments to IAS clarify, rather than significantly change, existing IAS 1 requirements. The amendments relate to materiality, order of the notes, subtotals and disaggregation, accounting policies and presentation of items of other comprehensive income (OCI) arising from equity accounted Investments. These amendments have not yet been endorsed by the EU. The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of the amendment on the financial position or performance of the Group.

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

1a. Operational Sectors

# **Primary Operating Sector - Business Segments**

The Group is active in 3 main business segments:

- Construction
- Concessions
- Other activities (Real estate development and other activities)

The figures per business segments for the year ended June 30 2015 are as follows:

The figures per business segments for th	e year ended June 30 201	5 dre as follows:	Real Estate and	
	Construction	Concessions	other activities	Total
Total gross sales per segment	258.902.342	7.153.306	9.604.531	275.660.179
Inter-segment sales	(21.058.150)	-	(693.132)	(21.751.282)
Net Sales	237.844.192	7.153.306	8.911.399	253.908.897
Earnings before tax, financial expenses, investment results, depreciation and impairments	21.157.425	2.642.371	2.629.382	26.429.178
Depreciation and Impairments	(6.004.044)	(102.834)	(154.881)	(6.261.759)
Financial Results				(16.992.417)
Profit/ (Loss) before tax				3.175.002

The figures per business segments for the period ended June 30 2014 are as follows:

	Construction	Concessions	Real Estate and other activities	Total
Total gross sales per segment	232.321.097	1.250.478	11.039.028	244.610.604
Inter-segment sales	(1.868.594)	-	(1.069.758)	(2.938.352)
Net Sales	230.452.503	1.250.478	9.969.270	241.672.251
Earnings before tax, financial expenses, investment results, depreciation and impairments	38.877.757	2.533.966	3.073.077	44.484.799
Depreciation and Impairments	(23.048.350)	(102.474)	(2.641.459)	(25.792.283)
Financial Results				(16.283.976)
Profit/ (Loss) before tax				2.408.540

## 1b. Operating Sectors Secondary Operating Sector - Geographic Segments

The group is active in 2 main Geographical segments

- Greece
- International Markets

The figures per segment for the year ended 30 June 2015 are as follows:

The lightes per segment for the year ended 50 surfe 2015 are as		International	
	Greece	Markets	Total
Total gross sales per segment	161.682.971	113.977.208	275.660.179
Inter-segment sales	(6.751.282)	(15.000.000)	(21.751.282)
Net Sales	154.931.688	98.977.208	253.908.897
Earnings before tax, financial expenses, investment results, depreciation and impairments	32.121.530	(5.692.353)	26.429.178
Depreciation and Impairments	(3.313.049)	(2.948.710)	(6.261.759)
Financial Results		_	(16.992.417)
Profit/ (Loss) before tax		_	3.175.002

The figures per segment for the period ended 30 June 2014 are as follows:

	International				
	Greece	Markets	Total		
Total gross sales per segment Inter-segment sales	136.872.497 (2.938.352)	107.738.106	244.610.604 (2.938.352)		
Net Sales	133.934.145	107.738.106	241.672.251		
Earnings before tax, financial expenses, investment results, depreciation and					
impairments	17.726.784	26.758.016	44.484.799		
Depreciation and Impairments	(11.414.967)	(14.377.316)	(25.792.283)		
Financial Results		_	(16.283.976)		
Profit/ (Loss) before tax		=	2.408.540		

#### 2. Property, Plant and Equipment

GROUP			Machinery &		Furniture &	Assets under	Total Tangible
Cost	Land	Buildings	Equipment	Vehicles	Fittings	construction	Assets
Balance 31.12.2014	24.369.516	49.225.122	152.218.299	63.622.013	11.734.252	570.305	301.739.506
Acquisitions during the 1.1-30.06.2015 period	-	4.575	3.273.795	10.208	199.226	21.014	3.508.819
Net foreign currency exchange differences	-	279.349	3.671.732	1.626.170	253.752	-	5.831.003
Transfer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals during the 1.1-30.06.2015 period		52.259	31.245.814	13.029.058	192.388	138.149	44.657.668
Balance 30.06.2015	24.369.516	49.456.788	127.918.012	52.229.332	11.994.842	453.170	266.421.660
Accumulated Depreciation							
Balance 31.12.2014	-	20.900.874	108.829.757	46.080.909	10.250.472	2.625	186.064.637
Depreciation charge for the 1.1-30.06.2015 period	-	986.449	3.944.814	1.321.260	247.978	-	6.500.501
Net foreign currency exchange differences	-	203.200	2.644.548	1.136.323	224.969	-	4.209.039
Disposals during the 1.1-30.06.2015 period		51.659	23.072.233	11.671.756	175.544		34.971.192
Balance 30.06.2015	-	22.038.864	92.346.886	36.866.736	10.547.875	2.625	161.802.986
Net Book Value							
Balance 30.06.2015	24.369.516	27.417.924	35.571.126	15.362.596	1.446.967	450.545	104.618.674
Balance 31.12.2014	24.369.516	28.324.248	43.388.543	17.541.103	1.483.780	567.680	115.674.869

#### COMPANY

<u>Cost</u>	Land	Buildings	Machinery & Equipment	Vehicles	Furniture & Fittings	Assets under construction	Total Tangible Assets
Balance 31.12.2014	10.125.569	22.578.552	84.854.167	18.657.213	6.018.950	258.993	142.493.443
Acquisitions during the 1.1-30.06.2015 period	-	-	3.211.412	6.273	160.803	5.731	3.384.219
Net foreign currency exchange differences	-	-	81.986	17	23.700	-	105.703
Disposals during the 1.1-30.06.2015 period		52.259	14.921.735	8.289.543	173.098	138.149	23.574.784
Balance 30.06.2015	10.125.569	22.526.293	73.225.830	10.373.960	6.030.355	126.575	122.408.581
Accumulated Depreciation Balance 31.12.2014 Depreciation charge for the 1.1-30.06.2015 period Net foreign currency exchange differences Transfer Disposals during the 1.1-30.06.2015 period Balance 31.03.2015		7.806.820 250.218 - - 51.659 8.005.379	58.648.097 2.126.459 80.552 - 10.860.023 <b>49.995.085</b>	16.132.178 162.928 17 - 7.786.187 8.508.936	5.159.992 110.395 12.674 - 157.995 5.125.066		87.747.087 2.650.000 93.243 - <u>18.855.864</u> <b>71.634.466</b>
Net Book Value	-	8.005.379	49.995.085	8.508.936	5.125.066	-	/1.634.466
Balance 30.06.2015	10.125.569	14.520.913	23.230.745	1.865.024	905.289	126.575	50.774.115
Balance 31.12.2014	10.125.569	14.771.731	26.206.070	2.525.035	858.958	258.993	54.746.356

