

J&P - AVAX S.A.

Interim Condensed Financial Reporting

From January 1st, 2012 to June 30th, 2012

J&P - AVAX S.A.

Company Registry # 14303/06/B/86/26

16 Amarousiou-Halandriou Street,

151 25, Marousi, Greece



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The Interim Condensed Financial Statements presented through pages 1 to 52 for the Group and the Parent Company, have been approved by the Board of Directors on 29th of August, 2012.

Executive Director	Managing Director	Group CFO	Chief Accountant
KONSTANTINOS	KONSTANTINOS	ATHENA	GEORGE
KOUVARAS	MITZALIS	ELIADES	KANTSAS
I.D.No. AI 597426	I.D.No. =547337	I.D.No. 550801	I.D.No. N279385

WEBSITE WHERE THE COMPANIES AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AVAILABLE

We hereby certify that this interim condensed financial report was approved by the Board of Directors of «J&P-AVAX S.A.» on August 29, 2012 and published by means of submission to the Athens Stock Exchange and the Hellenic Capital Markets Commission, as well as their upload to the corporate website (www.jp-avax.gr). It is noted that the financial statements published in the Press aim To provide their readers with a financial overview but do not fully illustrate the financial circumstances of the Company and the Group, in accordance with the International Accounting Standards.

STATEMENT OF MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(in accordance with article 5, paragraph 2 of Law 3556/2007)

In our capacity as executive members of the Board of Directors of J&P-AVAX SA (the «Company»), and according to the best of our knowledge, we,

- 1. Kouvaras Constantinos, Deputy President and Executive Director
- 2. Mitzalis Constantinos, Managing Director,
- 3. Joannou Christos, Executive Director

declare the following:

- the financial statements for the period from 01.01.2012 to 30.06.2012, prepared under the
 International Financial Reporting Standards currently in effect, give a true view of the assets,
 liabilities, equity and financial results of the Company, as well as the businesses included in the
 consolidation of the Group,
- the semi-annual Report of the Board of Directors of the Company gives a true view of the
 evolution, the performance and the stance of the Company, as well as the businesses included
 in the consolidation of the Group, including an overview of the main risks and uncertainties
 they face.

Marousi, August 29, 2012

DEPUTY PRESIDENT & EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

MANAGING DIRECTOR

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

KOUVARAS CONSTANTINOS ID: AI 597426 MITZALIS CONSTANTINOS ID: KS 547337 JOANNOU CHRISTOS

ID 889746

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

FOR THE PERIOD FROM 01.01.2012 TO 30.06.2012

(in accordance with article 5 of Law 3556/2007, as well as articles 3 & 4 of Decision #7/448/11.10.2007 of Greece's Capital Markets Commission)

Dear Shareholders,

the deep financial crisis which hit our country in recent years has affected the group of companies controlled by J&P-AVAX S.A. (the «Company») in the first half of 2012, as evidenced by the financial results for that period.

The adverse business environment and the drastic cut in the government's Public Investments Programme have practically stalled the activity in the local construction market for private and public works, as well as for PPP-based projects and concessions.

The Group has for quite some time been focusing on international markets to develop its business, placing emphasis on bidding for construction projects and concessions outside Greece. At the same time, management is adjusting Group strategy and objectives to overcome short-term and medium-term difficulties and secure as best as possible its long-term prospects.

At mid-2012, the Group's work-in-hand amounted to €2.0 billion including both signed and pending projects. The Group has also topped the bidding process for a number of projects, mostly outside Greece, of considerable aggregate value which is not included in the backlog on prudence grounds until the tender outcome is declared final.

This work backlog, along with growing operations in international markets and a very selective approach to all business ventures, allow the Group to continue its operations, even at marginal profitability or losses, until the local market recovers.

Group Financial Results for the First Half of 2012

Consolidated turnover reached €231.8 million in the first half of 2012 versus €335.0 million in the year-earlier period, posting a 30.8% drop as the group goes through a transition period regarding the execution of construction projects. More specifically, a series of projects has just been completed, large concession-based roadworks are stalled due to withdrawal of funding from the banking system, and recently added works in Greece have yet to produce turnover as they are still at early stage of resource mobilisation or construction.

The substantial drop in turnover affected gross profits, which fell 15.5% to €25.2 million in the first half of 2012 versus €29.8 million in the respective six month period of 2011, yet producing an

improved gross profit margin of 10.9% in the first half of 2012 versus 8.9% in 2011, mainly due to the conclusion of some projects with marginal profitability or even loss-making.

The drop in turnover and gross profit led the net result after tax and minorities in the first half of 2012 to a \in 7.2 million loss, versus a \in 2.8 million profit in the year-earlier six-month period. On a pre tax basis, the Group also produced a \in 4.1 million loss from a \in 6.5 million profit in the first half of 2011.

Administrative expenses eased slightly to €16.6 million in the first half of 2012 from €17.4 million in the respective period of 2011. Sales expenses also eased to €2.4 million from €2.7 million, evidencing the reduced volume of auctioned public works and concessions as well as the Group's policy of very selective bidding.

Income from associates fell to €6.5 million in the first half of 2012 versus €8.8 million in the year-earlier period, mostly due to reduced profitability from road concessions on the back of lower traffic volumes.

Net financial expenses for the Group amounted to €15.3 million, registering a small increase relative to €14.0 million in the first half of 2011. However, net financial expenses in the first half of 2012 were actually lower compared to the latter half of 2011 (in which they reached €15.6 million), despite the rise in overall net debt during 2012.

This drop in financial expenses relative to the second half of 2011 is representative of the Group's satisfactory borrowing conditions from the banking system as well as the good balance between short-term and long-term debt, given that total net debt for the Group grew higher in both the first and the second quarter of 2012, reaching €492 million on 30.06.2012 versus €453 million on 31.12.2011, mainly due to the reduction in cash available for concession-related construction.

Total net debt remains high due to considerable delays in the receipt of payments from the Greek State for works delivered. The group's cash liquidity is expected to improve from 2013 onwards, when dividends from concessions start flowing in, most notably from the Athens Ring Road.

Group equity fell €16.3 million during the first half of 2012, amounting to €306.8 million versus €323.1 million at end-2011, due to the loss-making outcome of the period and offsetting of negative cash flows.

Short-term liabilities edged up around €6 million during the first half of 2012, due to the increase in the short-term tranche of Group debt. Long-term liabilities increased around €5 million in the first half of the year, mainly due to the increase in advances from clients to amortise works towards concession-related projects which will be carried out from 2013 onwards.

Current assets was practically unchanged at around €712 million during the first half of 2012, as the substantial decline in consolidated cash was offset by the increase in receivables from clients.

Receivables from construction contracts are slightly reduced to €248.8 million at mid-2012 from €254.8 million at end-2011, as overall construction activity winds down, with older projects being completed and not being replaced by new ones.

The adverse economic environment leads to long delays in collecting receivables from invoiced works, hence the relevant balance sheet for receivables from clients grew €41.9 million during the first half of 2012, reaching €253.6 million on 30.06.2012 from €211.7 million at end-2012.

The Group's financial results for the first half of 2012 are broken down by business segment as follows:

amounts in euro	Construction	Concessions	Real Estate &	Total
			Other Activities	
Total Turnover by Division	231,043,138	1,371,867	11,548,983	243,963,988
Intra-Group	-9,848,626	0	-2,298,482	-12,147,108
Net Sales	221,194,512	1,371,867	9,250,501	231,816,880
Gross Profit	23,844,527	-569,439	1,911,866	25,186,954
Other Net Income (Expenses)	363,624	39,599	-1,639,017	-1,235,794
Administrative & Selling		·		
Expenses	-13,572,362	-4,159,051	-1,318,815	-19,050,227
Income from Associates	-4,324	6,390,493	-33,678	6,352,492
Operating Results (EBIT)	10,631,466	1,701,601	-1,079,643	11,253,424
Other Financial Results				-244,530
Net Interest Expenses				-15,072,216
Pre-Tax Profit				-4,063,322
Tax				-4,917,781
Net Profit				-8,981,102
Depreciation	9,421,203	110,076	659,852	10,191,132

The Group's financial results for the first half of 2012 are broken down by geographic region as follows:

-			
amounts in euro	Greece	Greece International	
		Markets	
Total Turnover by Division	88,690,265	155,273,724	243,963,988
Intra-Group	-12,147,108	0	-12,147,108
Net Sales	76,543,157	155,273,724	231,816,880
Gross Profit	3,538,305	21,648,650	25,186,954
Other Net Income (Expenses)	-1,515,319	279,525	-1,235,794
Administrative & Selling Expenses	-11,498,552	-7,551,676	-19,050,227
Income from Associates	6,350,564	1,928	6,352,491

Operating Results (EBIT)	-3,125,002	14,378,427	11,253,424
Other Financial Results	-244,530	0	-244,530
Net Interest Expenses	-8,406,735	-6,665,482	-15,072,216
Pre-Tax Profit	-11,776,267	7,712,945	-4,063,322
Tax	-3,827,452	-1,090,329	-4,917,780
Net Profit	-15,603,719	6,622,617	-8,981,102
Depreciation	5,011,845	5,179,286	10,191,132

Important Events during the First Half of 2012 & their Impact on Financial Results

The following are the most important events concerning the group during the first half of 2012, and up to the issue date of this report:

- The Company participates with a 33.34% stake in the joint venture which signed a contract for the construction of infrastructure and all related works for the new twin railway line in the Kiato Rododaphni section in Greece, with a total budget of €79.1 million (excl. revisions and VAT), carrying a 30-month deadline for completion of works.
- On February 2012, the Company and its subsidiary ATHENA SA paid a total amount of €7.437.500 for their participation in the share capital increase of AEGEAN MOTORWAY S.A., as decided in the General Meeting of the shareholders on 30/1/2012.
- The Company signed with Athens Metro a contract for the construction of a new metro line in the Haidari-Piraeus section, worth €224 million for the Company in the main construction works as well as €91 million for electromechanical installations. The contract has a 36-month deadline for the main construction works, and an additional 24-month deadline for the electromechanical systems.

The afore-mentioned events are not expected to have a significant impact on second-half results, but only on a longer-term basis.

Main Risks & Uncertainties for the Second Half of 2012

The dramatic deterioration of the financial environment both in Greece and the eurozone has trimmed business expectations for 2012 and coming years.

The adverse business environment for the Group is characterised by uncertainty over a series of external factors and continuing fluctuations in the demand for new projects, offered prices, interest rates, labour and input cost inflation, exchange rates and payment terms.

Management is required to be realistic and balance a number of factors and parameters constituting sources of risk and uncertainty for Group business, to set its strategy and take decisions on day-to-day operations.

The most important risks and uncertainties for the Group in the coming period are the following:

- <u>Input Prices:</u> Several materials used by the Group are internationally-priced commodities, including cement, metal rebars and fuel, which exhibit wide price fluctuations in recent years.
 - The Group is centrally purchasing supplies for all its subsidiaries to secure economies of scale. In several cases it pre-orders large quantities of supplies to lock in their purchase price and escape future price shifts. The easing in commodity prices due to the economic crisis is supporting profit margins, but there is no certainty commodity prices will remain at current levels in coming quarters.
- <u>Financial Risk:</u> The Group is financing its operations with working capital and requires performance bonds be issued by banking institutions to participate in public project tenders and guarantee their proper execution. Interest rates on outstanding debt depend on international financial conditions, while the cost of issuing performance bonds is also affected by prevalent liquidity conditions in the economy. Overall financial risk returned to normal levels since 2010 following the concerted action of major central banks which led key interest rates to particularly low levels.
 - The Group maintains a positive business relationship with the Greek and international banking system, thereby securing the best possible terms. Despite receiving several offers from banks to enter contracts for derivate products, it has so far refrained from interest rate hedging. Total interest rates charged on the Group are ranging at precrisis levels despite the considerable increase in interest rate spreads, thereby leading total interest rates for the Group at lower levels relative to those prevailing early in the crisis period.
- <u>Exchange Risks:</u> The Group executes large projects in international markets, but only a small part of those transactions are denominated in currencies other than euro.
 - In most cases of operations outside the eurozone, the group makes sure its receivables in foreign currency are matched with payables in the same currency, effectively hedging the largest part of its exchange risk.
- <u>Liquidity Risk:</u> Even during economic booms, let alone during the ongoing financial crisis, some clients fail to meet the terms agreed upon in project contracts.
 - To protect its cash flow management from liquidity risks, the Group maintains ample credit lines and cash. As regards the accounting treatment of doubtful receivables, the Group follows a policy of provisioning for receivables from private projects which has tax ramifications. The provisions booked in the accounts are considerable adequate for receivables from the private sector, given that the risk of default in payments by the Greek State on public projects is negligible, despite continuing delays in actual payments.

- <u>Country / Geo-Political Risk:</u> Political and social developments in Northern Africa and the Persian Gulf since early 2011 show there is real country risk even in regions rich in natural resources, targeted by Greek businesses.
 - The Group's international activities and expansion in Europe and the Middle East is focused on countries with limited geo-political risk, as evidenced by current developments. Nevertheless, management is re-considering all parameters surrounding its international operations giving priority to the interests of its shareholders and employees in each country where it is present.

Group management cannot remove the afore-mentioned risks and uncertainties, but spares no effort in minimising the risk associated with business decisions. To that direction, and in addition to the measures outlined above, the Company:

- purchases additional insurance in international projects, over and above the Group's policy of extensive insurance in all projects in progress
- has strong partners in Greece and abroad to mitigate business risks and maximise expected returns
- probes new markets through small projects only, to minimise the negative impact of any miscalculation and adverse business conditions,
- does not make transactions in derivative products and other financial instruments which are not linked to its core business, nor does it attempt to speculate on the course of capital markets.

Projections & Prospects for the Second Half of 2012

Prevalent conditions in the local construction market and the broader economy do not allow for optimism on the financial performance for the rest of the year, as the Group is currently is gearing up towards a number of projects which were recently signed up, mostly in railway infrastructure. These projects are expected to yield considerable turnover from 2013 onwards.

A turning point in the Group's return to growth will be the long-awaited deal with the Greek State and the banking system for the restart of large road concession which have been stalled since the first half of 2011. It should be noted that those projects represent a large and very profitable portion of the Group's work in hand, and provided they start soon they will give a considerable boost to the Group's turnover and profitability.

Bank debt is not expected to ease below first-half levels during the rest of the year, but starting in 2013 dividends from the Group's concession portfolio will begin to flow in.

Construction profit margins at EBIT level are expected to remain subdued in the second half of 2012.

Important Transactions Between the Company and Related Parties

The most important transactions of the Company over the 01.01.2012-30.06.2012 period with related parties, as per IAS 24, pertain to transactions with subsidiaries (as defined in article 42 of Law 2190/1920), are as follows:

(amounts in € '000)

GROUP	Income	Expenses	Receivables	Payables
PYRAMIS SA	0		146	89
ELIX			7	
ATTIKES DIADROMES SA			81	
OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATOR SA	107		67	
GEFYRA OPERATOR SA	21		196	
AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA	25		239	
POLISPARK SA			9	
CYCLADES ENERGY CENTRE			2	
AGIOS NIKOLAOS CAR PARK			14	
VOLTERRA SA			15	248
WATER & ENTERTAINMENT PARKS			338	
5N			63	
3G			95	
STARWARE			4,600	
ORIOL			823	
STACY INVESTMENTS SP.ZO.O.			34	
DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX SA JOINT VENTURE			204	
NATIONAL WHEEL-J&P-AVAX J/V - DUBAI			2,627	
J&P-AVAX QATAR WLL			9	
J&P (O) LTD -GUERNSEY				53
J&P (UK) LTD LONDON				22
JOANNOU - PARASKEVAIDES ENERGY			45	
VAKON			347	
ATHENA EMIRATES LLC			76	
ATHENA MICHANIKI LTD	1		4 35	
LEMESOS MARINA LTD			4 87	
BIOENERGY SA	1		1	
OLYMPIA ODOS SA	34		471	162
Management members and Board Directors _		803	50	466
=	190	803	11,480	1,038

COMPANY	Income	Expenses	Receivables	Payables
ETETH SA		85	9,266	3,149
TASK J&P-AVAX SA	12	1,814	286	2,067
J&P-AVAX IKTEO SA			1,254	
PROET SA	1	224	1,840	
J&P DEVELOPMENT SA	18		64	30
ATHENA SA	86		39,959	504
E-CONSTRUCTION SA			197	87
MONDO TRAVEL	1	41		52
ERGONET SA				
PYRAMIS SA				89
ATHINA MARINA	20		70	
ELIX			7	
AGIOS NIKOLAOS CAR PARK			14	
ATTIKES DIADROMES SA			81	

OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATOR SA	107		67	
OLYMPIA ODOS SA			471	146
GEFYRA OPERATOR SA			117	
AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA			234	
POLISPARK SA			9	
VOLTERRA SA			15	248
WATER & ENTERTAINMENT PARKS			338	
DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX SA JOINT VENTURE			204	22
NATIONAL WHEEL-J&P-AVAX J/V - DUBAI			2,627	
J&P(O) -J&P-AVAX J/V - QATAR			710	
J&P-AVAX QATAR WLL			9	
J/V J&P-AVAX - J&PARASKEVAIDES OV LTD				
(JORDAN)				6,140
JOANNOU - PARASKEVAIDES ENERGY			45	
J&P (O) LTD – Guernsey				53
CONSORTIA	8,836		53,253	1,311
Management members and Board Directors		364		
_	8,582	2,529	111,137	13,897

On behalf of the Board of Directors of J&P-AVAX SA

Report on Review of Interim Financial Information

To the Shareholders of the Company "J&P - AVAX S.A."

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed separate and consolidated statement of financial position of the Company «J&P - AVAX S.A.» as of June 30, 2012 and the related condensed separate and consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month period then ended, as well as the selected explanatory notes that comprise the interim condensed financial information, which form an integral part of the six-month financial report as provided by Law. 3556/2007. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim condensed financial information in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as they have been adopted by the European Union and applied to interim financial reporting (International Accounting Standard "IAS" 34). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim condensed financial information, based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, mainly of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently it does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Consequently, with the present document we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on the review conducted, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34.

Reference on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Our review has not detected any inconsistency or discrepancy of the other information of the six-month financial report, as required by article 5 of L.3556/2007, with the accompanying condensed financial information.