## 3. Investment Property

	GROUP			COMPANY			
	Land	Buildings	Total	Land	Buildings	Total	
Cost							
Balance 31.12.2014	17.491.403	2.967.082	20.458.485	1.017.285	254.450	1.271.736	
Acquisitions during the 1.1-							
30.06.2015 period	-		-	-	-	-	
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Translation exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Disposals during the 1.1-							
30.06.2015 period	86.349	127.151	213.500		<u> </u>		
Balance 30.06.2015	17.405.054	2.839.931	20.244.985	1.017.285	254.450	1.271.736	
Balance 31.12.2014	17.491.403	2.967.082	20.458.485	1.017.285	254.450	1.271.736	

# 4. Intangible Assets

# GROUP

Cost	Software	Other intangible Assets	TOTAL
Balance 31.12.2014	3.062.587	7.000.000	10.062.587
Acquisitions during the 1.1-30.06.2015 period	22.234	-	22.234
Net foreign currency exchange differences	20.187	-	20.187
Disposals during the 1.1-30.06.2015 period	4.589	<u> </u>	4.589
Balance 30.06.2015	3.100.419	7.000.000	10.100.419
Accumulated Depreciation			
Balance 31.12.2014	2.860.279	1.200.000	4.060.279
Amortisation charge for the 1.1-30.06 2015 period	42.895	100.000	142.895
Net foreign currency exchange differences	15.910	-	15.910
Disposals during the 1.1-30.06.2015 period	4.549		4.549
Balance 30.06.2015	2.914.535	1.300.000	4.214.535
Net Book Value			
Balance 30.06.2015	185.884	5.700.000	5.885.884
Balance 31.12.2014	202.308	5.800.000	6.002.308

# COMPANY

COMPANY		Other intangible	
Cost	Software	Assets	TOTAL
Balance 31.12.2014	2.218.323	-	2.218.323
Acquisitions during the 1.1-30.06.2015 period	19.151	-	19.151
Net foreign currency exchange differences	9	-	9
Disposals during the 1.1-30.06.2015 period	1.775	<u> </u>	1.775
Balance 30.06.2015	2.235.708	-	2.235.708
Accumulated Depreciation Balance 31.12.2014	2.154.872		2.154.872
Amortisation charge for the 1.1-30.06.2015 period	11.508	-	11.508
Net foreign currency exchange differences	9	-	9
Disposals during the 1.1-30.06.2015 period	1.775		1.775
Balance 30.06.2015	2.164.614	-	2.164.614
<u>Net Book Value</u>			
Balance 30.06.2015	71.094	-	71.094
Balance 31.12.2014	63.451	-	63.451

# 5. Clients and other receivables

	GRC	OUP	COMPANY	
	30.06.2015	31.12.2014	30.06.2015	31.12.2014
Receivables from clients, associates /subsidiares				
/participating interests	318.407.804	309.577.364	270.912.753	258.962.370
Other receivables	160.057.469	142.834.760	175.345.030	212.761.696
	478.465.273	452.412.124	446.257.783	471.724.066

# 6. Cash and cash equivalent

o. Cash and cash equivalent	GROUP		COMP	ANY
	30.06.2015	31.12.2014	30.06.2015	31.12.2014
Cash in hand	720.078	809.459	163.856	205.370
Cash at bank	80.537.585	79.304.320	60.951.270	62.032.695
	81.257.663	80.113.779	61.115.126	62.238.065

# 7. Trade and other payables

	GRO	DUP	COMPANY		
	30.06.2015	31.12.2014	30.06.2015	31.12.2014	
Trade payables	298.610.210	258.419.816	231.676.246	202.306.463	
Advances from clients	126.902.997	129.601.651	106.947.931	104.649.938	
Other current payables	112.764.057	78.416.264	94.190.499	78.011.504	
	538.277.264	466.437.731	432.814.676	384.967.905	

#### 8. Bank overdrafts and loans

	GRO	UP	COMPANY			
	30.06.2015	31.12.2014	30.06.2015	31.12.2014		
Short term debentures Loans	36.170.174 123.030.752	48.122.802 125.634.006	35.000.000 76.605.830	48.000.000 85.215.385		
	159.200.926	173.756.807	111.605.830	133.215.385		

# 9. Debenture Long - term Payables

	GRC	UP	COMP	ANY	
	30.06.2015	31.12.2014	30.06.2015	31.12.2014	
Debenture Long-term Payables	389.008.376	416.379.463	376.500.876	402.724.463	
Long - Term Loans	22.906.054	15.206.485	14.860.490	10.000.000	
	411.914.430	431.585.948	391.361.366	412.724.463	

#### 10. Other provisions and non-current liabilities

	GRO	UP	COMP	ANY	
	30.06.2015	31.12.2014	30.06.2015	31.12.2014	
Other provisions	5.471.692	4.994.470	5.205.489	4.067.258	
Other Non-current liabilities	11.540.825	6.968.805	4.760.419	3.007.125	
Non-current liabilities - Prepayments	22.718.569	27.900.645	22.718.569	26.928.659	
	39.731.086	39.863.920	32.684.477	34.003.042	

11. Share capital GROUP COMPANY 30.06.2015 31.12.2014 30.06.2015 31.12.2014 Paid up share capital (77.654.850 Shares of € 0.58) 45.039.813 45.039.813 45.039.813 45.039.813 Share premium account 146.676.671 146.676.671 146.676.671 146.676.671 191.716.484 191.716.484 191.716.484 191.716.484

#### 12. Memorandum accounts - Contingent liabilities

	GROUP	COMPANY
	30.06.2015 30.06.	
Letters of Guarantee	797.988.779	624.275.634
Other memorandum accounts	6.568.756	5.287.023
	804.557.535	629.562.657

#### 13. Encumbrances - Concessions of Receivables

On 30/06/2015 encumbrances valued at  $\in$ 38.127 thousands on the property of subsidiaries of the Group were outstanding to secure bank loans, the relative amount for the company is  $\in$ 3.973 thousands.

#### 14. Significant post balance sheet events

#### 14a. Main Risks & Uncertainties for the Second Half of 2015

Events in 2015 at both national and international level regarding the revision of the terms of Greece's funding programme gave rise to a very volatile macroeconomic and financial environment in Greece. On Aug 19, 2015 the European Commission, the Greek government and the Bank of Greece signed a Memorandum of Understanding for the new financial aid programme, which includes a loan amounting up to  $\in 86$  billion.

Despite the fact that the Greek government arrived at a deal, recent developments and the capital controls imposed by means of a Legislative Act on June 28, 2015 are expected to have a negative effect on the economy in the second half of 2015. The return to economic stability is largely dependent on the actions and decisions of institutions.

It should be noted however that keeping the capital controls in place after the resumption of operations in banks in July 2015 does not allow an improvement in transaction conditions between the business world and the local banking system, which were hard anyway in recent years due to broader tight liquidity conditions.

Greek banks have for a long time refrained from providing adequate financing for working capital in construction projects and participation in concessions, as well as new credit guarantees for participating in project tenders and delivering the projects.

Furthermore, payments by the Greek state towards public works and large concession projects are once again in long arrears, because funds from EU investment subsidies were diverted by the Greek government to cover its day-to-day expenses.

The cut back in the absorption of European funds for completing large public works, the reduction in total funding for new infrastructure, the reduction of spending on ongoing projects and delays in government payments on certified works, may impact the Group through a further reduction of turnover and potential liquidity problems.

The adverse conditions which have spanned the entire supply chain, especially international freight, will burden all businesses with increased costs.

Procurement of raw materials now requires particularly costly and time-consuming procedures.

The requirement to carry out transactions in cash has lengthened the time required for any transaction and affects all projects.

This renders a malfunction in procurement very likely, due to the difficulty involved in the payment-upon-delivery practice.

Delays in importing raw materials into Greece (from European and non-European countries, alike) may in some cases cause cancellation of orders from the side of suppliers.

Management continually evaluates conditions and their likely impact to ensure that all necessary and possible measures and actions are taken to minimize any impact on Group activities.

#### 14. Significant Post balance sheet events cont'd

#### 14b. Other post balance sheet events

The Annual General Meeting of shareholders of subsidiary ATHENA SA on 24.06.2015 approved the increase of its share capital by  $\in$ 35 million, capitalising an equal amount of payable liabilities to its parent company J&P-AVAX SA. The capital increase is reserved exclusively for J&P-AVAX SA, waiving the rights of other shareholders, and will raise J&P-AVAX's stake in ATHENA SA from 89.48% to 92.896%. It should be noted that the approval of the capital increase by the Development Ministry and the relevant Information Memorantum for the investment public by the Capital Markets Commission is pending.

The tax rate for corporate profits from 2015 onwards was raised from 26% to 29%, in line with article 1 paragraph 4 of Law 4334/2015. According to IAS 12 (para 47) and IAS 10 (para 22), the change in the tax rate voted on 16.07.2015 is a "non corrective event" and therefore the current and deferred tax charge booked in the 30.06.2015 financial accounts was calculated using the 26% tax rate which was in effect on balance sheet date. The impact of this event on shareholder funds is calculated as a  $\in$ 5.4 million and  $\notin$ 2.1 million reduction respectively for the Company and the Group, while the impact on the income statement is calculated as a  $\notin$ 0.4 million for the Company and the Group.

Contracts for the transfer of the shares and bonds in the following BOT projects under construction from subsidiary ATHENA SA to its parent J&P-AVAX SA were signed on 01.04.2015:

- AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA (participation 5%)
- OLYMPIA MOTORWAY SA (Participation 2.1%)
- OLYMPIA MOTORWAY OPERATION SA (Participation 2.1%)

The transfer of those participations does not affect financial results at consolidated level because they constitute an intra-group transaction which does not affect total Group participation.

## 15. Impairment of Value of Subsidiaries

The 30.06.2015 accounts of J&P-AVAX SA include an impairment of the value of participations in subsidiary companies amounting to  $\in$ 43 million. An impairment worth  $\in$ 33 million by subsidiary ATHENA SA relates to losses stemming from its operations in the UAE, with the balance of  $\in$ 10 million of impairments concerning the value of participations in other subsidiaries.

#### 16. Transactions with related parties

The Group is controlled by J&P-AVAX. Members of the Board of Directors and related legal entities collectively own 78% of the Company's common shares , while the balance of 22% is controlled by the broad investment public. Transactions with related parties are booked by the Company and its subsidiaries throughout the year. Sales to and purchases from related parties are carried out at aoing market prices. Year-end account balances are not covered with guarantees and their settlement is done on cash terms. The Group did not book any

Year-end account balances are not covered with guarantees and their settlement is done on cash terms. The Group did not book any provisions for doubtful receivables from related parties , because payments on those transactions have proceeded smoothly so far. Intra-Group transactions are netted off at consolidation of their financial accounts.

Following is a summary of transactions with related parties during the period 1/1-31/3/2015:

(all amounts in € thousands)