Athens, August 30th 2012 The Certified Public Accountant

Antonios I. Anastasopoulos S.O.E.L. R. N. 33821

INTERNATIONAL Certified & Registered Auditors A.E. 81 Patission Street & 8 Heyden Street Athens GR-10434 S.O.E.L. R.N. 111

J&P - AVAX S.A. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2012 (All amounts in Euros)

		Group		Company		
	•	30.06.2012	31.12.2011	30.06.2012	31.12.2011	
ASSETS						
Non-current Assets						
Property, Plant and Equipment	2	157.333.786	168.424.141	67.585.337	71.894.418	
Investment Property	3	22.721.219	22.404.219	1.271.736	1.271.736	
Goodwil		39.938.249	39.938.249	105 (05	-	
Intangible assets Investments in other companies	4	6.557.761 224.757.198	6.736.043 221.777.170	185.685 161.908.506	239.402 160.089.416	
Available for sale investments		115.329.559	112.913.415	422.321.941	414.188.370	
Other non-current assets		1.391.394	1.263.967	489.650	433.694	
Deferred tax assets		5.375.930	5.396.191	5.112.679	5.114.390	
Total Non-current Assets		573.405.096	578.853.395	658.875.535	653.231.426	
Current Assets						
Inventories		30.708.359	32.853.241	8.043.794	8.631.233	
Construction contracts		248.790.430	254.767.603	141.008.000	139.951.218	
Trade and other receivables	5	377.201.700	333.014.477	276.717.036	248.220.620	
Cash and cash equivalents	6	55.866.123	92.161.687	8.219.645	27.342.410	
Total Current Assets		712.566.612	712.797.008	433.988.475	424.145.481	
Total Assets	;	1.285.971.709	1.291.650.403	1.092.864.010	1.077.376.907	
EQUITY AND LIABLITLIES						
Share capital	7	45.039.813	45.039.813	45.039.813	45.039.813	
Share premium account	7	146.676.671	146.676.671	146.676.671	146.676.671	
Revaluation reserves		15.687.254	15.936.295	4.630.676	4.630.676	
Other reserves		23.720.832	23.671.012	19.592.071	19.592.071	
Reserves for financial instruments available for sales Cash flow hedging reserve	8	41.121.898 (32.224.652)	40.931.706 (26.882.024)	213.491.730	213.491.730	
Translation exchange differences	Ü	3.458.607	5.364.713	785.865	5.904.881	
Retained earnings		51.959.611	59.180.839	3.135.024	3.820.205	
Equity attributable to equity holders of the	•					
parent (a)		295.440.033	309.919.023	433.351.850	439.156.048	
Non-controlling interest (b)	•	11.374.470	13.177.426	<u> </u>		
Total Equity (c)=(a)+(b)		306.814.503	323.096.450	433.351.850	439.156.048	
	•					
Non-Current Liabilities						
Bank Loans	9	238.572.812	246.703.913	216.094.197	218.450.635	
Derivative financial instruments		1.947.999	1.703.469	-	-	
Deferred tax liabilities		37.280.535	34.298.529	57.154.681	57.185.882	
Provisions for retirement benefits Other long-term provisions	10	5.307.185	5.491.576	1.847.471	2.046.974	
Total Non-Current Liabilities	10	30.182.114 313.290.645	20.077.835 308.275.322	29.233.673 304.330.022	19.081.586 296.765.077	
Total Non Garrent Liabilities	•	313.270.043	300.273.322	304.330.022	270.703.077	
Current Liabilities						
Trade and other creditors	11	344.303.047	346.008.094	141.798.695	139.043.292	
Income and other tax liabilities		12.247.541	15.906.048	6.660.887	9.827.790	
Bank overdrafts and loans	9	309.315.973	298.364.489	206.722.555	192.584.700	
Total Current Liabilities	•	665.866.561	660.278.631	355.182.137	341.455.782	
Total Liabilities (d)		979.157.206	968.553.953	659.512.160	638.220.859	
• •	•					
Total Equity and Liabilities (c) + (d)	:	1.285.971.709	1.291.650.403	1.092.864.010	1.077.376.907	

The following notes are integral part of the Financial Statements.

J&P - AVAX S.A. STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE JANUARY 1st, 2012 TO JUNE 30th, 2012 PERIOD (All amounts in Euros except per shares' number)

	Group			Company					
	1.1-30.06.2012	1.1-30.06.2011	1.1-31.03.2012	1.4-30.06.2012	1.4-30.06.2011	1.1-30.06.2012	1.1-30.06.2011	1.4-30.06.2012	1.4-30.06.2011
Turnover	231.816.880	335.037.306	119.204.072	112.612.808	167.386.347	99.843.152	153.547.007	54.045.248	77.615.868
Cost of sales	(206.629.926)	(305.229.192)	(106.300.890)	(100.329.036)	(154.903.328)	(79.936.288)	(128.801.478)	(45.840.856)	(65.484.702)
Gross profit	25.186.954	29.808.114	12.903.182	12.283.772	12.483.019	19.906.864	24.745.529	8.204.392	12.131.166
Other net operating income/(expenses)	(1.235.794)	2.038.153	(332.532)	(903.262)	1.352.386	324.281	(94.378)	914.663	(524.677)
Administrative expenses	(16.613.168)	(17.428.930)	(7.785.890)	(8.827.277)	(9.134.440)	(9.940.785)	(11.312.646)	(5.234.817)	(5.108.652)
Selling & Marketing expenses Income/(Losses) from Investments in	(2.437.060)	(2.749.674)	(1.128.138)	(1.308.922)	(1.332.654)	(1.989.918)	(2.045.377)	(1.050.342)	(1.035.331)
Associates	6.352.492	8.821.038	4.897.544	1.454.948	4.087.065	2.825.766	2.784.880	2.374.766	2.784.880
Profit before tax, financial and investments results	11.253.424	20.488.701	8.554.165	2.699.259	7.455.376	11.126.208	14.078.008	5.208.662	8.247.388
Other financial coults	(244 520)	100 500		(244 520)	100 500				
Other financial results	(244.530)	100.588	-	(244.530)	100.588				
Net financial results	(15.072.216)	(14.129.720)	(7.616.697)	(7.455.520)	(8.129.356)	(11.771.266)	(9.380.216)	(6.041.998)	(5.436.465)
Profit/ (Loss) before tax	(4.063.322)	6.459.569	937.469	(5.000.791)	(573.392)	(645.058)	4.697.792	(833.336)	2.810.923
Tax	(4.917.781)	(4.464.384)	(2.665.481)	(2.252.300)	(294.619)	(40.123)	(1.103.668)	27.891	(65.733)
Profit/ (Loss) after tax	(8.981.102)	1.995.185	(1.728.012)	(7.253.091)	(868.011)	(685.181)	3.594.124	(805.445)	2.745.190
Attibutable to:									
Equity shareholders	(7.204.979)	2.805.761	(653.530)	(6.551.449)	(13.538)	(685.181)	3.594.124	(805.445)	2.745.190
Non-controlling interests	(1.776.124)	(810.576)	(1.074.482)	(701.642)	(854.473)	_	_		
	(8.981.102)	1.995.185	(1.728.012)	(7.253.091)	(868.011)	(685.181)	3.594.124	(805.445)	2.745.190
-Basic Earnings/(Losses) per share									
(in Euros)	(0,0928)	0,0361	(0,0084)	(0,0844)	(0,0002)	(0,0088)	0,0463	(0,0104)	0,0354
Weighted average of shares	77.654.850	77.654.850	77.654.850	77.654.850	77.654.850	77.654.850	77.654.850	77.654.850	77.654.850
Profit before tax, financial and									
investments results and depriciation	21.444.556	30.767.846	12.734.082	8.710.474	12.737.566	15.647.480	19.290.473	7.674.798	10.579.675

J&P - AVAJ S.A. STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FISCAL YEAR FROM JANUARY 1st 2012 TO JUNE 30th 2012 (All amounts in Euros)

	GROUP					COMPANY			
	1.1-30.06.2012	1.1-30.06.2011	1.1-31.03.2012	1.4-30.06.2012	1.4-30.06.2011	1.1-30.06.2012	1.1-30.06.2011	1.4-30.06.2012	1.4-30.06.2011
Profit/ (Loss) for the Period	(8.981.102)	1.995.185	(1.728.012)	(7.253.091)	(868.011)	(685.181)	3.594.124	(805.445)	2.745.190
Other Comprehensive Income									
Exchange Differences on translating foreign operations	(1.909.287)	(1.060.594)	(1.244.543)	(664.744)	(2.155.829)	(5.119.016)	1.478.906	(4.700.751)	(95.494)
Cash flow hedges	(6.678.285)	1.259.388	(13.654.420)	6.976.135	1.259.388	-	-	-	-
Revaluation reserves for others assets	(311.301)	(79.790)	(311.301)	-	(79.790)	-	-	-	-
Reserves for financial instruments avalaible for sale	237.740	958.100	(313.460)	551.200	958.100	-	2.467.084	-	2.467.084
Tax for other comprehensive income	1.350.369	(427.540)	2.855.836	(1.505.467)	(427.540)	_	(493.417)		(493.417)
Total other compehensive income	(7.310.764)	649.564	(12.667.888)	5.357.124	(445.671)	(5.119.016)	3.452.573	(4.700.751)	1.878.173
Total compehensive income	(16.291.866)	2.644.749	(14.395.900)	(1.895.967)	(1.313.682)	(5.804.197)	7.046.697	(5.506.196)	4.623.363
Total comprehensive Income attributate to:									
Equity shareholders Non-controlling interests	(18.071.171) 1.779.305	3.846.138 (1.201.389)	(13.319.951) (1.075.949)	(4.751.221) 2.855.254	48.862 (1.362.544)	(5.804.197)	7.046.697	(5.506.196)	4.623.363
Non-controlling interests	(16.291.866)	2.644.749	(14.395.900)	(1.895.967)	(1.313.682)	(5.804.197)	7.046.697	(5.506.196)	4.623.363

The following notes are integral part of the Financial Statements

J&P - AVAX S.A. CASH FLOW STATEMENT AS AT JUNE 30th, 2012 (All amounts in Euros)

	Gro	oup	Company		
	1.1-30.06.2012	1.1-30.06.2011	1.1-30.06.2012	1.1-30.06.2011	
Operating Activities					
Profit/ (Loss) before tax	(4.063.322)	6.459.569	(645.058)	4.697.792	
Adjustments for:					
Depreciation	10.191.132	10.279.145	4.521.272	5.212.465	
Exchange rate differences Provisions	(1.405.340) (184.391)	355.068 107.530	(1.258.025) (199.503)	225.484 397.693	
Interest income	(1.543.419)	(2.365.907)	(729.419)	(1.696.908)	
Interest expense	16.615.636	16.495.627	12.500.684	11.077.124	
Losses/ (gain) from financial instruments	244.530	(100.588)	-	-	
Investment (income) / loss	(6.318.044)	(9.800.848)	(2.825.766)	(2.784.880)	
Change in working capital					
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	2.144.882	3.435.793	(3.949.140)	2.551.475	
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables Increase/(decrease) in payables	(38.317.215) 5.758.248	(34.981.396) (49.402.381)	(24.662.067) 5.984.743	(64.378.755) (5.108.347)	
Interest paid	(17.346.559)	(15.992.704)	(12.981.607)	(10.777.124)	
Income taxes paid	(3.832.660)	(4.505.646)	(75.275)	(1.605.550)	
Cash Flow from Operating Activities (a)	(38.056.522)	(80.016.738)	(24.319.161)	(62.189.531)	
Investing Activities Purchase of tangible and intangible assets	(795.549)	(4.563.059)	(180.677)	(2.044.345)	
Proceeds from disposal of tangible and intangible	,	` ,	` ,	,	
assets (Acquisition)/ disposal of, associates, JVs and other	2.276.946	487.966	22.151	110.713	
investments Interest received	(7.567.253) 1.543.419	(30.759.756) 1.609.883	(9.411.237) 729.419	(32.216.790) 940.875	
Dividends received	3.485.655	4.603.283	2.257.969	3.305.661	
Cash Flow from Investing Activities (b)	(1.056.782)	(28.621.683)	(6.582.375)	(29.903.886)	
Financing Activities					
Proceeds from loans	2.820.384	65.078.510	11.781.417	63.469.384	
Dividends paid	(2.645)	(24.368)	(2.645)	(24.368)	
Cash Flow from Financing Activities (c)	2.817.739	65.054.142	11.778.772	63.445.016	
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash	(2/ 205 5/5)	(42 504 070)	(10.100.7(4)	(20 (40 405)	
<pre>equivalents (a) + (b) + (c) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the</pre>	(36.295.565)	(43.584.279)	(19.122.764)	(28.648.401)	
period Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the	92.161.687	125.379.261	27.342.409	55.955.630	
period	55.866.123	81.794.982	8.219.645	27.307.229	

The following notes are integral part of the Financial Statements.

J&P - AVAX S.A. ANNUAL STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY FOR THE JANUARY 1st, 2012 TO JUNE 30th 2012 PERIOD (All Amounts in Euros)

GROUP

GROUP	Share Capital	Share Premium	Revaluation Reserves	Reserves for financial instruments available for sales	Cash flow hedging reserve	Reserves	Translation exchange differences	Retained earnings	Share Capital & Reserves	Non-Controlling Interests	Total Equity
Changes in Total Equity	Share capital	Share Fremiani	RESERVES	Tor suics	Teserve	Reserves	unicicies	recurred currings	Reserves	Interests	rotar Equity
Balance 31.12.2010	45.039.813	146.676.671	15.233.755	50.392.314	(17.206.945)	23.739.078	343.952	63.387.033	327.605.671	15.122.980	342.728.651
Net profit for the period								2.805.761	2.805.761	(810.576)	1.995.185
Other comprehensive income			(63.832)	766.480	1.007.510		(1.060.594)		649.564		649.564
Total comprehensive income for the period			(63.832)	766.480	1.007.510		(1.060.594)	2.805.761	3.455.325	(810.576)	2.644.750
Dividends								(3.106.192)	(3.106.192)		(3.106.192)
Other movements	-							132.625	132.625	(598.285)	(465.660)
Addition of non-controlling interests				_	<u> </u>			<u>-</u> _		1.332	1.332
Balance 30.06.2011	45.039.813	146.676.671	15.169.923	51.158.794	(16.199.435)	23.739.078	(716.642)	63.219.227	328.087.429	13.715.451	341.802.880
Balance 31.12.2011	45.039.813	146.676.671	15.936.295	40.931.706	(26.882.024)	23.671.012	5.364.713	59.180.839	309.919.023	13.177.426	323.096.450
	40.007.010	140.070.071	13.730.273	40.701.700	(20.002.024)	25.071.012	3.304.713				
Net profit for the period Other income for the period			(249.041)	190.192	(5.342.628)	16.249	(1.906.106)	(7.204.979) (16.249)	(7.204.979) (7.307.583)	(1.776.124)	(8.981.102) (7.310.764)
Culti inscine is: the period			(249.041)	190.192	(5.342.020)	10.249	(1.906.106)	(10.249)	(7.307.363)	(3.161)	(7.310.764)
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	(249.041)	190.192	(5.342.628)	16.249	(1.906.106)	(7.221.228)	(14.512.562)	(1.779.305)	(16.291.866)
Dividends	-	-		-		-	-		-	0	0
Addition of non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Other movements						33.571			33.571	(23.652)	9.919
Balance 30.06.2012	45.039.813	146.676.671	15.687.254	41.121.898	(32.224.652)	23.720.832	3.458.607	51.959.611	295.440.033	11.374.470	306.814.503
COMPANY	Share Capital	Share Premium	Revaluation Reserves	Reserves for financial instruments available for sales	Cash flow hedging reserve	Reserves	Translation exchange differences	Retained earnings	Share Capital & Reserves	Non-Controlling Interests	Total Equity
Changes in Total Equity											
Balance 31.12.2010	45.039.813	146.676.671	4.630.676	264.543.666	-	19.592.071	1.146.410	7.678.666	489.307.973	-	489.307.973
Profit for the period								3.594.124	3.594.124		3.594.124
Other comprehensive income	<u> </u>			1.973.667			1.478.906		3.452.573		3.452.573
Total comprehensive income for the period				1.973.667			1.478.906	3.594.124	7.046.697		7.046.697
Dividends								(3.106.192)	(3.106.192)		(3.106.192)
Balance 30.06.2011	45.039.813	146.676.671	4.630.676	266.517.333	_	19.592.071	2.625.316	8.166.598	493.248.478	-	493.248.478
Balance 31.12.2011	45.039.813	146.676.671	4.630.676	213.491.730	-	19.592.071	5.904.881	3.820.205	439.156.048		439.156.048
Net profit for the period								(685.181)	(685.181)		(685.181)
Other income for the period	<u> </u>						(5.119.016)		(5.119.016)		(5.119.016)
Total comprehensive income for the period							(5.119.016)	(685.181)	(5.804.197)		(5.804.197)
Dividends	<u> </u>				<u>-</u> _						<u>-</u>
Balance 30.06.2012	45.039.813	146.676.671	4.630.676	213.491.730		19.592.071	785.865	3.135.024	433.351.850		433.351.850

The following notes are integral part of the Financial Statements.

Notes and accounting policies

A. ABOUT THE COMPANY

A.1 General Information about the Company and the Group

J&P-AVAX S.A. was listed on the Athens Stock Exchange's Main Market in 1994 (then incorporated as AVAX S.A.) and is based in Marousi, in the Attica prefecture. It boasts substantial expertise spanning the entire spectrum of construction activities (infrastructure projects, civil engineering, BOTs, precast works, real estate etc) both in Greece and abroad.

In 2002, former AVAX S.A. merged with its subsidiaries J&P (Hellas) S.A. and ETEK S.A. and was renamed into J&P-AVAX S.A, whereas another 100% subsidiary unit, namely ETETH S.A., merged with its own subsidiary AIXMI S.A. The new business entities which evolved out of these mergers made use of Law 2940/2001 on contractors' certification for public works. The Group's leading company J&P-AVAX S.A. was awarded a 7th-class public works certificate, which is the highest class available, whereas ETETH S.A. acquired a 6th-class certificate and PROET S.A. entered the new public works certification registry with a 3rd-class certificate, which was upgraded to 4th-class towards the end of 2005. In the year 2007 J&P Avax SA acquired the subsidiary Athena SA.

A.2 Activities

Group strategy is structured around four main pillars:

Concessions

- Intense presence in concession project tenders, to maintain a substantial backlog of projects and secure long-term revenue streams
- Strengthening the project finance business unit and expanding our network of specialized external business partners (design consultants, financial and insurance advisors, legal firms) to enhance the Group's effectiveness in bidding for concession projects and maximize the return from their operation by means of financial risk management

• Business Activities

- Development along the lines of major international construction groups, diversifying revenue through expansion into related business areas, eg environmental projects, facility maintenance & management, waste management, maintenance of large infrastructure projects, and management of large facilities constructed towards the Athens 2004 Olympic Games
- o Pursuit of synergies of various business activities on Group level

Real Estate

- Selective investment in quality projects offering high aesthetics and status, focused mainly on the residential and vacation housing sectors, as well as in select commercial and real estate projects
- Advisory services and development of new markets and products, such as retirement villages

Other Activities

- Participation in BOT infrastructure projects for the reconstruction of neighboring counties and regions (Eastern & SE Europe, Middle East, North Africa) in collaboration with J&P Overseas and other international partners with long local presence and expertise
- o Promotion of the use of precast technology

B. FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

J&P-AVAX S.A.'s consolidated accounts for the period running from January 1st, 2012 to June 30th, 2012 are prepared in accordance with the 'historic cost' principle, inclusive of adjustments in various items on both sides of the balance sheet, as well as on the 'going-concern' principle and conform to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and the interpretations issued by IASB's International Financial Reporting Interpretation Committee (IFRIC) which have been adopted by the European Union.



IASB has issued a series of standards referred to as «IFRS Stable Platform 2005». The Group applies the IFRS Stable Platform 2005 since January 1, 2005 which includes the following standards:

I.A.S. 1	Presentation of Financial Statements
I.A.S. 2	Inventories
I.A.S. 7	Cash Flow Statements
I.A.S. 8	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
I.A.S. 10	Events after the Balance Sheet Day
I.A.S. 11	Construction Contracts
I.A.S. 12	Income Taxes
I.A.S. 14	Segment Reporting
I.A.S. 16	Property, Plant and Equipment
I.A.S. 17	Leases
I.A.S. 18	Revenue
I.A.S. 19	Employee Benefits
I.A.S. 20	Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance
I.A.S. 21	The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates
I.A.S. 23	Borrowing Costs
I.A.S. 24	Related Party Disclosures
I.A.S. 26	Accounting and Reporting by Retirement Benefit Plans
I.A.S. 27	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements
I.A.S. 28	Investments in Associates
I.A.S. 31	Interests in Joint Ventures
I.A.S. 32	Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation
I.A.S. 33	Earnings per Share
I.A.S. 34	Interim Financial Reporting
I.A.S. 36	Impairment of Assets
I.A.S. 37	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets
I.A.S. 38	Intangible Assets
I.A.S. 39	Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement
I.A.S. 40	Investment Property
I.F.R.S. 1	First-Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards
I.F.R.S. 3	Business Combinations
I.F.R.S. 5	Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations
I.F.R.S. 7	Financial Instruments: Disclosures
I.F.R.S. 8	Operating segments

The policies referred to hereafter are applied consistently to all time periods covered in the accounts.

Preparing Financial Statements under IFRS requires the use of estimates and opinions while applying Company accounting methods. Any important assumptions made by Company management in applying those accounting methods have been noted when deemed necessary.

C. BASIC ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

The Group consistently applies the following accounting principles in preparing the attached Financial Statements:

C.1. Business Combinations (I.F.R.S. 3)

Investments in Subsidiaries: All companies managed and controlled, either directly or indirectly, by another company (parent) through ownership of a majority share in the voting rights of the company in which the investment has been made. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated (full consolidation) with the purchase method starting on the date on which their control is assumed, and are excluded from consolidation as soon as their control is relinquished.