Group

	Income	Expenses	Receivables	Payables
PYRAMIS		9	129	10
ELIX Ag.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK			8 14	
OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA	126			
OLYMPIA ODOS SA	652		5	370
GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA ATHENS RINGROAD	180		31	153
AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA	119		280	67
SALONICA PARK A.E.	3		10	
POLISPARK SA	24		19	400
VOLTERRA A.E. GEFYRA SA	24 10		6	488
ATHENS CAR PARK	10		1	
HELLINIKON ENTERTAINMENT AND SPORT				
PARKS SA (KANOE - KAJAK)	200		433	
METROPOLITAN ATHENS PARK NEA SMIRNI CAR PARK			1 1	
CYCLADES ENERGY S.A			2	
5N			117	
3G			15	
SC ORIOL REAL ESTATE SRL DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX S.A. JOINT VENTURE			853 204	
NATIONAL WHEEL-J&P-AVAX J/V - DUBAI			2.662	
J&P-AVAX QATAR WLL			10	
JOANNOY & PARASKEVAIDES ENERGY J&P (UK) LTD LONDON			45	29
J&P (O) LTD-GUERNSEY				56
STARWARE ENTERPRISES LTD			4.919	
JOANNOY & PARASKEVAIDES (O) LTD				1
J&P (OVERSEAS) LTD - DUBAI VAKON SA			368	28.653
VIOENERGEIA SA	0		72	
LIMASSOL MARINA LTD			767	
ATHENA EMIRATES LLC			1.882	
Executives and members of the Board	1.315	<u>848</u> <b>856</b>	<u>21</u> <b>12.875</b>	<u>882</u> 30.708
Company	1.515	030	12.075	30.700
	Income	Expenses	Receivables	Payables
ETETH SA	56	289	3.614	2.285
ΤΔϚΚ 1&Ρ ΔΛΔΧ ϚΔ	1	205	1 402	1 144
TASK J&P AVAX SA J&P-AVAX IKTEO	1	205	1.402 176	1.144 11
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET	1	205 266	176 1	11 10
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT	1 18		176 1 709	11 10 3
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET	1	266	176 1	11 10
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL	1 18 461 1		176 1 709 30.153 200 40	11 10 3 574 111 134
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL JPA ATTICA SCHOOL FACILITIES	1 18 461 1 4.822	266	176 1 709 30.153 200 40 6.452	11 10 3 574 111
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL	1 18 461 1	266	176 1 709 30.153 200 40	11 10 3 574 111 134
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL JPA ATTICA SCHOOL FACILITIES ATHENS MARINA J&P ABAE CONCESSIONS ELIX	1 18 461 1 4.822	266	176 1 709 30.153 200 40 6.452 25 5 8	11 10 3 574 111 134 4.945
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL JPA ATTICA SCHOOL FACILITIES ATHENS MARINA J&P ABAE CONCESSIONS ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK	1 18 461 1 4.822 106	266	176 1 709 30.153 200 40 6.452 25 5	11 10 3 574 111 134 4.945
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL JPA ATTICA SCHOOL FACILITIES ATHENS MARINA J&P ABAE CONCESSIONS ELIX	1 18 461 1 4.822	266	176 1 709 30.153 200 40 6.452 25 5 8	11 10 3 574 111 134 4.945
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL JPA ATTICA SCHOOL FACILITIES ATHENS MARINA J&P ABAE CONCESSIONS ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA	1 18 461 1 4.822 106 45 600 159	266	176 1 709 30.153 200 40 6.452 25 5 8 14 18	11 10 3 574 111 134 4.945 20
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL JPA ATTICA SCHOOL FACILITIES ATHENS MARINA J&P ABAE CONCESSIONS ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA GEFYRA SA	1 18 461 1 4.822 106 45 600	266	176 1 709 30.153 200 40 6.452 25 5 8 14	11 10 3 574 111 134 4.945 20 370
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL JPA ATTICA SCHOOL FACILITIES ATHENS MARINA J&P ABAE CONCESSIONS ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA	1 18 461 1 4.822 106 45 600 159	266	176 1 709 30.153 200 40 6.452 25 5 8 14 18	11 10 3 574 111 134 4.945 20
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL JPA ATTICA SCHOOL FACILITIES ATHENS MARINA J&P ABAE CONCESSIONS ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA GEFYRA SA ATHENS RINGROAD	1 18 461 1 4.822 106 45 600 159 10	266	176 1 709 30.153 200 40 6.452 25 5 8 14 18 6	11 10 3 574 111 134 4.945 20 370 153
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL JPA ATTICA SCHOOL FACILITIES ATHENS MARINA J&P ABAE CONCESSIONS ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK OLYMPIA ODOS CAR PARK OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA GEFYRA SA ATHENS RINGROAD AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA SALONICA PARK SA POLISPARK SA	1 18 461 1 4.822 106 45 600 159 10 105 3	266	176 1 709 30.153 200 40 6.452 25 5 8 14 14 18 6 240	11 10 3 574 111 134 4.945 20 370 153 67
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL JPA ATTICA SCHOOL FACILITIES ATHENS MARINA J&P ABAE CONCESSIONS ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK OLYMPIA ODOS CAR PARK OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA SA GEFYRA SA ATHENS RINGROAD AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA SALONICA PARK SA POLISPARK SA VOLTERRA A.E.	1 18 461 1 4.822 106 45 600 159 10 105	266	176 1 709 30.153 200 40 6.452 25 5 8 14 18 6 240 7 19	11 10 3 574 111 134 4.945 20 370 153
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL JPA ATTICA SCHOOL FACILITIES ATHENS MARINA J&P ABAE CONCESSIONS ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA GEFYRA SA ATHENS RINGROAD AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA SALONICA PARK SA POLISPARK SA VOLTERRA A.E. ATHENS CAR PARK	1 18 461 1 4.822 106 45 600 159 10 105 3	266	176 1 709 30.153 200 40 6.452 25 5 8 14 18 6 240 7	11 10 3 574 111 134 4.945 20 370 153 67
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL JPA ATTICA SCHOOL FACILITIES ATHENS MARINA J&P ABAE CONCESSIONS ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK OLYMPIA ODOS CAR PARK OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA SA GEFYRA SA ATHENS RINGROAD AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA SALONICA PARK SA POLISPARK SA VOLTERRA A.E.	1 18 461 1 4.822 106 45 600 159 10 105 3	266	176 1 709 30.153 200 40 6.452 25 5 8 14 18 6 240 7 19	11 10 3 574 111 134 4.945 20 370 153 67
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL JPA ATTICA SCHOOL FACILITIES ATHENS MARINA J&P ABAE CONCESSIONS ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK OLYMPIA ODOS CAR PARK OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA GEFYRA SA ATHENS RINGROAD AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA SALONICA PARK SA POLISPARK SA VOLTERRA A.E. ATHENS CAR PARK HELLINIKON ENTERTAINMENT AND SPORT PARKS SA (KANOE - KAJAK) DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX S.A. JOINT VENTURE	1 18 461 1 4.822 106 45 600 159 10 105 3 24	266	176 1 709 30.153 200 40 6.452 25 5 8 14 18 6 240 7 19 1 433 204	11 10 3 574 111 134 4.945 20 370 153 67
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL JPA ATTICA SCHOOL FACILITIES ATHENS MARINA J&P ABAE CONCESSIONS ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA GEFYRA AOPERATIONS SA GEFYRA SA ATHENS RINGROAD AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA SALONICA PARK SA POLISPARK SA VOLTERRA A.E. ATHENS CAR PARK HELLINIKON ENTERTAINMENT AND SPORT PARKS SA (KANOE - KAJAK) DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX S.A. JOINT VENTURE NATIONAL WHEEL-J&P-AVAX J/V - DUBAI	1 18 461 1 4.822 106 45 600 159 10 105 3 24	266	176 1 709 30.153 200 40 6.452 25 5 8 14 18 6 240 7 19 1 433 204 2.662	11 10 3 574 111 134 4.945 20 370 153 67 488
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL JPA ATTICA SCHOOL FACILITIES ATHENS MARINA J&P ABAE CONCESSIONS ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA GEFYRA A SA ATHENS RINGROAD AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA SALONICA PARK SA POLISPARK SA VOLTERRA A.E. ATHENS CAR PARK HELLINIKON ENTERTAINMENT AND SPORT PARKS SA (KANOE - KAJAK) DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX J/V - DUBAI J&P(O) -J&P-AVAX J/V - QATAR	1 18 461 1 4.822 106 45 600 159 10 105 3 24	266	176 1 709 30.153 200 40 6.452 25 5 8 14 18 6 240 7 19 1 433 204	11 10 3 574 111 134 4.945 20 370 153 67