Acquisitions of subsidiaries by the Group are entered according to the purchase method. Subsidiary acquisition cost is the fair value of all assets transferred, of all shares issued and all liabilities at the acquisition date, plus any costs directly related to the transaction. The specific assets, liabilities and



contingent liabilities acquired through a business combination are accounted for at their fair values irrespective of the percentage of participation. The acquisition cost in excess of the fair value of the acquired net assets is entered as goodwill. Should the total acquisition cost fall short of the fair value of the acquired net assets, the difference is directly entered in the Income Statement.

Intragroup sales, balances and un-realised profits from transactions among Group companies are omitted. Losses among Group companies (un-realised on a Group level) are also eliminated, except when the transaction provides evidence of impairment of the transferred asset. The accounting principles of subsidiaries have been amended for uniformity purposes relative to those adopted by the Group.

At the Company's balance sheet, investment in subsidiaries is stated at cost less loss from impairment, if any. IAS 36 Impairment of Assets requires an impairment test if there is any indication that an asset is impaired.

Investments in Associates: All companies which the Group may influence significantly but do not qualify for subsidiary or Joint Venture status. The Group's assumptions call for ownership between 20% and 50% of a company's voting rights to have significant influence on it. Investments in associates are initially entered in the Company's books at cost and subsequently consolidated using the equity method.

The Group's share into the profit or loss of associates following the acquisition is recognised into the Income Statement, whereas the share into changes in capital reserves following the acquisition is recognised into the reserves. Accumulated changes affect the book value of investments in associates. When the Group's participation into the financial loss of an associate is equal to or exceeds its participation in the associate, inclusive of provisions for bad debts, the Group does not recognise any further losses, except when covering liabilities or making payments on behalf of the associate, or taking other actions as part of its shareholder relationship.

Unrealised profits from transactions between the Group and its associates are omitted according to the participation of the group into those associates. Unrealised gains are omitted, unless the transactions suggest impairment of the transferred assets. Accounting principles of associates have been amended for uniformity purposes relative to those adopted by the Group.

Intragroup balances and transactions, along with Group profits arising from intragroup transactions which have yet to be concluded on a Group level, are eliminated in the consolidated Financial Statements.

Investments in Joint Ventures: Joint Venture types:

- 1) Joint Ventures with assets under joint control
- 2) Joint Ventures with activities under joint control

Those joint ventures do no concern the set up of a company, a partnership or other entity which is separate to the joint venture parties.

Separate accounting book-keeping and financial reporting is not required for the joint venture.

Therefore, joint ventures maintain tax records and prepare financial reports merely for fiscal purposes.

Assets, liabilities, income and expenses are recognised in the financial reports of the joint venture parties.

3) joint venture as an entity under joint control, in which a company, a partnership or another entity is set up

Joint ventures of this type keep their own accounting books, prepare financial reports and are subject to the following consolidation methods according to the degree of control and influence by the Group. More specifically:

- a) participation in joint ventures with joint control
- b) participation in joint ventures with significant influence
- c) participation in joint ventures without significant influence (there may be scope for significant influence, but the joint venture partner chooses not to use it)



In case (a), the proportionate consolidation method is applied, ie joint ventures' balance sheets and Income Statements are consolidated either on a line-by-line basis.

In case (b), the equity method is applied, the investment being treated as an associate.

In case (c), the investment is booked at acquisition cost.

Group Structure: J&P-AVAX Group fully consolidates the following subsidiaries:

Company	% of J&P-AVAX's SA participation	Fiscal Years not tax audited
J&P-AVAX S.A., Athens	Parent	2010-2011
ETETH S.A., Salonica	100%	2007-2011
ELVIEX Ltd, Ioannina	60%	2010-2011
PROET S.A., Athens	100%	2010-2011
J&P DEVELOPMENT S.A., Athens	100%	2010-2011
TASK J&P-AVAX S.A., Athens	100%	2010-2011
S.C."ISTRIA DEVELOPMENTS" S.R., Romania	98%	2005-2011
CONCURRENT REAL INVESTMENTS SRL, Romania	95%	2005-2011
SC BUPRA DEVELOPMENT SRL, Romania	99,93%	2005-2011
SOPRA AD, Bulgaria	99,99%	2005-2011
J&P-AVAX IKTEO S.A., Athens	94%	2010-2011
SC FAETHON DEVELOPMENTS SRL, Romania	100%	2006-2011
ATHENA SA, Athens	80,54%	2011
E-CONSTRUCTION S.A., Athens	100%	2010-2011
MONDO TRAVEL (ex.TERRA FIRMA S.A.), Athens	99,999%	2010-2011
J&P AVAX CONCESSIONS S.A. (ex. EVIA REAL ESTATE), Athens	99,967%	2008-2011
ATHENS MARINA S.A., Athens	78,2553%	2009-2011
J&P AVAX POLSKA, Poland	100%	2009-2011
JPA TRIKALA S.A., Athens	100%	2010-2011
JPA KORINTH S.A., Athens	100%	2010-2011

The Generale Directorate of Development approved on 12.03.2012 with its EM-3313/12 decision the merger of PROET SA by ANEMA SA.The same authority also approved on 22.03.2012 the renaming of ANEMA SA into PROET SA.

Furthermore, in the consolidated financial statements of J&P Avax SA the following subsidiaries of Athena SA are included using the fully consolidation method:

Company	% of Athena's SA participation	Fiscal Years not tax audited
ATHENA LIBYA, Libya	65%	-
ATHENA CONCESSIONS S.A., Athens	99%	2005-2011
ARCAT SA, Egaleo Attiki	100%	2010-2011
ERGONET SA, Athens	51%	2010-2011
ATHENA ROMANIA SRL, Romania	100%	-

For the fiscal year 2011, the Company and its subsidiaries were tax audited by its appointed Auditors, as per article 82, §5 of Law 2238/1994, and they received a clean Tax Compliance Certificate. This is considered to be final, as per tax audit view, after eighteen months from the submission of this certificate to the Ministry of Finance.



The Group consolidates the following associates using the equity method:

5N S.A., Athens	45,00%
ATHENS CAR PARKS S.A., Athens	20,00%
ATTICA DIODIA S.A., Athens	30,84%
ATTIKI ODOS S.A., Athens	30,83%
POLISPARK S.A., Athens	22,39%
3G S.A., Athens	50,00%
STACY INVESTMENTS Sp.zo.o. Warsaw Poland	50,00%
CAR PARK N.SMIRNI S.A., Athens	20,00%
LEISURE PARKS S.A.(KANOE-KAYAK), Athens	29,62%
LEISURE PARKS OPERATIONS, Athens	25,00%
CYCLADES ENERGY CENTER S.A., Athens	45,00%
SC ORIOL REAL ESTATE SRL, Romania	50,00%
SALONICA PARK S.A., Athens	24,40%
AEGEAN MOTORWAY S.A., Larissa	21,25%
GEFYRA OPERATION S.A., Athens	21,55%
GEFYRA S.A., Athens	20,53%
PIRAEUS ST.NICOLAS CAR PARK S.A., Athens	45,00%
MARINA LEMESSOU S.A., Lemessos	33,50%
METROPOLITAN ATHENS PARK S.A., Athens	22,91%
VOLTERRA S.A. (ex.ARGESTIS S.A.), Athens	50,00%
STARWARE ENTERPRISES LTD, Cyprus	50,00%
ELIX S.A., Athens	32,67%
SY-PRO S.A., Larissa	47,91%

On 20/6/2012, 12,09% of subsidiary SY-PRO SA was sold and Group's percentage was reduced from 60% to 47,91%. Therefore SY-PRO S.A is not consolidated at Group's financial statements as a subsidiary but as an associate comapny using the equity method.

Furthermore, in the consolidated financial statements of J&P Avax SA the following associates of Athena SA are included using the equity method:

Company	% of Athena's SA participation
LEFKADAS MARINE PORT SA, Greece	26,64%
VAKON SA, Greece	25,00%
VIOENERGEIA S.A., Greece	45,00%
ATHENA MICHANIKI OE, Greece	50,00%
ATHENA EMIRATES LLC, United Arab Emirates	49,00%
SC ECO S.A., Romania	24,41%

The following are the joint ventures in which the group participates and are consolidated proportionately:

Proportionate consolidation by 100% (complete consolidation)

1.	J/V J&P - AVAX S.A ETETH S.A., Athens (SMAEK)	100.00%
2.	J/V J&P - AVAX S.A. – ETETH S.A., Athens (Suburban Railway)	100.00%



The Proportionate consolidation by 100% has the same results with the complete consolidation $\underline{\text{Proportionate consolidation}}$

Prop	ortionate consolidation	
3.	J/V J&P-AVAX S.A "J/V IMPREGILO SpA -J&P-AVAX S.A EMPEDOS S.A.", Athens	66.50%
4.	J/V AKTOR S.A J&P - AVAX S.A ALTE S.A ATTIKAT S.A ETETH S.A PANTECHNIKI S.A EMPEDOS S.A., Athens	30.84%
5.	J/V J&P-AVAXS.A EKTER A.E - KORONIS S.A., Athens	36.00%
6.	J/V J&P-AVAX S.A VIOTER S.A., Athens	50.00%
7.	J/V J&P AVAX S.A INTL TAPESTRY CENTRE, Athens	99.90%
8.	J/V ETETH S.A J&P-AVAX S.A TERNA S.A PANTECHNIKI S.A., Athens	47.00%
9.	J/V QATAR - J&P – AVAX SA - JOINT VENTURE, Qatar	25.00%
10.	J/V TOMES S.A ETETH S.A., Chania	50.00%
11.	J/V J&P - AND J&P - AVAX GERMASOGEIA, Cyprus	75.00%
12.	J/V AKTOR A.T.E - AEGEK S.A J&P-AVAX S.A SELI S.p.A, Athens	20.00%
13.	J/V J&P AVAX S.A – J&P Ltd, Cyprus	75.00%
14.	J/V "J/V AKTOR SA – DOMOTEXNIKH S.A. THEMELIODOMI S.A." – TERNA S.A – ETETH S.A., Salonica	25.00%
15.	J/V J&P AVAX S.A. – FCC CONSTRUCCION S.A, Athens	49.99%
16.	J/V ETETH SA – GANTZOULAS SA – VIOTER SA, Athens	40.00%
17.	J/V APION KLEOS (ELEFSINA-PATRA), Elefsina	17.00%
18.	J/V J&P AVAX SA – EKTER SA, Athens	50.00%
19.	J/V CONSTRUCTION MALIAKOS – KLEIDI, Larissa	15.70%
20.	J/V MAINTENANCE ATT.ODOS, Athens	30.84%
21.	J/V SUBURBAN RAILWAY, SKA PIRAEUS, PHASE B', Athens	33.33%
22.	J/V QUEEN ALIA AIRPORT, Jordan	50.00%
23.	J/V J&P AVAX -ATHENA(Limassol), Cyprus	60.00%
24.	J/V J&P – EDRACO – SINTEHNIKI (OTE BUILDINGS), Patra	50.00%
25.	J/V ERGOTEM ATEVE - KASTOR S.A ETETH S.A., Athens	15.00%
26.	J/V J&P-AVAX - HOCHTIEF FAC.MAN.HELLAS, Athens	50,00%
27.	J/V AKTOR – J&P-AVAX OTE NETWORKS, Athens	50,00%
28.	J/V J&P-AVAX – ATHINA SA (FA-275), Athens	65,00%
29.	J/V AKTOR – J&P-AVAX – INTRAKAT (Road Line Tripoli-Kalamata-Moreas), Athens	15,00%
30.	J/V AKTOR – J&P-AVAX, Athens (Maintenance of National Natural Gas Network)	50,00%
31.	J/V AKTOR – J&P-AVAX, Athens (Attica Natural Gas Network)	50,00%
32.	J/V AKTOR – J&P-AVAX, Athens (Technical Support of Public Natural Gas Co)	50,00%
The	following Joint Ventures are included for the first time in Group's financial statements :	
	J/V AKTOR – J&P-AVAX, Athens (Maintenance of National Natural Gas Network)	50,00%
	J/V AKTOR – J&P-AVAX, Athens (Attica Natural Gas Network)	50,00%

J/V AKTOR – J&P-AVAX, Athens (Technical Support of Public Natural Gas Co)

50,00%



Furthermore, the following are the joint ventures in which the Athena SA participates and are consolidated proportionately:

Proportionate consolidation by	y 100%	<u>(complete</u>	consolidation)

Prop	ortionate consolidation by 100% (complete consolidation)		0/ -6
	Company	HEAD OFFICE	% of Athena's SA participation
33.	J/V ATHENA - SNAMPROGETTI	Athens	100.00%
Prop	ortionate consolidation		
	Company	HEAD OFFICE	% of Athena's SA participation
34.	J/V ATHENA - KONSTADINIDIS	Athens	50.00%
35.	J/V ATHENA - FCC	Athens	50.00%
36.	J/V ATHENA - BARESEL - ATTIKAT	Athens	34.00%
37.	J/V ATHENA - LAND & MARINE	Athens	46.88%
38.	J/V ATHENA - DOMIKI KRITIS	Athens	50.00%
39.	J/V ATHENA - ERGOASFALTIKI	Larissa	50.00%
40.	J/V ATH-THEMEL.TECHKONTSABRAS	Athens	25.00%
41.	J/V ATH-EL.TECHTHEM-PASSPERIBALLON	Thessaloniki	28.00%
42.	J/V ATHTHEMEL.TECH KTIPIO BITIOFOR	Athens	33.33%
43.	J/V PLATAMONA	Athens	19.60%
44.	J/V ATHENA – PROODEFTIKI (CORABIA)	Athens	60.00%
45.	J/V AKTOR - ATHENA - EBEDOS (IBC)	Athens	26.00%
46.	J/V ATHENA - EKAT ETAN AE	Athens	55.00%
47.	J/V BIOTER - ATHENA	Athens	50.00%
48.	J/V GEFIRA	Athens	7.74%
49.	J/V ATHENA - THEM ATTIKAT (ERMIS)	Athens	33.33%
50.	J/V THEMEL.TECHNATHENA -PASS-GIOVANI	Athens	26.67%
51.	J/V AKTOR - THEM/DOMI - ATHENA (A403)	Athens	33.33%
52.	J/V THEM/MI-ATHENA -KOROTZIS (IKAROS)	Athens	33.33%
53.	J/V ATHENA - AKTOR (MAKEDONIA)	Athens	70.00%
54.	J/V ARCHIRODON – ERGONET (indirect participation)	Athens	22.95%
55.	J/V TSO-ARCHIRODON - ERGONET (indirect participation)	Athens	25.50%
56.	J/V TOURIST PORT OF LEUKADA	Athens	22.50%
57.	J/V MHCHANIKI - ATHENA (MPC)	Athens	50.00%
58.	J/V DODONI MOCHLOS - ATHENA	Athens	50.00%
59.	J/V 6th PROBLITA O.L.TH – A1	Athens	55.56%
60.	J/V POSIDON	Athens	16.50%
61.	J/V PROODEFTIKI - ATHENA (CRAIOVA)	Athens	35.00%
62.	J/V TERNA - ATHENA (ARACH PERISTERI)	Athens	37.50%
63.	J/V AKTOR - ATHENA - THEMEL. (KALATRAVA)	Athens	29.00%
64.	J/V ARCHIRODON - ATHENA (THISIO)	Athens	50.00%
65.	J/V AKTOR - ATHENA THEMEL. (OAKA)	Athens	21.10%



66.	J/V ATTIKAT - ATHENA (AG. KOSMAS)	Athens	40.00%		
67.	J/V ERETVO - ATHENA - ROUTSIS	Athens	25.00%		
68.	Κ/Ξ ΑΚΤΩΡ - ΑΘΗΝΑ (ΞΗΡΑΝΣΗ ΙΛΥΟΣ)	Athens	50.00%		
69.	PSITALIA NAFTIKI ETERIA	Athens	33.33%		
70.	J/V AKTOR - THEMELIODOMI - ATHENA (A380)	Athens	33.33%		
71.	J/V AKTOR - ATHENA EBEDOS (IBC MAINTEN.)	Athens	26.00%		
72.	J/V TERNA - ATHENA (IOANNINA - METSOBO)	Athens	37.50%		
73.	J/V ATHENA - MECHANIKI (SKARFEIA)	Athens	50.00%		
74.	J/V ATHENA - IMEK HELLAS AE	Athens	99.00%		
75.	J/V ATHENA - AKTOR (A425)	Athens	50.00%		
76.	J/V MOCHLOS - ATHENA (TUNNEL S2)	Athens	50.00%		
77.	J/V ATHENA - AKTOR (B' PHASE)	Athens	50.00%		
78.	J/V AKTOR - ATHENA (A-417)	Athens	70.00%		
79.	J/V AKTOR - ATHENA (BUCHAREST)	Athens	50.00%		
80.	J/V CONSTRUCTION MALIAKOS - KLEIDI	Larissa	5.00%		
81.	CONSTRUCTION J/V APION KLEOS	Elefsina	4.00%		
82.	J/V ATHENA – AKTOR (A435)	Athens	50.00%		
83.	J/V ATHENA – AKTOR (A438)	Athens	50.00%		
84.	J/V ATHENA – AKTOR (A437)	Athens	50.00%		
85.	J/V AKTOR - ATHENA (F8781)	Athens	50.00%		
86.	J/V AKTOR - ATHENA (D8642)	Athens	50.00%		
87.	J/V AKTOR - ATHENA - GOLIOPOULOS (A-440)	Athens	48.00%		
88.	J/V J&P-AVAX - ATHENA SA (FA-275)	Athens	35,00%		
89.	J/V TECHNIKI 2000 – ERGONET (indirect participation)	Athens	15,30%		
90.	J/V D.SIRDARIS & CO – ERGONET (indirect participation)	Athens	15,30%		
91.	J/V PROET SA – ERGONET SA (indirect participation)	Athens	25,50%		
			•		
The fo	The following Joint Venture is included for the first time in Group's financial statements:				

J/V PROET SA – ERGONET SA (indirect participation)

Athens 25,50%

The following Joint Ventures are not included in current period's financial statements in comparison with those of previous one because the projects are now completed:

1.	J/V ATHENA - GKOYNTAS/SPILIOTOPOULOS	Athens	70.00%
2.	J/V ATHENA-KOSTADINIDIS (FLISVOS)	Athens	66.67%
3.	J/V KONATHEDRASI-DOMIKI (AG.KOSM.)	Athens	25.00%
4.	J/V KONS ATHENA - (AG. KOSMAS A')	Athens	50.00%
5.	J/V ATHENA-AKTOR (LASPI)	Athens	50.00%
6.	J/V ERGONET - ARCHIRODON	Athens	25.50%
7.	J/V PAPADAKIS - ATHENA (VRILISSIA)	Athens	50.00%

The following Joint Ventures whose projects are now completed and which are in the process of dissolution, were not included in the proportional consolidation due to minor materiality effect in the



Group's Financial Statement. The financial results (profit/ loss) of those Joint Ventures in the Group's Financial Statements of 2008 were consolidated using the equity method.

J/V J&P - AVAX SA - DRAGADOS Y CONSTRUCTION, Ethiopia 50.00% J/V J&P-AVAX S.A. - ETETH S.A., Athens (Gefyra Staurou) 100.00% J/V J&P-AVAX AE - ETETH S.A., Athens (Podoniftis) 100.00% J/V J&P-AVAX S.A. - ETETH S.A., Athens (S.E.A) 100.00% J/V J&P - AVAX S.A. - ETETH S.A., Athens (Olympic Ring) 100.00% J/V J&P-AVAX S.A.-ETETH S.A. -EMPEDOS S.A. -GENER S.A., Salonica 73.50% J/V J&P - AVAX S.A. - AKTOR S.A. - VIOTER A.E - TERNA S.A., Athens 20.00% J/V ETETH S.A. - J&P-AVAX S.A. - TERNA S.A. - PANTECHNIKI S.A., Athens 47.00% J/V AKTOR S.A. - J&P-AVAX S.A., Athens 44.00% J/V PANTECHNIKI S.A. - AKTOR S.A. - J&P-AVAX S.A., Athens 33.33% J/V J&P-AVAX S.A. -KL.ROUTSIS S.A., Athens 50.00% J/V AKTOR A.T.E - J&P-AVAX S.A., Athens 50.00% J/V ΕΔΡΑΣΗ ΨΑΛΛΙΔΑΣ S.A. - J&P- AVAX S.A. - EKAT ETAN S.A. - ATOMON S.A. - HELIOHORA S.A. - ATHENA S.A., Athens 20.00% J/V AKTOR S.A. - J&P AVAX S.A., Athens 52.00% J/V J&P-AVAX S.A. - ETETH S.A. -EMPEDOS S.A., Salonica 73.86% J/V ETETH S.A.-TASKOUDIS-POLYMETRIKI Ltd, Athens 44.00% J/V ETETH S.A. - STOYANNOS - POLYMETRIKI Ltd, Athens 44.50% J/V ETETH S.A. - KL.ROUTSIS S.A., Salonica 50.00% J/V AKTOR S.A. - PANTECHNIKI S.A. - J&P - AVAX S.A., Athens 25.00% J/V ΑΚΤΩΡ S.A. - PANTECHNIKI S.A. - J&P-AVAX S.A., Athens 25.00% J/V J&P - AVAX A.E - GENERALE LOCATION, Athens 50.00% J/V J&P - AVAX A.E - GENERALE LOCATION, Athens 50.00% J/V J&P - AVAX SA -NATIONAL WHEEL J&P L.L.C., UAE 20.00% J/V J&P - AVAX SA - AKTOR SA, Athens 70.58% J/V PROET S.A. - KL.ROUTSIS S.A., PEZOGEFYRA HSAP, Athens 50.00% J/V J&P AVAX SA - AKTOR SA -IME B' PHASE (CONTRACTOR), Athens 50.00%, J/V J&P - AVAX S.A. - ETETH S.A., Athens (Subcontractor Suburban Railway), J/V J&P - AVAX S.A. - PROET S.A., Athens (Park of Lavrio), J/V J&P-AVAX - VIOTER S.A. - TERNA S.A. , Athens, J/V AKTOR S.A. - J&P - AVAX S.A. - PANTECHNIKI S.A., Athens, J/V "J/V AEFEK S.A. - AKTOR S.A. -SELI" -J&P-AVAX S.A., Athens, J/V J&P-AVAX S.A. -VIOTER S.A.-HELIOHORA S.A., Athens, J/V PANTECHNIKI S.A. - J&P-AVAX S.A. - VIOTER S.A., Athens, J/V VINCI CONSTRUCTION Grand Projects - ATHENA S.A. - PROODEFTIKI S.A. - AKTOR S.A. - J&P-AVAX S.A. - PANTECHNIKI S.A., Athens, J/V AKTOR S.A. - J&P AVAX S.A. -PANTECHNIKI S.A., Athens, J/V ANASTILOTIKI SA - TH.KARAGIANNIS SA - GETEM SA - ETETH SA, Athens, J/V TOMES S.A. - THEMELI S.A., Chios, J/V J&P - AVAX SA - THEMELIODOMI S.A., Bulgaria, J/V EDRASIS C. PSALLIDAS S.A. - J&P. AVAX S.A., Romania, J/V J&P-AVAX S.A. - TERNA S.A. - ETETH S.A, Athens, J/V ELIASA MICHAIL-GABRYIL-PROET S.A. Athens, J/V ELIASA MICHAIL-GABRYIL- SBERONIS ALEXANDROS -PROET S.A., Salonica, J/V ETETH S.A. - TOMES S.A., J/V AKTOR ATE-J&P AVAX SA-TERNA SA-IME A' PHASE, Athens, J/V AKTOR ATE-J&P AVAX SA-TERNA SA-IME A' PHASE, Athens, J/V PROET SA - PANTEHNIKI SA - VIOTER SA, Athens, J/V ATHENA - ARCHIMIDIS (OLP V), Athens, J/V ATHENA - ARCHIMIDIS (OLP III), Athens, J/V ATHENA - ROUTSIS (CAR TERMINAL), Athens J/V ATTIKAT A.T.E - PANTEXNIKH SA -J&P AVAX SA-EMPEDOS SA, Marousi, 25%, J/V J&P AVAX SA – ATE GNONON, Marousi, 50%, J/V J&P ABAX SA - AKTOR ATE , Athens,50%, J/V J&P-ABAX SA -AKTOR SA , Marousi,50%, J/V ATTIKOY AGOGOY KAYSIMON, Xalandri,26.79%, J/V J&P ABAX SA-ATTIKAT ATE,Marousi, 90%, J/V J&P AVAX SA-GENER SA 65%, J/V AKTOR SA-J&P AVAX SA-EMPEDOS SA -ETETH SA,Athens,50%, J/V AKTOR SA-J&P/ABAE AE ,Athens,50%, J/V J&P ABAE AE -AKTOR SA ,Marousi,50%, J/V J&P AVAX SA-TERNA SA-EUKLEIDHS ATE, Marousi, 35%, J/V AKTOR SA-J&P ABAX SA, Athens, 50%, J/V J&P AVAX SA-AKTOR SA-VAMED ENG.GMBH & KO KG, Athens, 33.80%, J/V J&P AVAX SA-EMPEDOS SA , Kifisia, 50%, J/V ELLINIKH TEXNODOMIKH SA-TERNA SA-GNOMON ATE-J&P AVAX SA-IMEC GMBH, Athens, 24%, J/V J&P AVAX SA- EDRASH PSHALLIDAS ATE, Athens,50%, J/V AEGEK-J&P AVAX SA-KL. ROUTSIS SA,Athens,40%, J/V J&P AVAX SA-TEXNODOMH AFOI TRAYLOU ABETTE-KL. ROUTSHS SA,Athens,33.33%, J/V J&P AVAX SA- TEXNODOMH AFOI TRAYLOU ABETTE-KL. ROUTSHS SA,Athens,33.33%, J/V MICHANIKI SA-J&P AVAX SA-ATHHNA AETB-MOXLOS SA ,Kalamaki,24.50%, J/V J&P AVAX SA-AKTOR SA ,Athens,48%, J/V J&P AVAX SA-ERETBO AE,Athens,80%, J/V PROODEUTIKH ATE- ATTIKAT ATE-ATEMKE ATE -J&P AVAX SA,Athens,20%, J/V J&P AVAX SA-KL. ROUTSHS SA,Athens,90%, J/V GNOMON ATE-J&P AVAX SA-J/V ATHENA ATEBE-ARXIMHDHS ATE,Kifisia, 33%, J/V J&P AVAX SA-ATHINAIKH TEXNIKH SA-TH. KARAGIANNHS SA,Athens,33.33%, J/V ABAX SA -TEXNODOMH ATE, Mosxato,50%, J/V ERGOY SKOPEYTIRIOY MARKOPOULOU, Marousi,50%, J/V SIGALAS SA-J&P AVAX SA-ALTE SA -A. XARHS & SIA EE, Psixiko, 22.22%, J/V AKTOR SA -J&P AVAX SA-ETETH SA, Xalandri, 50%, J/V AKTOR SA-J&P AVAX SA-ETETH SA, Thessaloniki,57%, J/V AKTOR SA -J&P AVAX SA ,Athens,80%, J/V J&P AVAX SA-KL. ROUTSHS SA,Athens,66.67%, J/V AKTOR SA -J&P ABAX SA -ETETH SA,Xalandri,49%, J/V J&P AVAX SA-KL. ROUTSHS SA,Athens,66.67%, J/V J&P AVAX SA-EUKLEIDHS - DOMOS SA-PROET SA-BETANET AEBE-J/V J&P AVAX SA-EUKLEIDHS, Athens, 39%, J/V J&P AVAX SA-EDRASH PSALLIDAS ATE, Athens, 50%, J/V J&P AVAX SA-ETANE ATE Athens, 50%, J/V AKTOR SA-J&P AVAX SA-ETETH SA,Xalandri,66.66%, J/V KL.ROUTSHS SA-J&P AVAX SA-KOURTIDHS SA,Athens,33.33%, J/V SYMPAROMARTOYNTA ERGA METRO,Xalandri,26,7873%, J/V J&P AVAX SA-EKTER SA ,Athens,50%, J/V SIGALAS SA-J&P AVAX SA-ALTE SA,Psixiko,33.33%, J/V "J/V SIGALAS SA-GNOMON ATE-J&P AVAX SA, Psixiko, 33.33%, J/V 'J/V PANTEXNIKH SA- EMPEDOS SA-EMPEDOS SA-PANTEXNIKH SA-J&P AVAX SA, Psixiko, 12.50%, J/V J&P AVAX SA - OLYMPIOS ATE - K.KOUBARAS- N.



GERARXAKHS -Z.MENELAOS-N.XATZHXALEPLHS,Athens,15%, J/V AKTOR SA-J&P AVAX SA-N.GERARXAKHS-K.KOUBARAS,Athens,48%, J/V AKTOR SA-J&P AVAX SA-EMPEDOS SA -EKTER SA-DIEKAT ATE-J&P AVAX SA,Amfissa,25%, J/V J&P AVAX SA,Amfissa,25%, J/V J&P AVAX SA-GENER SA, Athens, 50%, J/V J&P AVAX SA-AKTOR SA , Marousi, 35%, J/V AKTOR SA-J&P AVAX SA,Athens,50%, J/V J&P AVAX SA-EUKLEIDHS SA,Athens,50%, J/V TERNA SA-AKTOR SA-J&P AVAX SA,Athens,1%, J/V TERNA SA-AKTOR SA-J&P AVAX SA,Athens,1%, J/V J&P ABAX SA -J/V KL. ROUTSHS SA-KLAPADAKHS-POLITHS, Athens, 50%, J/V 'J/V AKTOR SA-ANASTHLOTIKH ATE-AKTOR SA-ATE-LAMDA TEXNIKH SA-J&P AVAX SA-INTERTOP ANASTHLOTIKH SA -KOURTIDHS SA,Xalandri,28.56%, J/V J&P AVAX SA-N. LIANDRAKHS, Hrakleio ,80%, J/V AKTOR SA -J &P AVAX SA ,Xalandri,40%, J/V J&P AVAX SA-BIOTER SA-IDEAL MEDICAL PRODUCTS SA, Marousi,35.17%, J/V J&P-,Marousi,50%, -GENERALE LOCATION SA J/V J&P-ABAX LOCATION, Marousi, 50%, J/V J&P AVAX SA -BIOTER SA, Thessaloniki, 65%, J/V AKTOR SA -J&P AVAX SA ,Xalandri,50%, J/V J&P ABAX SA- ELTER SA -SARANTOPOULOS SA, P. Faliro,18%, J/V TEXNODOMH ABETE-J& P ABAX SA-EKTER SA-TELAMON SA ,Mosxato,30%, J/V J&P AVAX SA - GNOMON SA, Kifisia, 50%, J/V OAKA TENNIS, Xalandri, 16.67%, J/V KARAHLIAS -TRAXANAS-TSEPELH-ZAGARH-J&P AVAX SA,Amfissa,10%, J/V ETETH SA - PROET SA,Athens,100%, J/V THEMELIODOMH SA -PROET SA, Kifisia, 30%, J/V PROET SA-MPETANET ABEE, Marousi, 90%, J/V PROET SA-KL. ROUTSHS SA ,Marousi,90%, J/V'J/V ELIASA MIXAHL GABRIHL SBERONHS ALEXANDROS '-PROET SA,Marousi,90%, J/V " ETETH SA - EKKON AE ",Athens,50%, J/V " TEGK SA - ETETH SA ",Athens,50%, J/V " AKTOR SA -ETETH SA ",Xalandri,50%, J/V " AKTOR SA - ETETH SA - THEMELH SA - THEMELIODOMH SA " ,Xalandri,30%, J/V "AKTOR SA -PANTEXNIKH SA -ATTIKAT SA -ETETH SA",Xalandri,25%, J/V ETETH SA-PANTEXNIKH SA-THEMELIODOMH SA, Xalandri 50%, J/V "ETETH SA-J&P AVAX SA, Athens, 100%, J/V METRIK SA-ETETH SA-MAGIAFAS -XATZHDAKHS- PSATHAKHS OE, Athens, 40%, J/V "KL. G. ROYTSHS -ETETH SA-KL. ROUTSHS SA", Athens, 10%, J/V "ODYSSEYS ATE - ETETH SA, Athens, 16%, J/V "ETETH SA-GEOMETRIKH SA", Marousi, 50%, J/V **ETETH** SA-EYKLEIDHS PARAKAMPSH NAYPAKTOY, Marousi, 50%

C.2a. Property, Plant & Equipment, Investment Property (I.A.S. 16)

Group management selected the **basic method of valuation of operating fixed assets** inclusive of operating property, according to IAS 16 (at acquisition cost, reduced by accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment charges), following the initial entry of tangible fixed assets on transition date to I.A.S. (01/01/2004).

However, in 2008 the Management decided to adopt the **revaluation model** for the land and buildings category of assets

Revaluation Model

Upon recognition as an asset, a fixed asset whose fair value may be estimated reliably may be revalued, to reflect the fair value at recognition date less any subsequent accumulated impairment of value.

The fair value of land and buildings is usually appraised by auditor-valuators. The fair value of equipment and fixtures is usually their acquisition price.

When tangible fixed assets are revalued, the entire class of similar assets should be revalued.

When the book value of a fixed asset increases as a result of revaluation, the increase is credited directly into the Equity as a Revaluation Surplus.

Increases in value due to revaluation will be recognised through the Income Statement to the extend it reverses an earlier impairment of the same asset, charged in the Income Statement.

Should the book value of an asset be reduced as a result of a revaluation, the decrease in value should be charged in the Income Statement. If a revaluation surplus for that asset exists in Equity, the decrease will be charged directly into Equity up to the value of that surplus. Revaluation surpluses in Equity are transferred to Retained Earnings as soon as the fixed assets are sold or derecognized. Tax effects on the revaluation of tangible fixed assets are recognised and disclosed according to IAS 12 Income Tax.

The initial implementation of a tangible fixed asset revaluation policy is treated as a revaluation according to IAS 16, not IAS 8.

While applying I.A.S. 36 (on Impairment of Assets), on each reference date Group management effectively estimates whether its asset base shows signs of impairment, comparing the residual value for each asset against its book value.



Subsequent expenditure on fixed assets already appearing on the Company's books are added to that asset's book value only if they increase its future economic benefits. All expenditure (maintenance, survey etc.) for assets not increasing their future economic benefits are realised as expenses in the financial period incurred.

Expenditures incurred for a major repair or survey of a fixed asset are realised as expenses in the financial period in which they are incurred, except when increasing the future economic benefits of the fixed asset, in which case they are added to the book value of the asset.

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets (excluding land which is not depreciated) is calculated on a straight-line basis according to their useful lives. The main depreciation rates are as follows:

Operating Property (buildings) 3%
Investment Property 3%
Machinery 5.3% - 20%
Vehicles 7.5% - 20%
Other equipment 15% - 20%

Residual values and useful lives of tangible fixed assets are subject to revision on balance sheet date. When the book value of fixed tangibles exceeds their recoverable value, the difference (impairment loss) is directly charged as an expense item in the Income Statement.

When disposing of tangible fixed assets, the difference between the revenue from the sale and the book value of the assets is realised as profit or loss in the Income Statement.

Own-produced fixed tangibles constitute an addition to the acquisition cost of the assets in the form of direct cost of personnel participating in their production (including related employer's social security contributions), cost of materials and other general expenses.

C.2b. Investment Property (IAS 40)

J&P Avax group applies IAS 40 for the property regarded as an investment, using the alternative method of valuation, which is the cost model.

Regarding investment property, management chose the alternative method of valuation at acquisition cost (reduced by accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment charges) according to IAS 16, following the initial entry of tangible fixed assets on transition date to I.A.S. (01/01/2004).

During 2007 J&P Avax group decided to change the accounting policy, regarding the valuation of investment property, and specifically to apply the fair value model instead of the cost model.

The Management adopts the opinion that the accounting policy of the fair value model for the investment property valuation provides more credible and relevant information because it is based on up-dated values.

According to IAS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors", paragraph 52, the retrospective application of a new accounting policy requires the distinction of the information that: a)Indicate the prevailing facts at the transaction dates.

b)Would be available when the financial statements of these previous periods were approved to be published.

For certain estimations (e.g. fair value estimation not based on an observable price or observable inputs) the distinction of the information is not possible.

When the retrospective application, or the retrospective restatement would require significant estimation, for which the separation of the information is not feasible, then the retrospective application of the new accounting policy is not feasible too.

The Management examined the prospect to recognize both cases of the change in accounting policy. They deduced that the change could not be accounted retrospectively. Therefore, the accounting policy will be applied on a future basis beginning from 2007.



C.3. Intangible Assets (I.A.S. 38)

These expenses should be amortised during the financial period in which they are incurred. Only expenses meeting the criteria of I.A.S. 38.18 are capitalized, such as expenses for computer software and licences. Long-term expenses not meeting the criteria of I.A.S. 38.18 are written off in applying IFRS. Intangible assets include software licences.

C.4. Impairment of Assets (I.A.S. 36)

i) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the additional price paid by the Group for the acquisition of new subsidiaries, joint ventures, and associates. It arises from the comparison of the price paid for the acquisition of a new company with the proportion of the group share to the fair value of the net assets, during the acquisition date. The arisen goodwill from the acquisition of the new subsidiaries and joint ventures is recognized to intangible assets. Every year impairment test for the goodwill is conducted, which decreases the original amount as it is recognized in the balance sheet. During the calculation of profit or loss arisen from participation disposal, the relevant (if any) goodwill is taken under consideration of the disposed company.

For an easier processing of impairment tests, goodwill is allocated to Cash Generating Units (CGU's). The CGU is the smallest identifiable unit of assets which creates independent cash flows and represents the level at which the Group collects and presents the financial data for reasons of internal information. The impairment for the goodwill, is determined from the calculation of the recoverable amount of the CGU's with which the goodwill is connected. Impairment loss which is related with goodwill cannot be reversed in future periods. The Group conducts the annual test for goodwill impairment at 31 December of each accounting period.

In case that the fair value of net assets of a company during the acquisition date is higher than the price paid for the acquisition, negative goodwill is recognized (income), which goes directly in the Income Statement.

I.A.S. 36 applies for the impairment of subsidiaries acquisition or I.A.S. 39 for participation to associates, and other participating interest companies.

ii) Other Assets

Assets with an infinite useful life are not depreciated and are subject to annual review for impairment, whenever events take place showing their book value is not recoverable. Assets being depreciated are subject to review of their value impairment when there are indications that their book value shall not be recovered.

Net Selling Price (NSP) is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable willing parties, less the costs of disposal. Value in use is the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life. At each balance sheet date, management assess whether there is an indication of impairment as required by I.A.S. 36, requiring that the book value of assets does not exceed their recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the highest between Net Selling Price and Value in Use.

This evaluation also takes into account all available information, either from internal or external sources. Impairment review is applied on all assets except for inventories, construction contracts, deferred tax receivables, financial assets falling under I.A.S. 39, investment property and non-current assets classified as being held for disposal.

Impairment losses are charged in the Income Statement.

C.5. Inventories (I.A.S. 2)

On Balance Sheet date, inventories are valued at the lowest between cost and Net Realisable Value (NRV). NRV is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Inventory cost does not include financial expenses.



C.6. Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement (I.A.S. 39)

The standard outlines the principles for recognition and measurement of financial instruments, financial liabilities and certain contracts for purchase or sale of non financial instruments. The financial instruments of the Group are classified in the following categories according to the substance of the contract and the purpose for which they were purchased. Purchases and sales of investments are recognised on trade date, which is the date on which the Group commits itself in purchasing or selling the asset. Investments are initially recognized at fair value plus related transaction expenses, with the exception of transaction expenses for assets which are recognized at fair value and through the income statement. Investments are written off when the right to the related cash flows expires or is transferred and the Group has in substance transferred all risks and rewards relating to ownership.

i) Financial assets/liabilities valued at fair value through the income statement

These comprise financial assets/liabilities that satisfy any of the following conditions:

- Financial assets/liabilities held for trading purposes (including derivatives, except those designated and effective hedging instruments, those acquired or created for the purpose of sale or repurchase, and those that are part of a portfolio of designated financial instruments).
- Upon initial recognition, it is designated by the company as an instrument valued at fair value, with any changes recognised through the Income Statement.