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL JPA ATTICA SCHOOL FACILITIES ATHENS MARINA J&P ABAE CONCESSIONS ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA GEFYRA AOPERATIONS SA GEFYRA SA ATHENS RINGROAD AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA SALONICA PARK SA POLISPARK SA VOLTERRA A.E. ATHENS CAR PARK HELLINIKON ENTERTAINMENT AND SPORT PARKS SA (KANOE - KAJAK) DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX S.A. JOINT VENTURE NATIONAL WHEEL-J&P-AVAX J/V - DUBAI	1 18 461 1 4.822 106 45 600 159 10 105 3 24	266	176 1 709 30.153 200 40 6.452 25 5 8 14 18 6 240 7 19 1 433 204 2.662 63	11 10 3 574 111 134 4.945 20 370 153 67 488
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL JPA ATTICA SCHOOL FACILITIES ATHENS MARINA J&P ABAE CONCESSIONS ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA GEFYRA SA ATHENS RINGROAD AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA SALONICA PARK SA POLISPARK SA VOLTERRA A.E. ATHENS CAR PARK HELLINIKON ENTERTAINMENT AND SPORT PARKS SA (KANOE - KAJAK) DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX J.V - DUBAI J&P-AVAX QATAR WLL J/V J&P-AVAX - J&PARASKEVAIDES OV.LTD (JORDAN)	1 18 461 1 4.822 106 45 600 159 10 105 3 24	266	176     1     709     30.153     200     40     6.452     25     5     8     14     18     6     240     7     19     1     433     204     2.662     63     10	11 10 3 574 111 134 4.945 20 370 153 67 488
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL JPA ATTICA SCHOOL FACILITIES ATHENS MARINA J&P ABAE CONCESSIONS ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA GEFYRA SA ATHENS RINGROAD AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA SALONICA PARK SA POLISPARK SA VOLTERRA A.E. ATHENS CAR PARK HELLINIKON ENTERTAINMENT AND SPORT PARKS SA (KANOE - KAJAK) DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX J.V - DUBAI J&P-AVAX QATAR WLL J/V J&P-AVAX - J&PARASKEVAIDES OV.LTD (JORDAN) JOANNOY & PARASKEYAIDES ENERGY	1 18 461 1 4.822 106 45 600 159 10 105 3 24	266	176 1 709 30.153 200 40 6.452 25 5 8 14 18 6 240 7 19 1 433 204 2.662 63	11 10 3 574 111 134 4.945 20 370 153 67 488 11.779 8
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL JPA ATTICA SCHOOL FACILITIES ATHENS MARINA J&P ABAE CONCESSIONS ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA AOPERATIONS SA GEFYRA SA ATHENS RINGROAD AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA SALONICA PARK SA VOLTERRA A.E. ATHENS CAR PARK HELLINIKON ENTERTAINMENT AND SPORT PARKS SA (KANOE - KAJAK) DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX S.A. JOINT VENTURE NATIONAL WHEEL-J&P-AVAX J/V - DUBAI J&P(O) -J&P-AVAX J/V - QATAR J&P-AVAX QATAR WLL J/V J&P-AVAX - J&PARASKEVAIDES OV.LTD (JORDAN) JOANNOY & PARASKEYAIDES ENERGY J&P (UK) LTD LONDON	1 18 461 1 4.822 106 45 600 159 10 105 3 24	266	176     1     709     30.153     200     40     6.452     25     5     8     14     18     6     240     7     19     1     433     204     2.662     63     10	11 10 3 574 111 134 4.945 20 370 153 67 488 11.779 8 29
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL JPA ATTICA SCHOOL FACILITIES ATHENS MARINA J&P ABAE CONCESSIONS ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA GEFYRA SA ATHENS RINGROAD AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA SALONICA PARK SA POLISPARK SA VOLTERRA A.E. ATHENS CAR PARK HELLINIKON ENTERTAINMENT AND SPORT PARKS SA (KANOE - KAJAK) DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX J.V - DUBAI J&P-AVAX QATAR WLL J/V J&P-AVAX - J&PARASKEVAIDES OV.LTD (JORDAN) JOANNOY & PARASKEYAIDES ENERGY	1 18 461 1 4.822 106 45 600 159 10 105 3 24	266	176     1     709     30.153     200     40     6.452     25     5     8     14     18     6     240     7     19     1     433     204     2.662     63     10	11 10 3 574 111 134 4.945 20 370 153 67 488 11.779 8
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL JPA ATTICA SCHOOL FACILITIES ATHENS MARINA J&P ABAE CONCESSIONS ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA GEFYRA SA ATHENS RINGROAD AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA SALONICA PARK SA POLISPARK SA VOLTERRA A.E. ATHENS CAR PARK HELLINIKON ENTERTAINMENT AND SPORT PARKS SA (KANOE - KAJAK) DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX S.A. JOINT VENTURE NATIONAL WHEEL-J&P-AVAX J/V - DUBAI J&P(O) -J&P-AVAX J/V - QATAR J&P-AVAX QATAR WLL J/V J&P-AVAX - J&PARASKEVAIDES OV.LTD (JORDAN) JOANNOY & PARASKEYAIDES ENERGY J&P (UK) LTD LONDON J&P (O) LTD - GUERNSEY	1 18 461 1 4.822 106 45 600 159 10 105 3 24	266	176     1     709     30.153     200     40     6.452     25     5     8     14     18     6     240     7     19     1     433     204     2.662     63     10	11 10 3 574 111 134 4.945 20 370 153 67 488 11.779 8 29 56
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL JPA ATTICA SCHOOL FACILITIES ATHENS MARINA J&P ABAE CONCESSIONS ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA GEFYRA SA ATHENS RINGROAD AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA SALONICA PARK SA POLISPARK SA VOLTERRA A.E. ATHENS CAR PARK HELLINIKON ENTERTAINMENT AND SPORT PARKS SA (KANOE - KAJAK) DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX S.A. JOINT VENTURE NATIONAL WHEEL-J&P-AVAX J/V - DUBAI J&P-AVAX QATAR WLL J/V J&P-AVAX - J&PARASKEVAIDES OV.LTD (JORDAN) JOANNOY & PARASKEVAIDES (O) LTD LEMESSOS MARINA LTD J&P (OVERSEAS) LTD - DUBAI	1 18 461 1 4.822 106 45 600 159 10 105 3 24 200	266	176 1 709 30.153 200 40 6.452 25 5 8 14 18 6 240 7 19 1 433 204 2.662 63 10 45	11 10 3 574 111 134 4.945 20 370 153 67 488 11.779 8 29 56 1 28.653
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL JPA ATTICA SCHOOL FACILITIES ATHENS MARINA J&P ABAE CONCESSIONS ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA GEFYRA SA ATHENS RINGROAD AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA SALONICA PARK SA POLISPARK SA VOLTERRA A.E. ATHENS CAR PARK HELLINIKON ENTERTAINMENT AND SPORT PARKS SA (KANOE - KAJAK) DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX J.V - DUBAI J&P-AVAX QATAR WLL J/V J&P-AVAX - J&PARASKEVAIDES OV.LTD (JORDAN) JOANNOY & PARASKEVAIDES (O) LTD LEMESSOS MARINA LTD J&P (OVERSEAS) LTD - DUBAI JOINT VENTURES	1 18 461 1 4.822 106 45 600 159 10 105 3 24	266 32	176 1 709 30.153 200 40 6.452 25 5 8 14 18 6 240 7 19 1 433 204 2.662 63 10 45	$ \begin{array}{c} 11\\ 10\\ 3\\ 574\\ 111\\ 134\\ 4.945\\ 20\\ 370\\ 153\\ 67\\ 488\\ 11.779\\ 8\\ 29\\ 56\\ 1\\ 28.653\\ 1.693\\ \end{array} $
J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL JPA ATTICA SCHOOL FACILITIES ATHENS MARINA J&P ABAE CONCESSIONS ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA GEFYRA SA ATHENS RINGROAD AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA SALONICA PARK SA POLISPARK SA VOLTERRA A.E. ATHENS CAR PARK HELLINIKON ENTERTAINMENT AND SPORT PARKS SA (KANOE - KAJAK) DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX S.A. JOINT VENTURE NATIONAL WHEEL-J&P-AVAX J/V - DUBAI J&P-AVAX QATAR WLL J/V J&P-AVAX - J&PARASKEVAIDES OV.LTD (JORDAN) JOANNOY & PARASKEVAIDES (O) LTD LEMESSOS MARINA LTD J&P (OVERSEAS) LTD - DUBAI	1 18 461 1 4.822 106 45 600 159 10 105 3 24 200	266	176 1 709 30.153 200 40 6.452 25 5 8 14 18 6 240 7 19 1 433 204 2.662 63 10 45	11 10 3 574 111 134 4.945 20 370 153 67 488 11.779 8 29 56 1 28.653



#### J&P - AVAX S.A.

Company number in the General Electronic Commercial Registry: 913601000 (Former Number 14303/06/B/86/26 in the register of Societes Anonymes)

16 Amarousiou-Halandriou Street, Marousi 151 25, Greece

Figures and Information for the period of 1st of January until 30th of June 2015

Checording to 4/507/28.4.2009 resolution of the period of 1st of January until 30th of June 2015 (According to 4/507/28.4.2009 resolution of Greek Capital Committee) The figures and information illustrated below aim to provide a summary view of the financial position and results of J&P-AVAX S.A. and its subsidiaries. Before making any investment decision or any other transaction concerning the company, we advise the reader to visit the company's web site (www.jp-avax.gr) which presents the detailed financial statements according to International Financial Reporting Standards, along with the auditor's report when required.

Web Site:

Auditing Firm:

Board of Directors approval date:

Type of Auditor's Review Report:

Public Certified Accountant:

www.jp-avax.gr August 28th, 2015 Dimitrios V. Spyrakis (S.O.E.L. R.N. 34191) BDO Certified Public Accountants S .A . (S.O.E.L. R.N. 173)

Unqualified Opinion - Emphasis of Matter

<u>CONDENSED STATEMENT</u> Amounts in	€ thousand			<b>2</b> 4117				TATEMENT OF TOTA Amounts in € ti		<u>E INCOME</u>			
	GRO			PANY	·			OUP			COMP		
ASSETS	30/6/2015	31/12/2014	30/6/2015	31/12/2014	-	1/1-30/06/2015	1/1-30/06/2014	1/4-30/06/2015	1/4-30/06/2014	1/1-30/06/2015	1/1-30/06/2014	1/4-30/06/2015	1/4-30/06/2014
Tangible assets	104.619	115.675	50.774	54.746									
Investment properties	20.245 5.886	20.458 6.002	1.272 71	1.272 63	Turnover Cost of sales	253.909 (224.515)	241.672 (195.275)	123.345 (103.526)	121.665 (100.635)	199.650 (144.408)	173.757 (125.501)	100.971 (62.639)	88.503 (65.478)
Intangible assets Available for sale investments	150.380	149.319	468.368	446.418	Gross profit	29.394	46.397	19.818	21.031	55.242	48.257	38.332	23.024
Other non current assets	261.224	264.485	164.572	170.224									
Inventories Trade receivables	37.650 598.256	40.222 570.632	19.839 476.517	20.963 438.077	Other net operating income/(expense) Gain/ (loss) from impairement of assets	1.443 382	(437) (17.616)	962 202	(2.069) (8.518)	344 (42.547)	(223) (12.077)	255 (42.727)	(1.701) (979)
Other current assets	162.324	144.720	176.981	213.944	Administrative expenses	(14.837)	(14.460)	(8.031)	(8.518)	(42.547) (9.683)	(9.794)	(42.727) (5.534)	(5.832)
Cash and cash equivalents	81.258	80.114	61.115	62.238	Selling & Marketing expenses	(1.907)	(2.046)	(1.183)	(128)	(1.167)	(1.444)	(762)	(48)
TOTAL ASSETS	1.421.842	1.391.628	1.419.509	1.407.946	Income/(Losses) from Associates/Participations Profit before tax, financial & investment	5.694	6.853	3.288	3.320	28.007	22.336	28.007	16.632
					results	20.167	18.693	15.056	5.124	30.196	47.056	17.570	31.097
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					Net finance costs	(16.992)	(16.284)	(7.790)	(6.396)	(15.449)	(12.075)	(7.201)	(4.267)
Share Capital (77.654.850 shares x 0,58 euro)	45.040	45.040	45.040	45.040	Profit/ (Loss) before tax	3.175	2.409	7.267	(1.271)	14.747	34.981	10.370	26.830
Share Premium account	146.677	146.677	146.677	146.677	Тах	(5.974)	(1.259)	(3.867)	(1.543)	(5.391)	(1.433)	(2.643)	(658)
Other equity items Share capital and reserves (a)	20.388 212.104	24.463 216.179	180.327 372.043	173.264 364.980	Profit/ (Loss) after tax (a)	(2.799)	1.149	3.399	(2.815)	9.355	33.548	7.727	26.172
Non-controlling interests (b)	93	616	-	-		(2.755)	1.140	0.000	(2.010)	3.555	55.540		20.172
Total Equity (c) = (a)+(b)	212.197	216.796	372.043	364.980	Attributable to :								
Long-term loans Provisions and other long-term liabilities	411.914 89.290	431.586 88.450	391.361 103.934	412.724 100.718	<ul> <li>Equity holders of the parent</li> <li>Not-controlling intersts</li> </ul>	977 (3.776)	3.011 (1.862)	6.155 (2.755)	(1.391) (1.424)	9.355	33.548	7.727	26.172
Short-term borrowings	159.201	173.757	111.606	133.215	Not controlling interests	(2.799)	1.149	3.399	(2.815)	9.355	33.548	7.727	26.172
Other short-term liabilities	549.240	481.040	440.566	396.309	Other comprehensive income net of tax (b)	(2.060)	(13.567)	(1.760)	(12.676)	(2.292)	(10.921)	(2.246)	(10.896)
Total liabilities (d)	1.209.645	1.174.832	1.047.466	1.042.966	Total comprehensive income net of tax (a) + (b)	(4.859)	(12.418)	1.639	(15.491)	7.063	22.627	5.481	15.276
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY AND LIABILITIES (c)+(d)	1.421.842	1.391.628	1.419.509	1.407.946	Attributable to :								
					- Equity holders of the parent	(1.084)	(10.558)	4.396	(14.068)	7.063	22.627	5.481	15.276
					- Not-controlling intersts	(3.776)	(1.860)	(2.757)	(1.422)			<u> </u>	-
CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY													
Amounts in € thousand													
	GRO	UP	СОМ	PANY	Basic earnings/(losses) per share (in €)	0,0126	0,0388	0,0793	(0,0179)	0,1205	0,4320	0,0995	0,3370
	00/0/0045	00/0/0014	00/0/0015	00/0/0014									
	30/6/2015	30/6/2014	30/6/2015	30/6/2014	Profit before tax, financial and investment								
Equity balance at the beginning of the period (1/1/15 and 1/1/14 respectively)	216.796	238.573	364.980	348.359	results and depreciation	26.429	44.485	18.101	17.706	75.405	62.988	61.821	34.027
Total comprehensive income after tax	(4.859)	(12.418)	7.063	22.627									
Other movements Addition/(deduction) of minority interests	260	- 84	-	-				CASH FLOW STA	TEMENT				
Total equity balance at the end of the period (30/06/15 and 30/06/14 respectively)	212.197	226.240	372.043	370.986				Amounts in € the	ousand				
								GRO	UP		-	COMP	ANY
								1/1-30/06/2015	1/1-30/06/2014		-	1/1-30/06/2015	1/1-30/06/2014
					Operating Activities								
TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES	amounts in € thousand	)						0.475	0.400				
	GROUP	COMPANY			Profit/ (Loss) before tax			3.175	2.409			14.747	34.981
	1/1-30/06/2015	1/1-30/06/2015			Adjustments for:								
a) Income b) Expenses	1.315	7.369 793			Depreciation Exchnage differences			6.643 (76)	8.177 (281)			2.662 (76)	3.855 (281)
c) Receivables	12.854	87.331			Provisions			(1.324)	12.825			(128)	4.858
d) Payables	29.826	52.534			Interest income			(1.677)	(4.303)			(1.479)	(4.079)
e) Key management compensations	848	263			Interest expense			18.966	20.274			16.928	16.154
f) Peceivables from key management     g) Payables to key management	21 882	- 351			(Gain)/ Loss from impairement of assets (Gain)/ Loss from financial instruments			(382) (297)	5.098 313			42.547	7.098
o,	002	001			Investment (income)/ Loss			(5.686)	(6.475)			(28.007)	(22.336)
					Change in working capital (Increase)/decrease in inventories			2.572	(7.627)			1.124	(6.553)
NOTE	S				(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivable	es		(50.884)	(105.926)			(14.562)	(87.555)
					Increase/(decrease) in payables			64.586	57.535			(6.015)	39.024
1. The accounting policies applied in preparing these Financial Statements are consistent with those			.2014.		Interest paid			(13.496)	(18.947)			(11.457)	(14.449)
2. Tax auditing for the Company and the companies of the Group are analysed in note C1 of the I	nterim Condensed Finan	cial Report.			Income taxes paid			(1.539)	(273)		-	(1.101)	(400)