Realised and unrealised profits or losses arising from changes in the fair value of financial assets valued at their fair value with changes in the income statement, are recognized in the income statement at the period in which they result.

ii) Loans and receivables

They include non-derivative financial assets with fixed or predefined payments which are not traded in active markets. This category (loans and receivables) does not include:

- receivables from advances for the purchase of goods or services,
- receivables relating to tax transactions, which have been legislatively imposed by the state,
- any receivable not covered by a contract giving the company the right to receive cash or other financial fixed assets.

Loans and receivables are initially recognised at their fair value and then measured at net book cost based upon the real interest rate method.

iii) Investments held to maturity

These include non derivative financial assets with fixed or defined payments and specific maturity and which the Group intends and has the ability to hold till maturity. Assets of this category are initially recognised at fair value and then measured at net book cost based upon the real interest rate method.

iv) Financial assets available for sale

These include non derivative financial assets either designated in this category or not included in any of the previous ones.

Financial assets available for sale are valued at fair value and the relevant profit or loss is recorded in an equity reserve until such assets are sold or characterized as impaired.

During the sale, or when they are characterized as impaired, the profit or loss is transferred to the income statement. Impairment losses that have been recorded to the income statement cannot be reversed through the income statement.

The fair values of financial assets traded in an active market, are defined by the current ask prices. For non-traded instruments, fair values are defined with the use of valuation techniques such as analysis of recent transactions, comparative items that are traded and discounted cash flows. Securities not traded in an active market that have been classified in the category "financial assets available for sale", whose fair value cannot be determined with credibility, are valued at their acquisition cost. At each balance sheet date the Group assesses whether there are objective indications that lead to the conclusion that financial assets have been impaired. For company shares classified as financial assets available for sale, such an indication is a significant or extended decline in the fair value compared to the acquisition cost. If impairment is established, the accumulated loss in equity, which is the difference between acquisition cost and fair value, is transferred to the results.



C.7. Financial Instruments: Presentation (IAS 32)

The principles in this Standard complement the principles for recognising and measuring financial assets and financial liabilities in IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

This Standard is concerned with the classification of financial instruments into financial assets, financial liabilities and equity instruments, as well as the classification of related interest, dividends, losses and gains, and the circumstances in which financial assets and financial liabilities should be offset.

A *financial instrument* is any contract that simultaneously gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

A financial asset is any asset that is:

- (a) cash
- (b) an equity instrument of another entity
- (c) a contractual right:
 - (i) to receive cash or another financial asset from another entity; or
 - (ii) to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially favourable to the entity; or
- (d) a contract that will or may be settled in the entity's own equity instruments and is:
 - (i) a non-derivative for which the entity is or may be obliged to receive a variable number of the entity's own equity instruments; or
 - (ii) a derivative that will or may be settled other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the entity's own equity instruments. For this purpose the entity's own equity instruments do not include instruments that are themselves contracts for the future receipt or delivery of the entity's own equity instruments.

A financial liability is any liability that is:

- (a) a contractual obligation:
 - (i) to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity; or
 - (ii) to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the entity; or
- (b) a contract that will or may be settled in the entity's own equity instruments and is:
 - (i) a non-derivative for which the entity is or may be obliged to deliver a variable number of the entity's own equity instruments; or
 - (ii) a derivative that will or may be settled other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the entity's own equity instruments. For this purpose the entity's own equity instruments do not include instruments that are themselves contracts for the future receipt or delivery of the entity's own equity instruments.

An *equity instrument* is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities.

Fair Value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged for or a liability be settled with between two parties acting on their own will and in full knowledge of market conditions, as part of a transaction carried out on a pure commercial basis.



C.8. Financial Instruments: Disclosures (IFRS 7)

IFRS 7 refers to all risks arising from all financial instruments, except those instruments specifically excluded (e.g. interests in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, etc.). The objective of the disclosures is to provide an overview of the Group's use of financial instruments and its exposure to risks they create. The extent of the disclosure required depends on the extent of the Company's use of financial instruments and its exposure to risk. The Group and Company apply IFRS 7 from January 1st, 2007.

C.9. Provisions (I.A.S. 37)

Provisions are recognized when the Group faces legal or substantiated liabilities resulting from past events, their settlement may result in an outflow of resources and the amount of the liability can be reliably estimated. Provisions are reviewed on Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the present value of the expense estimated for settling the liability. Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements but nevertheless are disclosed in the accompanying notes, except when the probability of an outflow of resources is minimal. Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements, but are disclosed in the notes, provided an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

C.10. Government Grants (I.A.S. 20)

The Group recognizes government grants (subsidies) only when there is reasonable assurance that:

- a) the enterprise will comply with any conditions attached to the grants,
- b) the grant is likely to be received.

Subsidies are entered in the company's books at their fair value and recognized on a consistent basis as revenue, in accordance with the principle of matching the receipts of subsidies with the related expenses.

Subsidies on assets are included in long-term liabilities as deferred income and recognized on a consistent basis as revenues over the expected useful life of the assets.

C.11. The effects of changes in Foreign Exchange Rates (I.A.S. 21)

The financial statements of all Group companies are prepared using the currency of the economic area which the Group mainly operates in (operating currency). Consolidated financial reports are denominated in euros, the operating and presentation currency of the parent Company and its subsidiaries.

Transactions in foreign currency are converted in the operating currency according to the going foreign exchange rates on the date on which transactions take place.

Profit and losses from foreign exchange differences arising from settlement of transactions in foreign currency during the financial reporting period and the conversion of monetary items denominated in foreign currency according to the going exchange rates on balance sheet date are recognised in the Income Statement. Foreign exchange adjustments for non-monetary items valued at fair value are considered part of the fair value and are therefore treated as differences in fair value.

C.12. Equity Capital (I.A.S. 33)

Expenses incurred due to the issue of new shares appear below the deduction of related income tax, reducing the net proceeds from the issue. Expenses incurred due to the issue of new shares to finance the acquisition of another company are included in the target company's total acquisition cost.

C.13. Dividends (I.A.S. 18)

Payments of dividends to parent company shareholders are recognized as a liability in the consolidated financial statements on the date on which the General Assembly of the Shareholders grants its approval on the distribution of the dividend.



C.14. Income Taxes & Deferred Tax (I.A.S. 12)

Income tax expenses appearing in the Income Statement include both tax for the period and deferred tax, which correspond to tax charges or tax returns arising from benefits realized within the reporting period in question but booked by the tax authorities in earlier or later reporting periods. Income tax is recognized in the Income Statement for the reporting period, except for tax relating to transactions directly charged against shareholders' funds; in that case, income tax is similarly charged directly against shareholders' funds.

Current income tax includes short-term liabilities and/or receivables from the tax authorities related to payable tax on the taxable income of the reporting period, as well as any additional income tax from earlier reporting periods.

Current tax is calculated according to the tax rates and fiscal legislation applied on each reporting period involved, based on the taxable income for the year. All changes in short-term tax items listed on either side of the balance sheet are recognized as part of the tax expense in the Income Statement.

Deferred income tax is calculated by means of the liability arising from the temporary difference between book value and the tax base of asset and liabilities. No deferred income tax is entered when arising from the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction, excluding corporate mergers, which did not affect the reported or taxable profit / loss at that time.

Deferred tax income and liabilities are valued according to the tax rates expected to apply in the reporting period in which the receipt or payment will be settled, taking into account the tax rates (and fiscal laws) introduced or in effect until the reporting date. The tax rate in effect on the day following the reporting date is used whenever the timing of reversal of temporary differences cannot be accurately determined.

Deferred tax receivables are recognized to the extent in which taxable profits will arise in the future while making use of the temporary difference which gives rise to the deferred tax receivable.

Deferred income tax is recognized for the temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries and affiliates, excluding those cases where de-recognition of temporary differences is controlled by the Group and temporary differences are not expected to be derecognized in the foreseeable future.

Most changes in deferred tax receivables or liabilities are recognised as tax expenses in the Income Statement. Only changes in assets or liabilities affecting temporary differences (e.g. asset revaluations) which are recognized directly against the Group's shareholders' funds do result in changes in deferred tax receivables or liabilities being charged against the relevant revaluation reserve.

C.15. Personnel Benefits (I.A.S. 19)

Short-term benefits:

Short-term benefits to personnel (excluding termination benefits) in money and in kind are recognized as an expense when deemed payable. Portions of the benefit yet unpaid are classified as a liability, whereas if the amount already paid exceeds the benefit then the company recognizes the excess amount as an asset (prepaid expenses) only to the extent to which the prepayment will result in a reduction in future payments or to a fund return.

Retirement benefits:

Benefits at retirement from service include a defined contribution plan as well as a defined benefit plan.

Defined Contribution Plan:

According to the plan, the company's legal liability is limited to the amount agreed for contribution to the institution (social security fund) managing employer contributions and handing out benefits (pensions, medical plans etc).

The accrued cost of defined contribution plans is classified as an expense in the corresponding financial reporting period.

Defined Benefit Plan:



The Company has legal liability for personnel benefits due to lay-offs ahead of retirement date or benefits upon retirement from service, in accordance with pertinent legislation.

The Projected Unit Credit Method is used to calculate the present value of defined benefit obligations, the related current cost of services and the cost of services rendered which is the accrued services method, according to which benefits are paid at the financial periods in which the retirement benefit liability is founded. Liabilities arise while employees provide services qualifying for retirement benefits.

The Projected Unit Credit Method therefore requires that benefits are paid in both the current reporting period (to calculate the current cost of services) and in the current and past reporting periods (to calculate the present value of defined benefit obligations).

Despite the fact that remaining in service with the Company is a prerequisite for receiving benefits (ie benefits cannot be taken for granted by employees), liabilities are calculated using actuarial methods as follows:

Demographic Assumptions: Personnel Turnover (Staff Resignations / Staff Lay-offs), and

Financial Assumptions: discount rate, future salary levels (calculated using government bond yield of equal maturities) and estimated future changes in state benefits affecting payable benefits.

C.16. Revenue Recognition (I.A.S. 18)

Revenues include the fair value of works, sales of goods and services, net of VAT, discounts and returns. IntraGroup revenues are completely eliminated. Recognition of revenues is done as follows:

Construction Contracts:

Revenues from projects towards signed contracts are entered in the reporting period in which the works were carried out, based on their stage of completion

Sale of Goods:

Sale of goods are recognized when the Group makes actual delivery of the goods to their buyers who in turn formally accept them, rendering their price secure for receipt.

Provision of services:

Revenues from provision of services are entered in the reporting period in which the services were rendered, according to the stage of completion of the services.

C.17. Leases (I.A.S. 17)

Financial leases are all leases on fixed assets which transfer onto the Group all risks and benefits in relation to those assets' ownership, irrespective of the eventual transfer of ownership of the assets. These leases are capitalized at the start of the lease using the lowest price between the fair value of the fixed asset and the present value of the minimum lease. All leases comprise a liability and a financial expense, securing a fixed interest rate for the balance of the financial liability. Liabilities arising from leases, net of financial expenses, are entered as liabilities in the balance sheet. The portion of financial expenses arising from financial leases is recognized in the Income Statement throughout the term of the lease. Fixed assets acquired via financial leases are depreciated over the lowest term between their useful life and their lease term.

Lease agreements in which the lessee transfers the right of usage of an asset for a fixed time period but not the risks and rewards of the asset's ownership, are classified as operating leases. Payments for operating leases (net of any discounts offered by the lessor) are recognized in the Income Statement proportionately over the term of the lease.

Fixed assets leased as lessor through operating leases are included as tangible assets in the balance sheet and depreciated over their expected useful lives using the same procedure as other fully-owned tangibles. Proceeds from leases (net of any discounts offered to the lessee) are recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The Group does not lease fixed assets using the financial lease method.



C.18. Construction Contracts (I.A.S. 11)

Construction contracts refer to the construction of assets or a group of related assets on behalf of clients according to terms laid out in relevant contract agreements, their construction usually spanning more than one reporting period.

Expenses arising from the contract are recognized at the time they are incurred.

If the profitability of a construction contract cannot be reliably estimated, and especially when the project is at an early stage of completion, revenues are recognized to the extent that construction costs may be recovered, and construction costs must be recognized in the income statement of the reporting period in which they came about. Therefore, the level of revenues recognized from those construction contracts must be set accordingly to yield zero profitability for the project.

If the profitability of a construction contract may be reliably estimated, revenues and expenses arising from that contract are recognized during the term of the contract as revenue and expense, respectively. The Group uses the percentage of completion method to set the revenue and expense to be recognized over each reporting period. The stage of completion is calculated on the basis of the construction cost realized until reporting date in relation to the total estimated cost of each project.

If total costs from a construction contract are likely to exceed the relevant total revenues, the expected loss is recognised immediately in the income statement as an expense item.

In calculating the cost realised during a reporting period, expenses linked to future works arising from a construction contract are excluded and entered in the accounts as work-in-progress. Total realised costs and profit / loss recognised on each contract are compared to the invoiced works till the end of the reporting period.

If realised expenses, plus net realised profit and less any realised losses, exceed the invoiced works then the difference is entered as a receivable from clients (Construction Contracts). If invoiced works exceed realised expenses, plus net realised profits and less realised losses, the balance is entered as a liability to contract clients.

Contract Grouping:

The initial contract for a project, along with any additional works and extensions to the contract, are treated as a single project because new contracts for additions and extensions pertain to works on the same project and their value is related to the value of the initial contract.

A group of projects is treated as a single project if their negotiation is done jointly or the relevant contracts are linked with each other and constitute parts of a broader project with a total profit margin, or each contract is carried out simultaneously or in a certain order.

Project Revenues: Revenues from projects include the following:

- Initial contract value, plus any revisions of the initial contract, extensions and additions
- Claims
- Incentive payments, e.g. for early delivery

Claims and incentive payments are taken into account to the extent that they may be realised with a strong likelihood and be accurately defined and calculated.

Project Cost: The cost of projects includes the following:

- Costs directly related to a project
- Costs attributed to a particular project and can be allocated to the same project
- Other costs billed to a specific client, according to the terms of the contract

The second case includes all general construction expenses. Those expenses are regularly allocated using reasonable and consistent methodologies and allocation practices, across all similar expense items.

General Construction Expenses include costs such as clerical work on staff payroll, and financial expenses related to the projects.

Expenses not allocated or classified to a specific project include sale expenses, R&D expenses, general administrative expenses and depreciation of idle equipment, which are not employed in that project.



C.19. Debt and receivables (I.A.S. 23)

Debt and receivables include non-derivative financial assets with fixed or otherwise predefined payments, which are not traded on active markets. They exclude

- a) receivables from prepayments on goods or services,
- b) receivables related to legislation-induced transactions in taxes,
- c) any other items not provided for by contracts offering the Company the right to receive payment of cash or other financial assets.

Debt and receivables are included in current assets, with the exception of those expiring over 12 months after reporting date which are entered as non-current assets.

On every Balance Sheet date, the Group evaluates the existence of objective indications of impairment of its financial assets.

Dent and receivables are recognized at their non-depreciated cost using the real interest rate method. Losses are directly and fully charged against the reporting period's income statement.

Each receivable item of substantial value is evaluated individually for impairment, whereas lower-valued items may be jointly evaluated. When jointly evaluated, lower-valued receivables should be grouped according to their credit risk rating (i.e. the items should be classified according to their risk profile).

Should the value impairment loss be eliminated according to some objective indications in subsequent reporting periods, it should be derecognized and immediately charged in the income statement. The value of derecognition should not result in a non-depreciated cost which is in excess of the value of the receivable at the date of derecognition, provided there was no impairment loss.

C.20. Borrowing Cost (I.A.S. 23)

Borrowing cost refers to interest charged on debt, as well as other expenses incurred by the company in securing that debt.

Included in borrowing costs are:

- Interest expenses on short-term and long-term bank loans, as well as overdraft interest charges
- Amortisation of par discount arising from bond loan issues
- Amortisation of additional expenses incurred in securing a loan
- Financial expenses from financial leases, as defined in I.A.S. 17
- Foreign exchange adjustments, to the extent that they constitute a financial expense

Borrowing costs that can be allocated directly in acquisition, construction or production of an asset which fulfils the requirements should be capitalized.

C.21. Segment reporting (I.A.S. 14)

Business segments are groups of asset items and activities producing products and services which are subject to different risks and returns of the assets and activities of other business segments. Geographic segments are the areas in which the offered products and services differ to those offered in other areas in terms of the risks and return they are subject to.

Every contract being filled by the Group is unique in terms of technical specifications, differentiating it to a small or large extent from other contracts. The projects carried out by the company mainly differ from each other in terms of the intended use by the end-client, nevertheless without differentiating themselves in terms of business risk and return. The Group provides business segment report.

C.22. Related Party Disclosures (I.A.S. 24)

Related party disclosures are governed by I.A.S. 24 and refer to transactions between a company reporting its financial statements and other related parties. Its application is compulsory for reporting periods starting after 1/1/2005. The main issue is the economic substance of transactions, as opposed to their legal form.

A company is considered a related party to a reporting company if:



- a) It is directly or indirectly via intermediaries in control, or controlled by or under joint control of the reporting company
- b) It controls an equity stake in the reporting company which grants substantial control, or joint control of the reporting company
- c) It is an associate, as defined in IAS 28
- d) It is a joint venture, as defined in IAS 31
- e) It is a key member of the top management team (Board of Directors) of the reporting company or its parent firm
- f) It is closely related family-wise to any person matching the first and fourth case noted above
- g) It is a company controlled (or under joint control or under substantial influence) by a person matching the fourth and fifth case noted above
- h) It is has an employee defined benefit plan in place, where those eligible for receiving the benefits are either the reporting company or the employees of the reporting company

Related party transaction is any transfer of resources, services or liabilities between related parties, irrespective of the payment of a price in return.

D. RISK MANAGEMENT

The operation of the J&P-AVAX Group of companies and the broader business environment present a number of risks which need be dealt with by the Company's management, weighing with realism the relevant cost against the likely impact of those risks.

D.1 Financial Risk

The Group's operations require working capital and performance bonds by banks to guarantee our participation in tenders for projects and subsequently our performance in those projects. The interest rate levied on the Company's bank debt is largely dependent on the European Central Bank's interest rate policy, while the fees charged for issuing the performance bonds are generally considered low due to the Company's large volume of banking business, its excellent creditworthiness and intense competition within the banking sector.

The Company's Finance Department works closely with local and international financial institutions to plan our debt requirements and the volume of performance bonds needed to support projects in progress or in tender process with the lowest possible financial cost.

The Group continuously monitors its needs for derivative interest rate hedging instruments. All short-term debt is taken with variable interest rates while bond loans carry an option to convert their rate into fixed.

D.2 Foreign Exchange Risk

The Group's international business is on an uptrend, hence it is exposed to growing currency risk. The conversion of the Cypriot Pound into euro eliminated the Group's currency risk for that cross-rate given its large work-in-hand in Cyprus.

In Europe, the Group is active in Poland where it bills and receives cash in euro (the projects being funded by the European Union) and about 60% of its expenses are charged and paid in euro. To hedge its risk in expenses denominated in PLN, the Company maintains low levels of debt in PLN as working capital, the bulk of debt being denominated in euro. In Romania the Group is active through its subsidiary ATHENA SA for construction works, and through J&P Development for real estate projects. Real estate property is valued and transactions are done using euro, hence the Group faces no currency risk.

D.3 Input Risk

Several of the raw materials used by the Group are internationally-priced commodities, such as cement, metal grids and fuel. Price volatility in those input materials is eased to some extent as a result of



particularities in their supply in Greece, while the Group also purchases raw materials and other inputs centrally to take advantage of economies of scale in quoted prices by suppliers.

D.4 Liquidity Risk

The likelihood of failure to meet its obligations against its clients presents a risk to the Group because this eventuality could challenge the Financial Division's planning for cash liquidity.

Despite the substantial diversification of projects to a large number of clients, both in Greece and abroad, the Group's revenues largely source from the Greek State, other public-sector entities and international state organizations enjoying financial backing by the European Union. In this light, the risk of failure to collect receivables on signed contracts is considered very low, despite occasional delays in collecting payments from even the most reliable clients, such as the Greek State. The Group faces increased credit risk on private projects, which are on the rise relative to the overall level of business. The Group makes a provision on contingent liabilities relating to private projects. The credit risk is monitored by a computer application which analyses the aging breakdown of the receivables. The Group also maintains high credit lines with the banking system to cope with liquidity issues which might arise.