<ol><li>There are ongoing litigation cases with judicial or administrative bodies which are not expected</li></ol>	d to have a significant i	mnact on the financial	stance of the Group a	ind the Company The	Cash Flow from Operating Activities (a)			20.582	(37.201)			15.184	(29.682)
estimated amount for the fiscal years not tax audited as of 30.06.2015 is € 596 thousand for the									· · · · · ·		-		
<ol> <li>443 thousand for the Group and € 132.471 thousand for the Company.</li> <li>4. The companies of the Group , the percentages the Group participates in their share capital, as</li> </ol>	well as the consolidation	method used in the fin-	ancial statements of the	e fiscal period 1/1-	Investing Activities:								
30/06/2015, are mentioned analytically in note C1 of the Interim Condensed Financial Report.					Purchase of tangible and intangible assets			(3.531)	(7.393)			(3.404)	(2.973)
5. The number of employees at the end of the reporting period at Group level is 1.478 persons (ve	rsus 1.631 on 30/06/201	4 and at Company leve	el is 962 (versus 1.102 d	on 30/06/2014) .	Proceeds from disposal of tangible and intangible	e assets		9.900	576			4.719	361
6. Earnings per share are calculated using the weighted average number of shares for the period					(Acquisition)/ Sale of associates, JVs and other in			(8.012)	(17.840)			(3.502)	(18.566)
7. The Board of Directors approved the above financial statements on August 28th, 2015.					Interest received			1.047	4.303			848	3.052
8. Minor differences in sums are due to rounding.					Dividends received			15.386	28.652			28.007	20.075
9. Capital expenditure for the period of 1/1-30/06/2015 amounted to : Group $\in$ 3,5 m and Compa	ny € 3,4 m.				Cash Flow from Investing Activities (b)						-		
10. Mortgages are underwritten for a value of 3,973 thousand euro and 38,127 thousand euro res	pectively on Company ar	nd Group property to se	ecure bank loans.		• • • • •			14.790	8.298		-	26.667	1.949
<ol> <li>The other comprehensive income after tax for the Group and the Company are as follows:</li> </ol>	. ,				Financing Activities Proceeds (Payments) from loans			(34.227)	16.834			(42.973)	13.352
GROUP	COMP	ANY			Proceeds (Payments) from loans Dividends paid			(34.227) (1)	16.834 (3)			(42.973)	13.352 (3)
	·										-		
1/1-30/06/2015 1/1-30/06/2014	1/1-30/06/2015	1/1-30/06/2014			Cash Flow from Financing Activities (c)			(34.228)	16.832		-	(42.974)	13.350
Amounts reclassified to the income					Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (a)	)+(b)+(c)		1.144	(12.071)			(1.123)	(14.384)
statement in subsequent periods		-			Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of fis	scal year		80.114	98.175		-	62.238	78.364
statement in subsequent periods Cash flow hedging (251) -	-					od							63.980
statement in subsequent periods Cash flow hedging (251) - Translation differences of subsidiaries abroad (646) (5.460)	- (1.876)	(2.641)			Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	ou		81.258	86.103			61.115	
statement in subsequent periods     (251) -       Cash flow hedging     (251) -       Translation differences of subsidiaries abroad     (646) (5.460)       Reserves for available for sale investments     - (11.186)	-	(11.186)			Cash and cash equivalents at the end of perio	u u		81.258	86.103		-	61.115	
statement in subsequent periods     (251)     -       Cash flow hedging     (251)     -       Translation differences of subsidiaries abroad     (646)     (5.460)       Reserves for available for sale investments     -     (11.186)       Revaluation reserves of other assets     (654)     231	- (563)	(11.186) (3)			Cash and cash equivalents at the end of perio			81.258	86.103		-	61.115	
statement in subsequent periods     (251) -       Cash flow hedging     (251) -       Translation differences of subsidiaries abroad     (646) (5.460)       Reserves for available for sale investments     - (11.186)	-	(11.186)			Cash and cash equivalents at the end of peric	u.		81.258	86.103		-	61.115	
statement in subsequent periods         (251)         -           Cash flow hedging         (251)         -           Translation differences of subsidiaries abroad         (646)         (5.460)           Reserves for available for sale investments         -         (11.186)           Revaluation reserves of other assets         (654)         231           Tax on other comprehensive income         235         2.848           Amounts not reclassified to the income         -         -	- (563)	(11.186) (3)			Cash and cash equivalents at the end of peric			81.258	86.103		-	61.115	
statement in subsequent periods     (251)     -       Cash flow hedging     (251)     -       Translation differences of subsidiaries abroad     (646)     (5.460)       Reserves for available for sale investments     -     (11.186)       Revaluation reserves of other assets     (654)     231       Tax on other comprehensive income     235     2.848	- (563)	(11.186) (3)			Cash and cash equivalents at the end of peric			81.258	86.103		-	61.115	
statement in subsequent periods         (251)         -           Cash flow hedging         (251)         -           Translation differences of subsidiaries abroad         (646)         (5.460)           Reserves for available for sale investments         -         (11.186)           Revaluation reserves of other assets         (654)         231           Tax on other comprehensive income         235         2.848           Amounts not reclassified to the income         -         -	- (563)	(11.186) (3)			Cash and cash equivalents at the end of peric			81.258	86.103		-	61.115	
statement in subsequent periods     (251)     -       Cash flow hedging     (251)     -       Translation differences of subsidiaries abroad     (646)     (5.460)       Reserves for available for sale investments     -     (11.186)       Revaluation reserves of other assets     (654)     231       Tax on other comprehensive income     235     2.848       Amounts not reclassified to the income statement in subsequent periods     -	- (563)	(11.186) (3)			Cash and cash equivalents at the end of peric			81.258	86.103		-	61.115	
statement in subsequent periods     (251)     -       Cash flow hedging     (251)     -       Translation differences of subsidiaries abroad     (646)     (5.460)       Reserves for available for sale investments     -     (11.186)       Revaluation reserves of other assets     (654)     231       Tax on other comprehensive income     235     2.848       Amounts not reclassified to the income statement in subsequent periods     Reserves     (965)	- (563)	(11.186) (3)			Cash and cash equivalents at the end of peric			81.258	86.103		-	61.115	
Statement in subsequent periods     -       Cash flow hedging     (251)     -       Translation differences of subsidiaries abroad     (646)     (5.460)       Reserves for available for sale investments     -     (11.186)       Revaluation reserves of other assets     (654)     231       Tax on other comprehensive income     235     2.848       Amounts not reclassified to the income statement in subsequent periods     -     -       Reserves     (965)     -       Revaluation of liabilities for personnel retirement     (41)     -	- (563)	(11.186) (3)			Cash and cash equivalents at the end of peric			81.258	86.103		-	61.115	