E. NEW STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS TO PUBLISHED STANDARDS

These financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting. The financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual financial statements as at 31 December 2011.

A. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011, except for the adoption of the new or revised standards, amendments or/and interpretations, mentioned below, for the annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012, none of which had effect on the financial statements of the Group and the Company.

- IAS 12 Deferred tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets. This amendment has not yet been endorsed by the EU.
- ullet IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures (Amended) Enhanced Derecognition Disclosure Requirements.

In May 2010 the IASB issued its third omnibus of amendments to its standards, primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording. Their adoption didn't have any significant effect on the financial statements of the Group.

- B. The following new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued but are not effective for the current period. They have not been early adopted and the Group and the Company are currently assessing possible impacts in the financial statements from their adoption.
- IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements (amended): The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012. This amendment changes the grouping of items presented in Other Comprehensive Income. Items that could be reclassified (or "recycled") to profit or loss at a future point in time (for example, upon derecognition or settlement) would be presented separately from items which will never be reclassified. This amendment has not yet been endorsed by the EU.

IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures as part of its comprehensive review of off balance sheet activities (Amended). The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011. The purpose of this amendment is to allow users of financial statements to improve their understanding of transfer transactions of financial assets (e.g. securitisations), including understanding the possible effects of any risks that may remain with the entity which transferred the assets. The amendment also requires additional disclosures if a disproportionate amount of transfer transactions are undertaken around the end of a reporting period. The amendments broadly align the relevant disclosure requirements of IFRSs and US GAAP. This amendment has not yet been endorsed by



the EU. The Group does not expect that this amendment will have an impact on the financial position or performance of the Group, however additional disclosures may be required.

IAS 12 Deferred tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets (Amended). The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012. This amendment concerns the determination of deferred tax on investment property measured at fair value and also incorporates SIC-21 Income Taxes — Recovery of Revalued Non-Depreciable Assets into IAS 12 for non-depreciable assets measured using the revaluation model in IAS 16. The aim of this amendment is to include a) a rebuttable presumption that deferred tax on investment property measured using the fair value model in IAS 40 should be determined on the basis that its carrying amount will be recovered through sale and b) a requirement that deferred tax on non-depreciable assets, measured using the revaluation model in IAS 16, should always be measured on a sale basis. This amendment has not yet been endorsed by the EU. The Group does not expect that this amendment will have an impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments - Phase 1 Classification and Measurement

The new standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015. Phase 1 of this new IFRS addresses classification and measurement of financial instruments. Phase 1 of IFRS 9 will have a significant impact on (i) the classification and measurement of financial assets and (ii) a change in reporting for those entities that have designated financial liabilities using the FVO. Early adoption is permitted. This standard has not yet been endorsed by the EU. The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of the new standard on the financial position or performance of the Group.

IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements

The new standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. IFRS 10 establishes a single control model that applies to all entities, including special purpose entities. The changes introduced by IFRS 10 will require management to exercise significant judgment to determine which entities are controlled and, therefore, are required to be consolidated by a parent. Examples of areas of significant judgment include evaluating de facto control, potential voting rights or whether a decision maker is acting as a principal or agent. IFRS 10 replaces the part of IAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements related to consolidated financial statements and replaces SIC 12 Consolidation — Special Purpose Entities. This standard has not yet been endorsed by the EU. The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of the new standard on the financial position or performance of the Group.

IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements. The new standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. IFRS 11 eliminates proportionate consolidation of jointly controlled entities. Under IFRS 11, jointly controlled entities, if classified as joint ventures (a newly defined term), must be accounted for using the equity method. Additionally, jointly controlled assets and operations are joint operations under IFRS 11, and the accounting for those arrangements will generally be consistent with today's accounting. That is, the entity will continue to recognize its relative share of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. IFRS 11 replaces IAS 31 Interests in Joint Ventures and SIC 13 Jointly Controlled Entities — Non-Monetary Contributions by Venturers. This standard has not yet been endorsed by the EU. The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of the new standard on the financial position or performance of the Group.

IFRS 12 Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities. The new standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. IFRS 12 combines the disclosure requirements for an entity's interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, investments in associates and structured entities into one comprehensive disclosure standard. A number of new disclosures also will be required such as disclosing the judgments made to determine control over another entity. IFRS 12 replaces the requirements previously included in IAS 27, IAS 31, and IAS 28 Investments in Associates. This standard has not yet been endorsed by the EU. The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of the new standard on the financial position or performance of the Group.



IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement. The new standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. The main reason of issuance of IFRS 13 is to reduce complexity and improve consistency in application when measuring fair value. It does not change when an entity is required to use fair value but, rather, provides guidance on how to measure fair value under IFRS when fair value is required or permitted by IFRS. IFRS 13 consolidates and clarifies the guidance on how to measure fair value and also to increase convergence with USGAAP which has also been amended by FAASB. This standard should be applied prospectively and early adoption is permitted. This standard has not yet been endorsed by the EU. The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of the new standard on the financial position or performance of the Group.

IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements (amended). This amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.As a result of the new standards IFRS 10, IFRS11 and IFRS 12, this standard was amended to contain accounting and disclosure requirements for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates when an entity prepares separate financial statements. IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements requires an entity preparing separate financial statements to account for those investments at cost or in accordance with IFRS 9 Financial Instruments. Earlier application is permitted. This amendment has not yet been endorsed by the EU. The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of this amendment on the financial position or performance of the Group.

IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (amended). The Standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. As a result of the new standards IFRS 10, IFRS 11 and IFRS12, this standard was amended to prescribe the accounting for investments in associates and set out the requirements for the application of the equity method when accounting for investments in associates and joint ventures. Earlier application is permitted. This amendment has not yet been endorsed by the EU. The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of this amendment on the financial position or performance of the Group.

IAS 19 Employee Benefits (amended). The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. The amended IAS 19 proposes major changes to the accounting for employee benefits, including the removal of the option for deferred recognition of changes in pension plan assets and liabilities (known as the "corridor approach"). The result is greater balance sheet volatility for those entities currently applying the corridor approach. These amendments will limit the changes in the net pension asset (liability) recognised in profit or loss to net interest income (expense) and service costs. Expected returns on plan assets will be replaced by a credit to income based on the corporate bond yield rate. In addition, the revised standard requires immediate recognition of past service costs as a result of plan amendments (in the income statement) and requires termination benefits to be recognised only when the offer becomes legally binding and cannot be withdrawn. Early application is permitted. This amendment has not yet been endorsed by the EU. The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of this amendment on the financial position or performance of the Group.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

1. Segment Reporting

(a) Primary reporting format - business segments

The Group is active in 3 main business segments:

- Construction
- Concessions
- Other activities (Real estate development and other activities)

The figures per business segments for the period ended 30 June 2012 are as follows:

	Construction	Concessions	Real Estate and other activities	Total
Total gross sales per segment	231.043.138	1.371.867	11.548.983	243.963.988
Inter-segment sales	(9.848.626)	-	(2.298.482)	(12.147.108)
Net Sales	221.194.513	1.371.867	9.250.501	231.816.880
Gross Profit/ (Loss)	23.844.527	(569.439)	1.911.866	25.186.954
Other net operating income/(expenses)	363.624	39.599	(1.639.017)	(1.235.794)
Administrative expenses / Selling & Marketing expenses	(13.572.362)	(4.159.051)	(1.318.815)	(19.050.227)
Income/(Losses) from Investments in Associates	(4.324)	6.390.493	(33.678)	6.352.492
Profit/ (Loss) from operations	10.631.466	1.701.601	(1.079.643)	11.253.424
(Losses)/ gain of financial instruments Net financial income / (loss) Profit/ (Loss) before tax			-	(244.530) (15.072.216) (4.063.322)
Tax			_	(4.917.781)
Profit/ (Loss) after tax			=	(8.981.102)
Depreciation	9.421.203	110.076	659.852	10.191.132
The figures per business segments for the	period ended 30 June 2	011 are as follows:		
The figures per business segments for the	•		Real Estate and	Total
	Construction	Concessions	other activities	Total
Total gross sales per segment	Construction 321.780.275		other activities 16.640.847	339.761.829
	Construction	Concessions	other activities	
Total gross sales per segment Inter-segment sales	Construction 321.780.275 (610.664)	Concessions 1.340.706	other activities 16.640.847 (4.113.859)	339.761.829 (4.724.523)
Total gross sales per segment Inter-segment sales Net Sales	Construction 321.780.275 (610.664) 321.169.612	Concessions 1.340.706 - 1.340.706	0ther activities 16.640.847 (4.113.859) 12.526.988	339.761.829 (4.724.523) 335.037.306
Total gross sales per segment Inter-segment sales Net Sales Gross Profit/ (Loss)	Construction 321.780.275 (610.664) 321.169.612 30.368.662	Concessions 1.340.706 - 1.340.706 (371.622)	other activities 16.640.847 (4.113.859) 12.526.988 (188.926)	339.761.829 (4.724.523) 335.037.306 29.808.114
Total gross sales per segment Inter-segment sales Net Sales Gross Profit/ (Loss) Other net operating income/(expenses) Administrative expenses / Selling &	Construction 321.780.275 (610.664) 321.169.612 30.368.662 1.916.019 (12.423.428)	Concessions 1.340.706 1.340.706 (371.622) 36.587 (5.340.257)	other activities 16.640.847 (4.113.859) 12.526.988 (188.926) 85.548 (2.414.921)	339.761.829 (4.724.523) 335.037.306 29.808.114 2.038.153 (20.178.604)
Total gross sales per segment Inter-segment sales Net Sales Gross Profit/ (Loss) Other net operating income/(expenses) Administrative expenses / Selling & Marketing expenses Income/(Losses) from Investments in	Construction 321.780.275 (610.664) 321.169.612 30.368.662 1.916.019	Concessions 1.340.706 - 1.340.706 (371.622) 36.587	16.640.847 (4.113.859) 12.526.988 (188.926)	339.761.829 (4.724.523) 335.037.306 29.808.114 2.038.153
Total gross sales per segment Inter-segment sales Net Sales Gross Profit/ (Loss) Other net operating income/(expenses) Administrative expenses / Selling & Marketing expenses Income/(Losses) from Investments in	Construction 321.780.275 (610.664) 321.169.612 30.368.662 1.916.019 (12.423.428)	Concessions 1.340.706 1.340.706 (371.622) 36.587 (5.340.257)	other activities 16.640.847 (4.113.859) 12.526.988 (188.926) 85.548 (2.414.921)	339.761.829 (4.724.523) 335.037.306 29.808.114 2.038.153 (20.178.604)
Total gross sales per segment Inter-segment sales Net Sales Gross Profit/ (Loss) Other net operating income/(expenses) Administrative expenses / Selling & Marketing expenses Income/(Losses) from Investments in Associates	Construction 321.780.275 (610.664) 321.169.612 30.368.662 1.916.019 (12.423.428) (2.538)	Concessions 1.340.706	other activities 16.640.847 (4.113.859) 12.526.988 (188.926) 85.548 (2.414.921) 83.115	339.761.829 (4.724.523) 335.037.306 29.808.114 2.038.153 (20.178.604) 8.821.038
Total gross sales per segment Inter-segment sales Net Sales Gross Profit/ (Loss) Other net operating income/(expenses) Administrative expenses / Selling & Marketing expenses Income/(Losses) from Investments in Associates Profit/ (Loss) from operations (Losses)/ gain of financial instruments Net financial income / (loss)	Construction 321.780.275 (610.664) 321.169.612 30.368.662 1.916.019 (12.423.428) (2.538)	Concessions 1.340.706	other activities 16.640.847 (4.113.859) 12.526.988 (188.926) 85.548 (2.414.921) 83.115	339.761.829 (4.724.523) 335.037.306 29.808.114 2.038.153 (20.178.604) 8.821.038 20.488.701 100.588 (14.129.720)
Total gross sales per segment Inter-segment sales Net Sales Gross Profit/ (Loss) Other net operating income/(expenses) Administrative expenses / Selling & Marketing expenses Income/(Losses) from Investments in Associates Profit/ (Loss) from operations (Losses)/ gain of financial instruments Net financial income / (loss) Profit before tax	Construction 321.780.275 (610.664) 321.169.612 30.368.662 1.916.019 (12.423.428) (2.538)	Concessions 1.340.706	other activities 16.640.847 (4.113.859) 12.526.988 (188.926) 85.548 (2.414.921) 83.115	339.761.829 (4.724.523) 335.037.306 29.808.114 2.038.153 (20.178.604) 8.821.038 20.488.701
Total gross sales per segment Inter-segment sales Net Sales Gross Profit/ (Loss) Other net operating income/(expenses) Administrative expenses / Selling & Marketing expenses Income/(Losses) from Investments in Associates Profit/ (Loss) from operations (Losses)/ gain of financial instruments Net financial income / (loss) Profit before tax Tax	Construction 321.780.275 (610.664) 321.169.612 30.368.662 1.916.019 (12.423.428) (2.538)	Concessions 1.340.706	other activities 16.640.847 (4.113.859) 12.526.988 (188.926) 85.548 (2.414.921) 83.115	339.761.829 (4.724.523) 335.037.306 29.808.114 2.038.153 (20.178.604) 8.821.038 20.488.701 100.588 (14.129.720) 6.459.569 (4.464.384)
Total gross sales per segment Inter-segment sales Net Sales Gross Profit/ (Loss) Other net operating income/(expenses) Administrative expenses / Selling & Marketing expenses Income/(Losses) from Investments in Associates Profit/ (Loss) from operations (Losses)/ gain of financial instruments Net financial income / (loss) Profit before tax	Construction 321.780.275 (610.664) 321.169.612 30.368.662 1.916.019 (12.423.428) (2.538)	Concessions 1.340.706	other activities 16.640.847 (4.113.859) 12.526.988 (188.926) 85.548 (2.414.921) 83.115	339.761.829 (4.724.523) 335.037.306 29.808.114 2.038.153 (20.178.604) 8.821.038 20.488.701 100.588 (14.129.720) 6.459.569

(b) Secondary reporting format - Geographical segments

The group is active in 2 main Geographical segments

- Greece
- International Markets

The figures per segment for the period ended 30 June 2012 are as follows:

The figures per segment for the period ended 30 June 20	Greece	International Markets	Total
Total gross sales per segment	88.690.265	155.273.724	243.963.988
Inter-segment sales	(12.147.108)		(12.147.108)
Net Sales	76.543.157	155.273.724	231.816.880
Gross Profit	3.538.305	21.648.650	25.186.954
Other net operating income/(expenses) Administrative expenses / Selling & Marketing	(1.515.319)	279.525	(1.235.794)
expenses	(11.498.552)	(7.551.676)	(19.050.227)
Income/(Losses) from Investments in Associates	6.350.564	1.928	6.352.491
Profit/ (Loss) from operations	(3.125.002)	14.378.427	11.253.424
(Losses)/ gain of financial instruments Net financial income / (loss)	(244.530) (8.406.735)	- (6.665.482)	(244.530) (15.072.216)
Profit/ (Loss) before tax	(11.776.267)	7.712.945	(4.063.322)
Tax	(3.827.452)	(1.090.329)	(4.917.780)
Profit/ (Loss) after tax	(15.603.719)	6.622.617	(8.981.102)
Depreciation	5.011.845	5.179.286	10.191.132
The figures per segment for the period ended 30 June 20 Total gross sales per segment	11 are as follows: Greece 163.984.933	International Markets 175.776.896	Total 339.761.829
	Greece	Markets	
Total gross sales per segment	Greece 163.984.933	Markets	339.761.829
Total gross sales per segment Inter-segment sales	Greece 163.984.933 (4.724.523)	Markets 175.776.896	339.761.829 (4.724.523)
Total gross sales per segment Inter-segment sales Net Sales Gross Profit Other net operating income/(expenses)	Greece 163.984.933 (4.724.523) 159.260.410	Markets 175.776.896 - 175.776.896	339.761.829 (4.724.523) 335.037.306
Total gross sales per segment Inter-segment sales Net Sales Gross Profit Other net operating income/(expenses) Administrative expenses / Selling & Marketing expenses	Greece 163.984.933 (4.724.523) 159.260.410 14.364.187	Markets 175.776.896 - 175.776.896 15.443.927	339.761.829 (4.724.523) 335.037.306 29.808.114
Total gross sales per segment Inter-segment sales Net Sales Gross Profit Other net operating income/(expenses) Administrative expenses / Selling & Marketing expenses Income/(Losses) from Investments in	Greece 163.984.933 (4.724.523) 159.260.410 14.364.187 2.093.932 (12.332.881)	Markets 175.776.896 175.776.896 15.443.927 (55.779) (7.845.722)	339.761.829 (4.724.523) 335.037.306 29.808.114 2.038.153 (20.178.604)
Total gross sales per segment Inter-segment sales Net Sales Gross Profit Other net operating income/(expenses) Administrative expenses / Selling & Marketing expenses	Greece 163.984.933 (4.724.523) 159.260.410 14.364.187 2.093.932	Markets 175.776.896 - 175.776.896 15.443.927 (55.779)	339.761.829 (4.724.523) 335.037.306 29.808.114 2.038.153
Total gross sales per segment Inter-segment sales Net Sales Gross Profit Other net operating income/(expenses) Administrative expenses / Selling & Marketing expenses Income/(Losses) from Investments in Associates	Greece 163.984.933 (4.724.523) 159.260.410 14.364.187 2.093.932 (12.332.881) 9.014.493	Markets 175.776.896 175.776.896 15.443.927 (55.779) (7.845.722) (193.455)	339.761.829 (4.724.523) 335.037.306 29.808.114 2.038.153 (20.178.604) 8.821.038
Inter-segment sales Net Sales Gross Profit Other net operating income/(expenses) Administrative expenses / Selling & Marketing expenses Income/(Losses) from Investments in Associates Profit from operations (Losses)/ gain of financial instruments	Greece 163.984.933 (4.724.523) 159.260.410 14.364.187 2.093.932 (12.332.881) 9.014.493 13.139.731 100.588	Markets 175.776.896 175.776.896 15.443.927 (55.779) (7.845.722) (193.455) 7.348.970	339.761.829 (4.724.523) 335.037.306 29.808.114 2.038.153 (20.178.604) 8.821.038 20.488.701 100.588
Inter-segment sales Net Sales Gross Profit Other net operating income/(expenses) Administrative expenses / Selling & Marketing expenses Income/(Losses) from Investments in Associates Profit from operations (Losses)/ gain of financial instruments Net financial income / (loss)	Greece 163.984.933 (4.724.523) 159.260.410 14.364.187 2.093.932 (12.332.881) 9.014.493 13.139.731 100.588 (8.116.381)	Markets 175.776.896 175.776.896 15.443.927 (55.779) (7.845.722) (193.455) 7.348.970 - (6.013.340)	339.761.829 (4.724.523) 335.037.306 29.808.114 2.038.153 (20.178.604) 8.821.038 20.488.701 100.588 (14.129.720)
Inter-segment sales Net Sales Gross Profit Other net operating income/(expenses) Administrative expenses / Selling & Marketing expenses Income/(Losses) from Investments in Associates Profit from operations (Losses)/ gain of financial instruments Net financial income / (loss) Profit before tax	Greece 163.984.933 (4.724.523) 159.260.410 14.364.187 2.093.932 (12.332.881) 9.014.493 13.139.731 100.588 (8.116.381) 5.123.938	Markets 175.776.896 175.776.896 15.443.927 (55.779) (7.845.722) (193.455) 7.348.970 - (6.013.340)	339.761.829 (4.724.523) 335.037.306 29.808.114 2.038.153 (20.178.604) 8.821.038 20.488.701 100.588 (14.129.720) 6.459.569
Inter-segment sales Net Sales Gross Profit Other net operating income/(expenses) Administrative expenses / Selling & Marketing expenses Income/(Losses) from Investments in Associates Profit from operations (Losses)/ gain of financial instruments Net financial income / (loss) Profit before tax Tax	Greece 163.984.933 (4.724.523) 159.260.410 14.364.187 2.093.932 (12.332.881) 9.014.493 13.139.731 100.588 (8.116.381) 5.123.938 (4.464.384)	Markets 175.776.896 175.776.896 15.443.927 (55.779) (7.845.722) (193.455) 7.348.970 - (6.013.340) 1.335.631	(4.724.523) 335.037.306 29.808.114 2.038.153 (20.178.604) 8.821.038 20.488.701 100.588 (14.129.720) 6.459.569 (4.464.384)

2. Property, Plant and Equipment

GROUP

Cost	Land	Buildings	Machinery & Equipment	Vehicles	Furniture & Fittings	Assets under construction	Total Tangible Assets
Balance 31.12.2011	33.444.562	55.468.825	150.461.144	71.298.948	11.186.058	308.786	322.168.324
Acquisitions during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period Net foreign currency exchange		1.403	244.152	36.999	126.687	15.464	424.705
differences	-	(13.583)	1.569.798	2.107.046	56.120	-	3.719.381
Disposals during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period		262.925	2.571.725	1.533.677	244.863		4.613.190
Balance 30.06.2012	33.444.562	55.193.720	149.703.369	71.909.316	11.124.002	324.250	321.699.220
Accumulated Depreciation							
Balance 31.12.2011	-	14.383.478	87.665.109	42.507.023	9.185.948	2.625	153.744.183
Depreciation charge for the 1.1-30.06.2012 period	-	1.088.450	5.948.752	2.566.408	389.585	-	9.993.195
Net foreign currency exchange differences	-	125.166	1.840.839	956.432	42.514	-	2.964.951
Disposals during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period		239.849	1.052.696	809.601	234.749		2.336.895
Balance 30.06.2012	-	15.357.245	94.402.004	45.220.262	9.383.298	2.625	164.365.434
Net Book Value							
Balance 30.06.2012	33.444.562	39.836.475	55.301.366	26.689.054	1.740.704	321.625	157.333.786
Balance 31.12.2011	33.444.562	41.085.347	62.796.036	28.791.926	2.000.110	306.161	168.424.141

COMPANY							
Cost	Land	Buildings	Machinery & Equipment	Vehicles	Furniture & Fittings	Assets under construction	Total Tangible Assets
Balance 31.12.2011	13.200.307	27.396.956	74.526.719	23.337.504	4.431.619	-	142.893.105
Acquisitions during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period	-		83.311	413	74.229	11.430	169.383
Net foreign currency exchange differences	-	-	-	(273)	(481)	-	(754)
Disposals during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period			30.820	137.411	18.652		186.883
Balance 30.06.2012	13.200.307	27.396.956	74.579.210	23.200.233	4.486.715	11.430	142.874.851
Accumulated Depreciation							
Balance 31.12.2011	-	5.181.921	44.478.824	17.569.001	3.768.938	-	70.998.686
Depreciation charge for the 1.1-30.06.2012 period	-	432.844	2.929.903	959.227	134.294		4.456.268
Net foreign currency exchange differences	-	-	-	(273)	(435)	-	(708)
Disposals during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period	_	_	21 117	120 345	14 270	_	164.732
•		5 614 765					75.289.514
Balance 30.00.2012	-	5.014.705	47.367.010	10.370.010	3.000.327	-	75.267.514
Net Book Value							
Balance 30.06.2012	13.200.307	21.782.191	27.191.600	4.801.623	598.188	11.430	67.585.337
Balance 31.12.2011	13.200.307	22.215.035	30.047.895	5.768.503	662.680	-	71.894.418
period Balance 30.06.2012 Net Book Value Balance 30.06.2012						11.430	75.289. 67.585.

The Group and the Company apply the revaluation model.

Fixed assets are valued at the fair value. Fair value has has been estimated by the management. There are no impairement losses in the value of the fixes assets.

3. Investment Property

<u>-</u>	GROUP			CC	OMPANY	
	Land	Buildings	Total	Land	Buildings	Total
Cost						
Balance 31.12.2011	21.313.304	1.090.915	22.404.219	1.127.634	144.102	1.271.736
Acquisitions during the 1.1-	120 147	212 201	251 440			
30.06.2012 period	138.147	213.301	351.448	(440.050)	-	-
Appropriations	(144.798)	110.350	(34.448)	(110.350)	110.350	-
Disposals during the 1.1- 30.06.2012 period	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u>-</u> _		
Balance 30.06.2012	21.306.653	1.414.566	22.721.219	1.017.284	254.452	1.271.736
Accumulated Depreciation						
Balance 31.12.2011	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation charge for the 1.1-30.06.2012 period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Appropriations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals during the 1.1- 30.06.2012 period			<u>-</u>	<u>- </u>		
Balance 30.06.2012	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Book Value						
Balance 30.06.2012	21.306.653	1.414.566	22.721.219	1.017.284	254.452	1.271.736
Balance 31.12.2011	21.313.304	1.090.915	22.404.219	1.127.634	144.102	1.271.736

4. Intangible Assets

GROUP

<u>Cost</u>	Software	Other intangible Assets	TOTAL
Balance 31.12.2011 Acquisitions during the 1.1-30.06.2012	2.731.418	7.000.000	9.731.418
period	19.395	-	19.395
Net foreign currency exchange differences	3.459	-	3.459
Disposals during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period	4.465	<u> </u>	4.465
Balance 30.06.2012	2.749.807	7.000.000	9.749.807
Accumulated Depreciation			
Balance 31.12.2011	2.395.375	600.000	2.995.375
Amortisation charge for the 1.1-30.06.2012 period	97.938	100.000	197.938
Net foreign currency exchange differences	2.548		2.548
Disposals during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period	3.815		3.815
Balance 30.06.2012	2.492.046	700.000	3.192.046
Net Book Value			
Balance 30.06.2012	257.761	6.300.000	6.557.761
Balance 31.12.2011	336.043	6.400.000	6.736.043
COMPANY			
COMPANY	Software	Other intangible Assets	TOTAL
Cost	Software 2.123.694		TOTAL 2.123.694
<u>Cost</u>			
Cost Balance 31.12.2011 Acquisitions during the 1.1-30.06.2012	2.123.694		2.123.694
Cost Balance 31.12.2011 Acquisitions during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period	2.123.694		2.123.694
Cost Balance 31.12.2011 Acquisitions during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period Net foreign currency exchange differences	2.123.694 11.294		2.123.694 11.294 -
Cost Balance 31.12.2011 Acquisitions during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period Net foreign currency exchange differences Disposals during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period	2.123.694 11.294 149		2.123.694 11.294 - 149
Cost Balance 31.12.2011 Acquisitions during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period Net foreign currency exchange differences Disposals during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period Balance 30.06.2012 Accumulated Depreciation Balance 31.12.2011	2.123.694 11.294 149		2.123.694 11.294 - 149
Balance 31.12.2011 Acquisitions during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period Net foreign currency exchange differences Disposals during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period Balance 30.06.2012 Accumulated Depreciation	2.123.694 11.294 149 2.134.839		2.123.694 11.294 - 149 2.134.839
Cost Balance 31.12.2011 Acquisitions during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period Net foreign currency exchange differences Disposals during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period Balance 30.06.2012 Accumulated Depreciation Balance 31.12.2011 Amortisation charge for the 1.1-30.06.2012	2.123.694 11.294 149 2.134.839		2.123.694 11.294 - 149 2.134.839
Balance 31.12.2011 Acquisitions during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period Net foreign currency exchange differences Disposals during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period Balance 30.06.2012 Accumulated Depreciation Balance 31.12.2011 Amortisation charge for the 1.1-30.06.2012 period	2.123.694 11.294 149 2.134.839		2.123.694 11.294 - 149 2.134.839
Balance 31.12.2011 Acquisitions during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period Net foreign currency exchange differences Disposals during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period Balance 30.06.2012 Accumulated Depreciation Balance 31.12.2011 Amortisation charge for the 1.1-30.06.2012 period Net foreign currency exchange differences	2.123.694 11.294 149 2.134.839 1.884.292 65.005		2.123.694 11.294 - 149 2.134.839 1.884.292 65.005
Balance 31.12.2011 Acquisitions during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period Net foreign currency exchange differences Disposals during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period Balance 30.06.2012 Accumulated Depreciation Balance 31.12.2011 Amortisation charge for the 1.1-30.06.2012 period Net foreign currency exchange differences Disposals during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period	2.123.694 11.294 149 2.134.839 1.884.292 65.005		2.123.694 11.294 - 149 2.134.839 1.884.292 65.005 - 143
Balance 31.12.2011 Acquisitions during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period Net foreign currency exchange differences Disposals during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period Balance 30.06.2012 Accumulated Depreciation Balance 31.12.2011 Amortisation charge for the 1.1-30.06.2012 period Net foreign currency exchange differences Disposals during the 1.1-30.06.2012 period Balance 30.06.2012	2.123.694 11.294 149 2.134.839 1.884.292 65.005		2.123.694 11.294 - 149 2.134.839 1.884.292 65.005 - 143

5. Clients and other receivables

	GRO	UP	COMPANY		
	30.6.2012	31.12.2011	30.6.2012	31.12.2011	
Clients Receivables from associates /subsidiaries	253.571.284	211.651.137	139.927.633	104.567.642	
/participating interests	23.291.673	25.157.341	100.548.755	120.217.804	
Other receivables	100.338.743	96.205.999	36.240.647	23.435.174	
	377.201.700	333.014.477	276.717.036	248.220.620	

The account «Other receivables» of ATHENA SA includes the following:

a) The amount of €16,470 thousand pertains to a claim against the shareholders of TECHNIKI ENOSI SA, which was absorbed by ATHENA SA at an earlier time, and was ordered by decision #21/2005 of the Court of Arbitration on 10.06.2005. Following the issue of that decision, the shareholders of TECHNIKI ENOSI SA appealed on 30.08.2005 to the Athens Court of Appeal against decision #21/2005 on grounds of non-existence, and the appeal was presented to court on 19.01.2006. The Athens Court of Appeal issued decision #2471/2006 which dismissed the appeal submitted by the shareholders of TECHNIKI ENOSI SA and ratified decision #21/2005 of the Court of Arbitration. A new appeal was placed and presented as case #31 on 15.10.2007 to Section A1 of the Supreme Court, where the proposal presented by the judges pointed to dismissing the appeal. A 2nd degree Court of Athens also dismissed with its decision #985/2007 a separate appeal submitted on 15.02.2006 by the shareholders of TECHNIKI ENOSI SA against decision #21/2005 of the Court of Arbitration.

The shareholders of TECHNIKI ENOSI SA filed yet another appeal at the Supreme Court, asking the elimination of that decision, but was dismissed by decision #1334/2008 of the Supreme Court. A third appeal was filed against the arbitration decision and was rejected by decision #6879/2010 of the Court of Appeal. To secure its claim, the Company foreclosed every asset of the shareholders who guaranteed their balance sheet of TECHNIKI ENOSI SA at the time of its absorption by ATHENA SA, up to a value of€21.900 thousand.

The Company is in the process of execution of its claim against all property items of the shareholders of TECHNIKI ENOSI SA.

With its decision #5752/2010, the Athens Single-Judge Court of First Instance imposed a halt in the execution of the court order, according to article 938 of the Criminal Law Code, until the final decision is issued on the appeal against the execution process, to be presented to court in March 2013. The decision is erroneous because it accepts the claim that Company makes unlawful use of its right to execute the order, an issue which has been raised repeatedly in the past and has always been rejected. On 31.03.2011, the Company asked the Athens Single-Judge Court of First Instance to revoke its decision , thereby opening the way to continue the execution of the order. This recall request was rejected, therefore the execution of the order will be reconsidered in March 2013, as part of the ordinary recall process.

b) The amount of €4.376 thousand pertains to a claim against the shareholders of METTEM SA, which was absorbed by ATHENA SA at an earlier time, as part of their liabilities as guarantors. To secure those claims, a first-degree Court of Athens ruled with decision #7945/10.10.2003 the foreclosure of all mobile assets and property to a maximum value of €8,000 thousand. On 27.02.2008, a suit for financial compensation was debated at a different Court of Athens against those shareholders and the decision was in favour of ATHENA SA. The plaintiffs appealled against that decision, which was already postponed twice and was scheduled to be judged on 01.12.2011, but was once more postponed due to a strike

In the event of a positive outcome of this litigation case for the Company, management intends to proceed immediately with the impounding of all assets (valuables, property, securities, or in custody of third parties) of the shareholders, whether they have been foreclosed or not. The management of the Company estimates that the value of the approved claims may be fully recovered.

Management cannot assess the timing of collection of claims under litigation, nevertheless those claims are included in the accounts at impaired valued as per the International Accounting Standards.

6. Cash and cash equivalent

	GRU	UP	COMPANY	
	30.6.2012	31.12.2011	30.6.2012	31.12.2011
Cash in hand	529.600	403.681	55.884	29.134
Cash at bank	55.336.523	91.758.006	8.163.761	27.313.276
	55.866.123	92.161.687	8.219.645	27.342.410

7. Share capital

	GRO	UP	COMPANY		
	30.6.2012	31.12.2011	30.6.2012	31.12.2011	
Paid up share capital (77.654.850 Shares of \in 0.58)	45.039.813	45.039.813	45.039.813	45.039.813	
Share premium account	146.676.671	146.676.671	146.676.671	146.676.671	
	191.716.484	191.716.484	191.716.484	191.716.484	

8. Cash flow hedging reserve

GRO	OUP
30.06.2012	31.12.2011
(32.224.652)	(26.882.024)
(32.224.652)	(26.882.024)

The Cashflow hedging reserves are about the following:

	Proportion of	Proportion of the
	the group	group
Aegean Motorway S.A.	(31.547.258)	(26.204.630)
Other	(677.394)	(677.394)
	(32.224.652)	(26.882.024)

The companies have entered interest rate swap deals. The effective portion of the cash flow hedging process was recorded directly into their Equity through their Table of Changes in Equity (as per IAS). The ineffective portion of the profit/loss was recorded in their income statement. Therefore, the Group consolidates its proportion directly into its Equity, in accordance with IAS 28.

9. Bank overdrafts and loans

	GRO	UP	COMPANY		
	30.6.2012	31.12.2011	30.6.2012	31.12.2011	
Short-term Loans	309.315.973	298.364.489	206.722.555	192.584.700	
Debenture Long-term Payables	223.977.114	233.450.635	216.094.197	218.450.635	
Long - Term Loans	14.595.698	13.253.277			
	547.888.785	545.068.402	422.816.752	411.035.335	

10. Other provisions and non-current liabilities

	GRO	UP	COMPANY				
	30.6.2012	31.12.2011	30.6.2012	31.12.2011			
Other provisions	3.655.559	1.915.087	2.710.596	922.316			
Non-current liabilities - Prepayments	26.526.555	18.162.748	26.523.077	18.159.270			
	30.182.114	20.077.835	29.233.673	19.081.586			

Advances from clients mostly relate to Concession Projects (Malliakos Kleidi, Korinthos Patras). Due to the halt in those projects, with no decision out yet on the re-start of works, all short-term liabilities (prepayments), have been re-classified as long-term liabilities, hence the significant increase (46%) since 2011, both at Group and Company level.

A number of litigation claims against the Group are pending and their final outcome cannot be foreseen at this point. Therefore no provision was made for the Group. It is our view that any claims collected following a Court Order will not change appreciably the Groups Equity.

11. Trade and other payables

	GRO	UP	COMPANY				
	30.6.2012	31.12.2011	30.6.2012	31.12.2011			
Trade payables	250.505.483	240.092.397	93.701.511	83.137.246			
Advances from clients	53.610.863	61.156.249	12.952.651	17.448.098			
Other current payables	40.186.701	44.759.447	35.144.533	38.457.948			
	344.303.047	346.008.094	141.798.695	139.043.292			

12. Memorandum accounts - Contingent liabilities

	GROUP	COMPANY
	30.6.2012	30.6.2012
Letters of Guarantee	681.309.411	414.257.464
Other memorandum accounts	10.067.395	9.053.659
	691.376.806	423.311.123

13. Encumbrances - Concessions of Receivables

On 30/06/2012 encumbrances valued at \leq 14.280 thousands on the property of subsidiaries of the Group were outstanding to secure bank loans.

14. Transactions with related parties

The cumulative sales and purchases from the start of the current period, along with the balance of receivables and payables of the Group and the Company at the end of the current period, arising from transactions with related parties as per IAS 24, are as follows:

(all amounts in € thousands)