12. On April 1st, 2015 the subsidiary ATHENA SA sold to the parent company J&P-AVAX SA the shares and bonds that held in the BOT projects under construction and more specifically to the following companies that implement those projects: AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA (participation 5%), OLYMPIA MOTORWAY SA (Participation 2.1%), OLYMPIA MOTORWAY OPERATION SA (Participation 2.1%).

liabilities to its parent company J&P-AVAX SA. The capital increase is reserved	n 24.06.2015 approved the increase of its share capital by €35 million, capitalising an equal am ed exclusively for J&P-AVAX SA, waiving the rights of other shareholders, and will raise J&P-A by the Development Ministry and the relevant Information Memorandum for the investment public development Ministry and the relevant Information Memorandum for the investment public development Ministry and the relevant Information Memorandum for the investment public development Ministry and the relevant Information Memorandum for the investment public development Ministry and the relevant Information Memorandum for the investment public development Ministry and the relevant Information Memorandum for the investment public development Ministry and the relevant Information Memorandum for the investment public development Ministry and the relevant Information Memorandum for the investment public development Ministry and the relevant Information Memorandum for the investment public development Ministry and the relevant Information Memorandum for the investment public development Ministry and the relevant Information Memorandum for the investment public development Ministry and the relevant Information Memorandum for the investment public development Ministry and the relevant Information Memorandum for the investment public development Ministry and the relevant Information Memorandum for the investment public development Memorandum for the second s	AVAX's stake in		
	ote 14a of the Interim Condensed Financial Report as of 30.06.2015 where reference is made al impact on future operations, financial performance and financial position of group compani			
	5 to 29%, in line with article 1 paragraph 4 of Law 4334/2015 which passed on 16/07/2015. Th ction respectively for the Company and the Group, while the impact on the income statement is			
		MAROUSI, AUGUST 28th 2015		
CHAIRM/ EXECUTIVE D		VICE CHAIRMAN & MANAGING DIRECTOR	EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR & GROUP CFO	CHIEF ACCOUNTANT
CHRISTOS JO		KONSTANTINOS MITZALIS	ATHENA ELIADES	GEORGE GIANNOPOULOS
I.D. No. 88	39746 I.D. No AI 597426	I.D. No. Ξ547337	I.D. No. 550801	I.D. No. Al 109515