Group

	Income	Expenses	Receivables	Payables
PYRAMIS	0	Expenses	146	89
ELIX			7	
ATTIKES DIADROMES SA			81	
OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA	107		67	
GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA	21		196	
AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA	25		239	
POLISPARK SA CYCLADES ENERGY CENTER SA			9	
AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK			14	
VOLTERRA SA			15	248
HELLINIKON ENTERTAINMENT AND SPORT PARKS				
SA (KANOE - KAJAK)			338	
5N .			63	
3G			95	
STARWARE			4.600	
ORIOL			823	
STACY INVESTMENTS SP.ZO.O. DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX S.A. JOINT VENTURE			34 204	
NATIONAL WHEEL-J&P-AVAX J/V - DUBAI			2.627	
J&P-AVAX QATAR WLL			9	
J&P (O) LTD-GUERNSEY				53
J&P (UK) LTD LONDON				22
JOHANNOY-PARASKEVAIDES ENERGY			45	
VAKON SA			347	
ATHENA MICHANIKI OF	1		76	
ATHENA MICHANIKI OE LIMASSOL MARINA LTD	1		435 487	
VIOENERGEIA SA	1		1	
OLYMPIA ODOS SA	34		471	162
Executives and members of the Board		803_	50_	466
	190	803	11.480	1.038
Company				
	_	_		
ETETH SA	Income	Expenses	Receivables	Payables
ETETH SA TASK IRP AVAY SA		85	9.266	3.149
TASK J&P AVAX SA	Income		9.266 286	
		85	9.266	3.149
TASK J&P AVAX SA J&P-AVAX IKTEO	12	85 1.814	9.266 286 1.254	3.149
TASK J&P AVAX SA J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA	12 1	85 1.814	9.266 286 1.254 1.840 64 39.959	3.149 2.067 30 504
TASK J&P AVAX SA J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION	12 1 18 86	85 1.814 224	9.266 286 1.254 1.840 64	3.149 2.067 30 504 87
TASK J&P AVAX SA J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL	12 1 18	85 1.814	9.266 286 1.254 1.840 64 39.959	3.149 2.067 30 504 87 52
TASK J&P AVAX SA J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL PYRAMIS	12 1 18 86 1	85 1.814 224	9.266 286 1.254 1.840 64 39.959	3.149 2.067 30 504 87
TASK J&P AVAX SA J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL PYRAMIS ATHENS MARINA	12 1 18 86	85 1.814 224	9.266 286 1.254 1.840 64 39.959 197	3.149 2.067 30 504 87 52
TASK J&P AVAX SA J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL PYRAMIS ATHENS MARINA ELIX	12 1 18 86 1	85 1.814 224	9.266 286 1.254 1.840 64 39.959 197	3.149 2.067 30 504 87 52
TASK J&P AVAX SA J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL PYRAMIS ATHENS MARINA	12 1 18 86 1	85 1.814 224	9.266 286 1.254 1.840 64 39.959 197	3.149 2.067 30 504 87 52
TASK J&P AVAX SA J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL PYRAMIS ATHENS MARINA ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK	12 1 18 86 1	85 1.814 224	9.266 286 1.254 1.840 64 39.959 197	3.149 2.067 30 504 87 52
TASK J&P AVAX SA J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL PYRAMIS ATHENS MARINA ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK ATTIKES DIADROMES SA	12 1 18 86 1 20	85 1.814 224	9.266 286 1.254 1.840 64 39.959 197	3.149 2.067 30 504 87 52
TASK J&P AVAX SA J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL PYRAMIS ATHENS MARINA ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK ATTIKES DIADROMES SA OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA	12 1 18 86 1 20	85 1.814 224	9.266 286 1.254 1.840 64 39.959 197 70 7 14 81 67 471	3.149 2.067 30 504 87 52 89
TASK J&P AVAX SA J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL PYRAMIS ATHENS MARINA ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK ATTIKES DIADROMES SA OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA	12 1 18 86 1 20	85 1.814 224	9.266 286 1.254 1.840 64 39.959 197 70 7 14 81 67 471 117 234	3.149 2.067 30 504 87 52 89
TASK J&P AVAX SA J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL PYRAMIS ATHENS MARINA ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK ATTIKES DIADROMES SA OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA POLISPARK SA	12 1 18 86 1 20	85 1.814 224	9.266 286 1.254 1.840 64 39.959 197 70 7 14 81 67 471 117 234	3.149 2.067 30 504 87 52 89
TASK J&P AVAX SA J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL PYRAMIS ATHENS MARINA ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK ATTIKES DIADROMES SA OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA	12 1 18 86 1 20	85 1.814 224	9.266 286 1.254 1.840 64 39.959 197 70 7 14 81 67 471 117 234	3.149 2.067 30 504 87 52 89
TASK J&P AVAX SA J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL PYRAMIS ATHENS MARINA ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK ATTIKES DIADROMES SA OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA POLISPARK SA VOLTERRA SA	12 1 18 86 1 20	85 1.814 224	9.266 286 1.254 1.840 64 39.959 197 70 7 14 81 67 471 117 234	3.149 2.067 30 504 87 52 89
TASK J&P AVAX SA J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL PYRAMIS ATHENS MARINA ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK ATTIKES DIADROMES SA OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA POLISPARK SA VOLTERRA SA HELLINIKON ENTERTAINMENT AND SPORT PARKS	12 1 18 86 1 20	85 1.814 224	9.266 286 1.254 1.840 64 39.959 197 70 7 14 81 67 471 117 234 9	3.149 2.067 30 504 87 52 89
TASK J&P AVAX SA J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL PYRAMIS ATHENS MARINA ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK ATTIKES DIADROMES SA OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA POLISPARK SA VOLTERRA SA HELLINIKON ENTERTAINMENT AND SPORT PARKS SA (KANOE - KAJAK) DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX S.A. JOINT VENTURE NATIONAL WHEEL-J&P-AVAX J/V - DUBAI	12 1 18 86 1 20	85 1.814 224	9.266 286 1.254 1.840 64 39.959 197 70 7 14 81 67 471 117 234 9 15	3.149 2.067 30 504 87 52 89
TASK J&P AVAX SA J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL PYRAMIS ATHENS MARINA ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK ATTIKES DIADROMES SA OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA POLISPARK SA VOLTERRA SA HELLINIKON ENTERTAINMENT AND SPORT PARKS SA (KANOE - KAJAK) DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX J./V - DUBAI J&P(O) -J&P-AVAX J/V - QATAR	12 1 18 86 1 20	85 1.814 224	9.266 286 1.254 1.840 64 39.959 197 70 7 14 81 67 471 117 234 9 15	3.149 2.067 30 504 87 52 89
TASK J&P AVAX SA J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL PYRAMIS ATHENS MARINA ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK ATTIKES DIADROMES SA OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA POLISPARK SA VOLTERRA SA HELLINIKON ENTERTAINMENT AND SPORT PARKS SA (KANOE - KAJAK) DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX J.V - DUBAI J&P(O) -J&P-AVAX J/V - QATAR J&P-AVAX QATAR WLL	12 1 18 86 1 20	85 1.814 224	9.266 286 1.254 1.840 64 39.959 197 70 7 14 81 67 471 117 234 9 15	3.149 2.067 30 504 87 52 89
TASK J&P AVAX SA J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL PYRAMIS ATHENS MARINA ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK ATTIKES DIADROMES SA OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA POLISPARK SA VOLTERRA SA HELLINIKON ENTERTAINMENT AND SPORT PARKS SA (KANOE - KAJAK) DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX J.V - DUBAI J&P(O) -J&P-AVAX J.V - QATAR J&P-AVAX QATAR WLL J/V J&P-AVAX - J&PARASKEVAIDES OV.LTD	12 1 18 86 1 20	85 1.814 224	9.266 286 1.254 1.840 64 39.959 197 70 7 14 81 67 471 117 234 9 15	3.149 2.067 30 504 87 52 89
TASK J&P AVAX SA J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL PYRAMIS ATHENS MARINA ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK ATTIKES DIADROMES SA OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA POLISPARK SA VOLTERRA SA HELLINIKON ENTERTAINMENT AND SPORT PARKS SA (KANOE - KAJAK) DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX S.A. JOINT VENTURE NATIONAL WHEEL-J&P-AVAX J/V - DUBAI J&P(O) -J&P-AVAX J/V - QATAR J&P-AVAX QATAR WLL J/V J&P-AVAX - J&PARASKEVAIDES OV.LTD (JORDAN)	12 1 18 86 1 20	85 1.814 224	9.266 286 1.254 1.840 64 39.959 197 70 7 14 81 67 471 117 234 9 15 338 204 2.627 710 9	3.149 2.067 30 504 87 52 89
TASK J&P AVAX SA J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL PYRAMIS ATHENS MARINA ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK ATTIKES DIADROMES SA OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA POLISPARK SA VOLTERRA SA VOLTERRA SA HELLINIKON ENTERTAINMENT AND SPORT PARKS SA (KANOE - KAJAK) DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX S.A. JOINT VENTURE NATIONAL WHEEL-J&P-AVAX J/V - DUBAI J&P(O) -J&P-AVAX J/V - QATAR J&P-AVAX QATAR WLL J/V J&P-AVAX - J&PARASKEVAIDES OV.LTD (JORDAN) JOHANNOY-PARASKEVAIDES ENERGY	12 1 18 86 1 20	85 1.814 224	9.266 286 1.254 1.840 64 39.959 197 70 7 14 81 67 471 117 234 9 15	3.149 2.067 30 504 87 52 89
TASK J&P AVAX SA J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL PYRAMIS ATHENS MARINA ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK ATTIKES DIADROMES SA OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA POLISPARK SA VOLTERRA SA HELLINIKON ENTERTAINMENT AND SPORT PARKS SA (KANOE - KAJAK) DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX S.A. JOINT VENTURE NATIONAL WHEEL-J&P-AVAX J/V - DUBAI J&P(O) -J&P-AVAX J/V - QATAR J&P-AVAX QATAR WLL J/V J&P-AVAX - J&PARASKEVAIDES OV.LTD (JORDAN)	12 1 18 86 1 20	85 1.814 224	9.266 286 1.254 1.840 64 39.959 197 70 7 14 81 67 471 117 234 9 15 338 204 2.627 710 9	3.149 2.067 30 504 87 52 89
TASK J&P AVAX SA J&P-AVAX IKTEO PROET J&P DEVELOPMENT ATHENA E-CONSTRUCTION MONDO TRAVEL PYRAMIS ATHENS MARINA ELIX AG.NIKOLAOS CAR PARK ATTIKES DIADROMES SA OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS OPERATIONS SA OLYMPIA ODOS SA GEFYRA OPERATIONS SA AEGEAN MOTORWAY SA POLISPARK SA VOLTERRA SA HELLINIKON ENTERTAINMENT AND SPORT PARKS SA (KANOE - KAJAK) DRAGADOS - J&P-AVAX J.V - DUBAI J&P(O) -J&P-AVAX J.V - QATAR J&P-AVAX QATAR WLL J/V J&P-AVAX - J&PARASKEVAIDES OV.LTD (JORDAN) JOHANNOY-PARASKEVAIDES ENERGY J&P (O) LTD - GUERNSEY	12 1 18 86 1 20 107	85 1.814 224	9.266 286 1.254 1.840 64 39.959 197 70 7 14 81 67 471 117 234 9 15 338 204 2.627 710 9	3.149 2.067 30 504 87 52 89 146 248 22

15. Important Developments past the Balance Sheet Date

- Negotiations are currently proceeding among the concessionaries, the lending bank syndicate and the Greek State over two large concession projects (Olympia Odos and Aegean Motorway) the Group participates in. The talks are aimed at renegotiating the contract terms to remove problems relating to land appropriation and project studies causing delays in works that have triggered a temporary halt in bank financing. The Greek State has exhibited its intention to structure the renegotiation of the contracts to allow flexibility in setting toll rates at road sections under construction, without affecting the overall financial return of the concessionaires throughout the full life of the contracts.
- The Group participates in the consortium which signed on 01.03.2012 with Athens Metro a contract for the construction of the Haidari-Piraeus section as an extension to Line 3. J&P- AVAX commands 65% in the main construction project , worth a total of \in 344 million and carrying a 36-month deadline, as well as 100% of related ElectroMechanical works budgeted at \in 91 million with a 24-month deadline.

No other post-balance sheet events took place concerning the Group of the Company requiring an explicit reference under the International Accounting Standards.

The above financial statements that are consisted of 52 pages, are these which our audit report dated 30.08.2012 refers to.

Athens, August 30th 2012
The Certified Public Accountant

Antonios I. Anastasopoulos S.O.E.L. R. N. 33821

INTERNATIONAL Certified & Registered Auditors A.E.

81 Patission Street & 8 Heyden Street Athens GR-10434 S.O.E.L. R.N. 111



J&P - AVAX S.A.

Number 14303/06/B/86/26 in the register of Societes Anonymes

16 Amarousiou-Halandriou Street ,Marousi 15125 ,Greece

Figures and Information for the period of 1 January 2012 until 30 June 2012
(according to 4/507/28.4.2009 resolution of Greek Capital Committee)

The figures and information illustrated below aim to provide a summary view of the financial position and results of J&P-AVAX S.A. and its subsidiaries. Before making any investment decision or any other transaction concerning the company we advise the reader to visit the company's web site (www.jp-avax.gr) which presents the detailed financial statements according to International Financial Reporting Standards, along with the auditor's report when is required

Web Site: www.jp-avax.gr 29 August 2012 $Board\ of\ directors\ approval\ date$

Public Certified Accountant: Auditing Firm: Type of Auditor's Review Report: Antonios I. Anastasopoulos (S.O.E.L. R.N. 33821) International Certified & Registered Auditors A.E. (S.O.E.L. R.N. 111) Unqualified Opinion

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Amounts in € thousand)				CONDENSED STATEMENT OF TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Amounts in € thousand)									
	GROUP		COMPAN	Υ			GR	OUP			сом	PANY	
	30/6/2012	31/12/2011	30/6/2012	31/12/2011		1/1-30/06/2012	1/1-30/06/2011	1/4-30/6/2012	1/4/30/6/2011	1/1-30/06/2012	1/1-30/06/2011	1/4-30/6/2012	1/4-30/6/2011
<u>ASSETS</u>													
Tangible assets Investment properties	157.334 22.721	168.424 22.404	67.585 1.272 186	71.894 1.272	Turnover	231.817	335.037	112.613	167.386	99.843	153.547	54.045	77.616
Intangible assets Available for sale investments Other non current assets	46.496 115.330 231.525	46.674 112.913 228.437	422.322 167.511	239 414.188 165.638	Cost of sales Gross profit	(206.630) 25.187	(305.229) 29.808	(100.329) 12.284	(154.903) 12.483	(79.936) 19.907	(128.801) 24.746	(45.841) 8.204	(65.485) 12.131
Inventories Trade receivables	30.708 502.362	32.853 466.419	8.044 280.936	8.631 244.519	Other net operating income/(expense) Administrative expenses	(1.236) (16.613)	2.038 (17.429)	(903) (8.827)	1.352 (9.134)	324 (9.941)	(94) (11.313)	915 (5.235)	(525) (5.109)
Other current assets Cash and cash equivalents	123.630 55.866	121.363 92.162	136.789 8.220	143.653 27.342	Selling & Marketing expenses Income/(Losses) from Associates/Participations	(2.437) 6.352	(2.750) 8.821	(1.309) 1.455	(1.333) 4.087	(1.990) 2.826	(2.045) 2.785	(1.050) (3.554)	(1.035) 2.785
TOTAL ASSETS	1.285.972	1.291.650	1.092.864	1.077.377	Profit before tax, financial & investment results	11.253	20.489	2.699	7.455	11.126	14.078	(720)	8.247
					Net finance costs	(15.317)	(14.029)	(7.700)	(8.029)	(11.771)	(9.380)	(6.042)	(5.436)
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					Profit/ (Loss) before tax	(4.063)	6.460	(5.001)	(573)	(645)	4.698	(6.762)	2.811
Share Capital Share premium account	45.040 146.677	45.040 146.677	45.040 146.677	45.040 146.677	Income tax expense	(4.918)	(4.464)	(2.252)	(295)	(40)	(1.104)	28	(66)
Other equity items Share capital and reserves (a)	103.724 295.440	118.203 309.919	241.635 433.352	247.440 439.156	Profit/(Loss) after tax (a)	(8.981)	1.995	(7.253)	(868)	(685)	3.594	(6.734)	2.745
Non-controlling interests (b) Total Equity (c)=(a)+(b)	11.374 306.815	13.177 323.096	433.352	439.156	Attributable to:								
Long-term loans Provisions and other long-term liabilities	238.573 74.718	246.704 61.571	216.094 88.236	218.451 78.314	Equity holders of the parent Non-controlling interests	(7.205) (1.776)	2.806 (811)	(6.551) (702)	(14) (854)	(685)	3.594	(6.734)	2.745
Short-term borrowings Other short-term liabilities	309.316 356.551	298.364 361.914	206.723 148.460	192.585 148.871	Other comprehensive income net of tax (b)	(8.981) (7.311)	1.995 650	(7.253) 5.357	(868) (446)	(685) (5.119)	3.594 3.453	(6.734) (4.701)	2.745 1.878
Total liabilities (d)	979.157	968.554	659.512	638.221	Total comprehensive income net of tax (a)+(b)	(16.292)	2.645	(1.896)	(1.314)	(5.804)	7.047	(11.435)	4.623
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY AND LIABILITIES (c)+(d)	1.285.972	1.291.650	1.092.864	1.077.377	Attributable to:	(18.071)	3.846	(4.751)	49	(5.804)	7.047	(11.435)	4.623
										(5.004)	7.047	(11.435)	4.023
CONDENSED STATE	MENT OF CHANGES IN EQUIT	<u>Y</u>			Non-controlling interests	1.779	(1.201)	2.855	(1.363)				-
(Amounts in € thousand)	CROUR		COMPANI	v	Not profit // occ) per phere hasis (in C	(0.0038)	0.0264	(0.0944)	(0.0003)	(0.0088)	0.0463	(0.0967)	0.0354
	GROUP	30/6/2044	COMPAN'		Net profit/ (Loss) per share - basic (in €) Profit before tax, financial and investment results and	(0,0928)	0,0361	(0,0844)	(0,0002)	(0,0088)	0,0463	(0,0867)	0,0354
		30/6/2011	30/6/2012	30/6/2011	depreciation	21.445	30.768	8.710	12.738	15.647	19.290	7.675	10.580
Equity balance at the beginning of fiscal year (1/1/12 and 1/1/11 respectively) Total comprehensive income after tax	323.096 (16.292)	342.729 2.645	439.156 (5.804)	489.308 7.047									
Other appropriations Dividends paid	10	(466) (3.106)		(3.106)									
Addition/(deduction) of non-controlling interests Equity balance at the end of period (30/6/12 and 30/6/11 respectively)	306.815	341.803	433.352	493.248						(Amounts in			
(2004)											· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
								1/1-30/06/2012				1/1-30/06/2012	_
								1/1-30/06/2012	1/1-30/06/2011			1/1-30/06/2012	i/1-30/06/2011
					Operating Activities								
TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (ar	mounts in€ thousand)				Profit/ (Loss) before tax			(4.063)	6.460			(645)	4.698
		COMPANY /1-30/06/2012			Trong (2000) Botore and			(4.500)	0.400			(010)	4.000
a) Income b) Expenses	190	8.582 2.165			Adjustments for:								
c) Receivables d) Payables	11.430 572	111.137 13.897			Depreciation			10.191	10.279			4.521	5.212
e) Key management compensations f) Receivables from key management	803 50	364			Exchnage differences Provisions			(1.405) (184)	355 108			(1.258) (200)	225 398
g) Payables to key management	466	-			Interest income			(1.543)	(2.366)			(729)	(1.697)
					Interest expense Impairment of Goodwill			16.616	16.496			12.501	11.077
					Profit/(Loss) from financial instruments Investment results			245 (6.318)	(101) (9.801)			(2.826)	(2.785)
NOTES TO THE AC	CCOUNTS												
1.The accounting policies applied in preparing these Financial Statements are consistent with	th those applied for the Financial Sta	atements at 31.12.201	1.		Change in working capital (Increase)/decrease in inventories			2.145	3.436			(3.949)	2.551
Tax auditing for the Company and the companies of the Group are analysed in note C1 of					(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables			(38.317)	(34.981)			(24.662)	(64.379)
There are ongoing litigation cases with judicial or administrative bodies which are not exp amount for the fiscal years not tax audited as of 30.06.2012 is € 862 thousand for the Group					Increase/(decrease) in payables Interest paid			5.758 (17.347)	(49.402) (15.993)			5.985 (12.982)	(5.108) (10.777)
for the Group and €13.864 thousand for the Company. 4. The companies of the Group , the percentages the Group participates in their share capit					Income taxes paid Cash Flow from Operating Activities (a)			(3.833)	(4.506) (80.017)			(75) (24.319)	(1.606) (62.190)
30/06/2012, are mentioned analytically in note C1 of the Annual Financial Report. 5.The number of employees at the end of the reporting period at Group level is 1.860 persor								,					,
6. Joint Ventures for projects completed and in process of dissolution are not consolidated d	lue to minor materiality effect in the				Investing Activities:								
Ventures are recorded in the Group financial statements through Equity consolidation metho	oa.				Purchase of tangible and intangible assets Proceeds from disposal of tangible and intangible assets			(796) 2.277	(4.563) 488			(181) 22	(2.044) 111
7. Earnings/Losses per share are calculated using the weighted average number of shares	for the period.				(Acquisition)/ Sale of associates, JVs and other investments			(7.567)	(30.760)			(9.411)	(32.217)
8. The proportional consolidation of Joint Ventures by 100% is effectively the same as full co	onsolidation.				Interest received			1.543	1.610			729	941
9. The Board of Directors approved the above financial statements on August 29th , 2012.					Dividends received Cash Flow from Investing Activities (b)			3.486	4.603 (28.622)			2.258 (6.582)	3.306 (29.904)
 Minor differences in sums are due to rounding. Capital expenditure exluding acquisitions for the period of 1/1-30/06/2012 amounted to: 													
 The Generale Directorate of Development approved on 12.03.2012 with its EM-3313/12 renaming of ANEMA SA into PROET SA 	decision the merger of PROET SA	by ANEMA SA. The sa	ame authority also approved	on 22.03.2012 the	Financing Activities								
13. There are no Pledges on the Companie's assets. On 30/06/2012 encumbranches valued	at € 14.280 thousand on the proper	ty of subdiaries of the	Group were outstanding to s	secure bank loans	Proceeds (Payments) from loans			2.820	65.079			11.781	63.469
								2.820	65.079				63.469
14. The other comprehensive income after tax for the Group and the Company are as follows:	ws:				Dividends paid Cash Flow from Financing Activities (c) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (a)+(b)+(c)			2.818	(24) 65.054 (43.584)			(3) 11.779 (19.123)	63.445 (28.648)
GROUP 1/1-30/06/12 1/1-30/06/	COMPANY 11 1/1-30/06/12	1/1-30/06/11			Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period			92.162 55.866	125.379 81.795			27.342 8.220	55.956 27.307
	259 -				,								
Translation differences of subsidiaries abroad	.061) (5.119)	1.479											
	(80) -	1.479											
	958 -	2.467											
	(428) - 650 (5.119)	(493) 3.453											
15. None of the Companie's shares are held by the Company itself or any of its gr			eriod										
 A 12,09% equity stake in subsidiary SYPRO SA was sold on 20.06.2012, reducing total 				an									
subsidiary in Group accounts and is consolidated on an equity basis.	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,											
					<u> </u>								
					Maroussi, August 29th 2012								
	EPUTY PRESIDENT & CUTIVE DIRECTOR		MANAGING DIREC	TOR				GROU	JP CFO			CHIEF ACC	DUNTANT
EAE	SINEOTON												
	ANTINOS VOLDIADAS		KONOTANITARA	F741 IC				AT1 (FA:-	ELIADES			050005	ANITCAC
	ANTINOS KOUVARAS D. No Al 597426		KONSTANTINOS MIT I.D. No. E 54733					ATHENA I.D. No. 9				GEORGE I I.D. No. N	